SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1278

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By House General Government & Information Technology (originally sponsored by Representatives Fitzgibbon, Dunshee, Farrell, S. Hunt, Peterson, Fey, and Tarleton)

AN ACT Relating to building energy use disclosure requirements; amending RCW 19.27A.140, 19.27A.170, 43.21B.110, and 43.21B.110; adding new sections to chapter 19.27A RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that reducing the energy use of buildings is an important component of the state's 8 effort to meet its greenhouse gas emissions reduction obligations 9 required by state law. Recent analysis considered by the 2014 climate 10 11 change task force established by executive order indicates that more 12 than one-third of the state's greenhouse qas emissions are 13 attributable to sources that are associated with building energy use: 14 Electricity generation and residential, commercial, and industrial uses of oil, coal, and natural gas. 15

16 (2) The establishment of meaningful, enforceable requirements for 17 buildings to disclose their energy use data creates an important 18 signal to building owners, prospective building owners, tenants, and 19 others in real estate markets about the true environmental and 20 financial costs associated with the use of that building. The 21 disclosure of this information allows real estate market participants

1 to make decisions that will save them money by lowering their utility bills and can provide an important incentive for real estate market 2 3 participants to invest in emissions-reducing and energy-saving upgrades. Real-world experience confirms that the addition 4 of building energy use information to real estate markets provides 5 б incentive for buildings to lower their energy use and associated greenhouse gas emissions: Analysis by the United States environmental 7 protection agency has shown that commercial buildings 8 that participate in a benchmarking program achieve a seven percent 9 reduction in energy use over their first three years in the program. 10 11 By simply providing information to real estate markets through required disclosure, the state will achieve substantial greenhouse 12 gas emission reductions by reducing the energy use of buildings. 13

In 2009, the legislature established requirements that 14 (3) certain nonresidential building owners maintain information about 15 16 their building energy use at the time of sale. In the years following the 2009 legislature's enactment of the current building energy use 17 18 disclosure requirements, local governments in Washington and 19 elsewhere have built upon the lessons learned from the state's implementation of its groundbreaking benchmarking efforts. 20 These 21 jurisdictions have been able to introduce more complete benchmarking information across their real estate markets by requiring procedures 22 support the consistent submission of building energy use 23 to information, including the establishment of penalties for violations 24 25 of energy use disclosure requirements.

(4) In recognition of the benefits of establishing compliance 26 mechanisms to accompany benchmarking requirements, the state energy 27 28 strategy recommends improvements to the state's benchmarking law. 29 This strategic energy report includes a recommendation that the state receive energy benchmarking data to assess the impact of the program 30 31 and to better ensure statewide compliance with building energy 32 benchmarking requirements. This act moves the state towards meeting 33 the goals laid out in the state energy strategy by encouraging market-wide participation in the energy benchmarking program and by 34 encouraging the consideration of building energy use information 35 36 during market transactions.

37 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 19.27A
 38 RCW to read as follows:

1 (1)(a) The proprietor of each reporting building shall establish 2 a United States environmental protection agency portfolio manager 3 account and shall request that a qualifying utility servicing the 4 reporting building provide the proprietor with energy consumption and 5 energy cost data for all accounts associated with the reporting 6 building. The proprietor shall identify to the qualifying utility the 7 accounts associated with each reporting building.

(b) A proprietor of a reporting building shall disclose the 8 United States environmental protection agency's energy star statement 9 of energy performance produced using a portfolio manager account to a 10 11 prospective buyer, lessee, or lender for the preceding calendar year. 12 A proprietor who delivers the United States environmental protection agency's energy star statement of energy performance to a prospective 13 buyer, lessee, or lender is not required to provide additional 14 information regarding energy consumption and the information is 15 16 deemed to be adequate to inform the prospective buyer, lessee, or 17 lender regarding the United States environmental protection agency's energy star statement of energy performance for each month of the 18 19 preceding calendar year for the building that is being sold, leased, financed, or refinanced. 20

21 (2) By April 1, 2017, and April 1st of each year thereafter, the proprietor of a reporting building must transfer the United States 22 environmental protection agency's energy star portfolio manager 23 building characteristics, energy consumption, and energy cost data 24 25 for each month of the preceding calendar year to the commerce portfolio manager account using the portfolio manager sharing 26 feature. At the time of transfer or within a reasonable time of 27 transferring data, the proprietor may include an explanatory comment 28 29 for each reporting building for the purpose of identifying specific energy variations, such as occupancy variances or high energy use 30 31 tenants. At the time of transfer, the proprietor must indicate to the 32 department if the reporting building is occupied solely by the proprietor or by a single tenant, and if the energy consumption, 33 energy cost, and other benchmarking data of the building relates to 34 35 proprietary commercial activity.

36 (3) If any proprietor of a reporting building discloses 37 information in good faith concerning a building's energy consumption, 38 energy cost, or other benchmarking data in accordance with this 39 chapter, no cause of action shall arise from the disclosure and the

1 proprietor is not liable to others for the disclosure or its
2 consequences.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 19.27A
4 RCW to read as follows:

5 (1) The department shall establish a United States environmental 6 protection agency energy star portfolio manager account to support 7 data sharing transfers from proprietors.

(2)(a) The department shall make publicly available the building 8 9 characteristics, annual energy consumption, energy cost, ratings, and 10 other energy use data of reporting buildings, other than buildings 11 that the proprietor indicates are occupied by the proprietor or by a single tenant and whose energy data relates to proprietary commercial 12 13 activity. The department may not make publicly available building energy consumption, energy cost, or other benchmarking data that 14 15 pertains to buildings occupied solely by the proprietor or by a 16 single tenant and whose energy use relates to proprietary commercial 17 activity, unless that data is aggregated with data from other buildings. 18

(b) For each reporting building, the department shall identify the city, county, and qualifying utility that provides service to the reporting building. The department must periodically update the building characteristics, energy consumption, and energy cost data and ratings that it makes available under this subsection. The department must make any explanatory comments received under section 2(2) of this act publicly available.

(3) Beginning June 1, 2017, and by June 1st of each subsequent
 year, the department shall analyze the data sharing transfers from
 proprietors and other supporting information to determine:

(a) Which reporting buildings in Washington have disclosed and
 transferred the information required by section 2 of this act during
 the preceding calendar year; and

32 (b) Which reporting buildings in Washington have failed to 33 disclose and transfer the information required by section 2 of this 34 act.

(4) If the department makes publicly available reporting building energy consumption, energy cost data, or other benchmarking data or information in good faith in accordance with this chapter, no cause of action shall arise from the disclosure and the department is not liable to others for the disclosure or its consequences.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 19.27A
 RCW to read as follows:

The department is 3 authorized to enforce the disclosure requirements of RCW 19.27A.170 and section 2 of this act. 4 The department is authorized to investigate and determine if a qualifying 5 6 utility or proprietor has not complied with the requirements of RCW 7 19.27A.170 or section 2 of this act. The department shall work with qualifying utilities and proprietors to come into compliance with the 8 9 energy benchmarking requirements of this chapter.

10 Sec. 5. RCW 19.27A.140 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 43 s 245 are each 11 amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply to RCW 19.27A.130 through 13 19.27A.190 ((and)), 19.27A.020, and sections 2, 3, and 4 of this act 14 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Benchmark" means the energy used by a facility as recorded monthly for at least one year and the facility characteristics information inputs required for a portfolio manager <u>account</u>.

18 (2) "Conditioned space" means conditioned space, as defined in 19 the Washington state energy code.

20 (3) "Consumer-owned utility" includes a municipal electric utility formed under Title 35 RCW, a public utility district formed 21 under Title 54 RCW, an irrigation district formed under chapter 87.03 22 RCW, a cooperative formed under chapter 23.86 RCW, a mutual 23 24 corporation or association formed under chapter 24.06 RCW, a port district formed under Title 53 RCW, or a water-sewer district formed 25 under Title 57 RCW, that is engaged in the business of distributing 26 27 electricity to one or more retail electric customers in the state.

28 (4) "Cost-effectiveness" means that a project or resource is 29 forecast:

30 (a) To be reliable and available within the time it is needed; 31 and

32 (b) To meet or reduce the power demand of the intended consumers 33 at an estimated incremental system cost no greater than that of the 34 least-cost similarly reliable and available alternative project or 35 resource, or any combination thereof.

36 (5) "Council" means the state building code council.

37 (6) "Embodied energy" means the total amount of fossil fuel 38 energy consumed to extract raw materials and to manufacture, 39 assemble, transport, and install the materials in a building and the

1 life-cycle cost benefits including the recyclability and energy 2 efficiencies with respect to building materials, taking into account 3 the total sum of current values for the costs of investment, capital, 4 installation, operating, maintenance, and replacement as estimated 5 for the lifetime of the product or project.

6 (7) "Energy consumption data" means the monthly amount of energy 7 consumed by a customer as recorded by the applicable energy meter for 8 the most recent twelve-month period.

9 (8) "Energy service company" has the same meaning as in RCW 10 43.19.670.

11 (9) "Enterprise services" means the department of enterprise 12 services.

13 (10) "Greenhouse gas" and "greenhouse gases" includes carbon 14 dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, 15 perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride.

16 (11) "Investment grade energy audit" means an intensive 17 engineering analysis of energy efficiency and management measures for 18 the facility, net energy savings, and a cost-effectiveness 19 determination.

20 (12) "Investor-owned utility" means a corporation owned by 21 investors that meets the definition of "corporation" as defined in 22 RCW 80.04.010 and is engaged in distributing either electricity or 23 natural gas, or both, to more than one retail electric customer in 24 the state.

(13) "Major facility" means any publicly owned or leased
building, or a group of such buildings at a single site, having ten
thousand square feet or more of conditioned floor space.

(14) "National energy performance rating" means the score provided by the energy star program, to indicate the energy efficiency performance of the building compared to similar buildings in that climate as defined in the United States environmental protection agency "ENERGY STAR® Performance Ratings Technical Methodology."

34 (15) "Net zero energy use" means a building with net energy35 consumption of zero over a typical year.

36 (16) "Portfolio manager" means the United States environmental 37 protection agency's energy star portfolio manager ((or an equivalent 38 tool adopted by the department of enterprise services)).

(17) "Preliminary energy audit" means a quick evaluation by an
 energy service company of the energy savings potential of a building.

(18) "Qualifying public agency" includes all state agencies,
 colleges, and universities.

3 (19) "Qualifying utility" means a consumer-owned or investor4 owned gas or electric utility that serves more than twenty-five
5 thousand customers in the state of Washington.

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(20) "Reporting public facility" means any of the following:

7 (a) A building or structure, or a group of buildings or
8 structures at a single site, owned by a qualifying public agency,
9 that exceed ten thousand square feet of conditioned space;

10 (b) Buildings, structures, or spaces leased by a qualifying 11 public agency that exceeds ten thousand square feet of conditioned 12 space, where the qualifying public agency purchases energy directly 13 from the investor-owned or consumer-owned utility;

14 (c) A wastewater treatment facility owned by a qualifying public 15 agency; or

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(d) Other facilities selected by the qualifying public agency.

17 (21) "State portfolio manager master account" means a portfolio 18 manager account established to provide a single shared portfolio that 19 includes reports for all the reporting public facilities.

20 (22) "Building characteristics" means the building size, age, 21 primary function, address, and other information required to create a 22 statement of energy performance.

23 (23) "Commerce portfolio manager account" means the portfolio
24 manager master account created by the department pursuant to section
25 <u>3 of this act.</u>

(24) "Department" means the department of commerce.

27 (25) "Proprietor" means the owner or operator of a building or an
 28 agent acting on behalf of the owner or operator of a building.

29 (26) "Reporting building" means:

30 (a) A building that exceeds twenty thousand square feet of 31 conditioned space except for a building that:

32 (i) Is a factory group F building, a residential group R building 33 other than a group R-2 building containing five or more dwelling 34 units, or a miscellaneous and utility group U building, as defined in 35 the 2012 Washington state building code; or

36 <u>(ii) Does not receive gas or electric service from a utility that</u>
37 <u>is not a qualifying utility.</u>

38 (b) A campus of buildings that are served by a shared energy 39 utility account and together exceed twenty thousand square feet of

40 conditioned space, except for a campus of buildings that:

(i) Are comprised exclusively of any combination of factory group F buildings, residential group R buildings other than a group R-2 building containing five or more dwelling units, or miscellaneous and utility group U buildings, as defined in the 2012 Washington state building code; or

6 <u>(ii) Do not receive gas or electric service from a utility that</u> 7 <u>is not a qualifying utility.</u>

8 **Sec. 6.** RCW 19.27A.170 and 2009 c 423 s 6 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

(1) ((On and after January 1, 2010,)) Qualifying utilities shall 10 11 maintain records energy consumption of the data of all ((nonresidential and qualifying public agency buildings)) customer 12 accounts to which they provide service. This data must be maintained 13 ((for at least the most recent twelve months)) in a format compatible 14 15 for uploading to the United States environmental protection agency's 16 energy star portfolio manager. In carrying out the requirements of this section, qualifying utilities shall disclose and update energy 17 consumption and energy cost data each billing period. The data 18 disclosed and updated by qualifying utilities must be continuous and 19 20 date back to no later than January 1, 2016.

(2) ((On and after January 1, 2010, upon the written 21 authorization or secure electronic authorization of a nonresidential 22 building owner or operator,)) A qualifying utility shall upload the 23 24 energy consumption and energy cost data for the accounts specified by 25 the ((owner or operator)) proprietor for a building to the United States environmental protection agency's energy star portfolio 26 27 manager in a form that does not disclose personally identifying 28 information.

(3) Until January 1, 2017, in carrying out the requirements of 29 30 this section, a qualifying utility shall use any method for providing 31 the specified data in order to maximize efficiency and minimize overall program cost. Qualifying utilities are encouraged to consult 32 with the United States environmental protection agency and their 33 customers in developing reasonable reporting options. After January 34 1, 2017, qualifying utilities shall upload the reporting building 35 energy consumption and energy cost data by using energy star 36 portfolio manager web services in order to automatically upload the 37 38 specified data to the United States environmental protection agency's 39 energy star portfolio manager.

- 1 (4) ((Disclosure of nonpublic nonresidential benchmarking data
 2 and ratings required under subsection (5) of this section will be
 3 phased in as follows:
- 4 (a) By January 1, 2011, for buildings greater than fifty thousand 5 square feet; and

6 (b) By January 1, 2012, for buildings greater than ten thousand 7 square feet.

(5) Based on the size quidelines in subsection (4) of this 8 section, a building owner or operator, or their agent, of a 9 10 nonresidential building shall disclose the United States environmental protection agency's energy star portfolio manager 11 benchmarking data and ratings to a prospective buyer, lessee, or 12 lender for the most recent continuously occupied twelve-month period. 13 A building owner or operator, or their agent, who delivers United 14 15 States environmental protection agency's energy star portfolio 16 manager benchmarking data and ratings to a prospective buyer, lessee, 17 or lender is not required to provide additional information regarding energy consumption, and the information is deemed to be adequate to 18 inform the prospective buyer, lessee, or lender regarding the United 19 States environmental protection agency's energy star portfolio 20 21 manager benchmarking data and ratings for the most recent twelvemonth period for the building that is being sold, leased, financed, 22 23 or refinanced.

24 (6) Notwithstanding subsections (4) and (5) of this section,))
25 Nothing in this section ((increases or decreases the duties, if any,
26 of a building owner, operator, or their agent under this chapter)) or
27 section 2 of this act alters the duty of a seller, agent, or broker
28 to disclose the existence of a material fact affecting the real
29 property.

30 (5) Nothing in this section or section 3 of this act changes or limits the authority of a public entity to adopt building energy use 31 32 disclosure requirements that are in addition to the requirements imposed by this section. The adoption of building energy use 33 disclosure requirements that are in addition to the requirements of 34 this chapter by a public entity does not affect the obligation of a 35 utility or proprietor to comply with the requirements of this 36 37 chapter.

38 (6) If any qualifying utility discloses information in good faith 39 concerning energy consumption, energy cost, or other benchmarking 40 data in accordance with this chapter, no cause of action shall arise 1 from the disclosure and the qualifying utility is not liable to its 2 customer or others for the disclosure or its consequences. A 3 qualifying utility is not required to obtain a customer's written or 4 electronic permission to disclose energy consumption, energy cost, or 5 other benchmarking data in accordance with this chapter.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 19.27A 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 (1)(a) If the department determines that a proprietor is not in 9 compliance with the disclosure requirements of RCW 19.27A.170 or 10 section 2 of this act, the department may issue a written notice of 11 violation to the proprietor. The notice must state the requirement 12 that was violated and any penalties imposed as a result of the 13 violation.

(b) The department may impose the following penalties on a proprietor for the failure to disclose and transfer the building energy use benchmarking data as required by section 2 of this act:

(i) If the proprietor is not in compliance with the disclosure requirements of section 2 of this act within ninety days of receipt of the notice of violation, the department may impose a penalty of up to five hundred dollars;

(ii) If the proprietor is not in compliance with the disclosure requirements of section 2 of this act within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the notice of violation, the department may impose a total cumulative penalty of up to one thousand dollars;

(iii) If the proprietor is not in compliance with the disclosure requirements of section 2 of this act within two hundred seventy days of receipt of the notice of violation, the department may impose a total cumulative penalty of up to two thousand dollars; and

(iv) If the proprietor is not in compliance with the disclosure requirements of section 2 of this act within three hundred sixty days of receipt of the notice of violation, the department may impose a total cumulative penalty of up to four thousand dollars.

(2) In addition to the penalties authorized in subsection (1) of this section, the department may concurrently impose a separate and additional fine of up to five hundred dollars if the proprietor has previously been served with a notice of violation associated with the building under this chapter.

(3) If the department determines that the proprietor has compliedwith the disclosure requirements of section 2 of this act within

1 ninety days of receipt of the notice of violation and the proprietor 2 has not previously been served with a notice of violation by the 3 department, the department must waive the penalty for the violation. 4 The department may consider any technical difficulties experienced by 5 a proprietor with the portfolio manager system in determining whether 6 to assess or waive a penalty under this section.

7 (4) The authority of the department to issue penalties pursuant8 to this section is phased in as follows:

9 (a) After October 1, 2017, for violations associated with 10 buildings greater than seventy-five thousand square feet that took 11 place in calendar year 2016 or later;

(b) After April 1, 2018, for violations associated with buildings greater than fifty thousand square feet that took place in calendar year 2017 or later; and

(c) After April 1, 2019, for violations associated with buildings greater than twenty thousand square feet that took place in calendar year 2018 or later.

18 (5) A proprietor may appeal any penalties imposed pursuant to 19 this section to the pollution control hearings board pursuant to the 20 procedures established by RCW 43.21B.300.

(6) All penalties recovered under this section shall be paid intothe state treasury and credited to the general fund.

23 **Sec. 8.** RCW 43.21B.110 and 2013 c 291 s 33 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

(1) The hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the director, local conservation districts, the air pollution control boards or authorities as established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW, local health departments, the department of natural resources, the department of fish and wildlife, the parks and recreation commission, and authorized public entities described in chapter 79.100 RCW:

32 (a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155,
33 70.94.431, section 7 of this act, 70.105.080, 70.107.050, 76.09.170,
34 77.55.291, 78.44.250, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, 90.46.270, 90.48.144,
35 90.56.310, 90.56.330, and 90.64.102.

36 (b) Orders issued pursuant to RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060,
37 43.27A.190, 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 86.16.020, 88.46.070,
38 90.14.130, 90.46.250, 90.48.120, and 90.56.330.

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(c) A final decision by the department or director made under
 chapter 183, Laws of 2009.

(d) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), the issuance, 3 modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license 4 by the department or any air authority in the exercise of its 5 6 jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste disposal permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal 7 permit, the modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste 8 disposal permit, or a decision to approve or deny an application for 9 a solid waste permit exemption under RCW 70.95.300. 10

(e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant ordenial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70.95 RCW.

(f) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW 70.95J.080.

16 (g) Decisions of the department regarding waste-derived 17 fertilizer or micronutrient fertilizer under RCW 15.54.820, and 18 decisions of the department regarding waste-derived soil amendments 19 under RCW 70.95.205.

(h) Decisions of local conservation districts related to the denial of approval or denial of certification of a dairy nutrient management plan; conditions contained in a plan; application of any dairy nutrient management practices, standards, methods, and technologies to a particular dairy farm; and failure to adhere to the plan review and approval timelines in RCW 90.64.026.

(i) Any other decision by the department or an air authority
which pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding
under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(j) Decisions of the department of natural resources, the department of fish and wildlife, and the department that are reviewable under chapter 76.09 RCW, and the department of natural resources' appeals of county, city, or town objections under RCW 76.09.050(7).

34 (k) Forest health hazard orders issued by the commissioner of 35 public lands under RCW 76.06.180.

(1) Decisions of the department of fish and wildlife to issue,
 deny, condition, or modify a hydraulic project approval permit under
 chapter 77.55 RCW.

39 (m) Decisions of the department of natural resources that are 40 reviewable under RCW 78.44.270. (n) Decisions of an authorized public entity under RCW 79.100.010
 to take temporary possession or custody of a vessel or to contest the
 amount of reimbursement owed that are reviewable by the hearings
 board under RCW 79.100.120.

5 (2) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings 6 board:

7 (a) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelines8 hearings board pursuant to chapter 90.58 RCW.

9 (b) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW 10 70.94.332, 70.94.390, 70.94.395, 70.94.400, 70.94.405, 70.94.410, and 11 90.44.180.

12 (c) Appeals of decisions by the department under RCW 90.03.110 13 and 90.44.220.

14 (d) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, or 15 repeal rules.

16 (3) Review of rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board 17 shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the 18 administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

19 **Sec. 9.** RCW 43.21B.110 and 2013 c 291 s 34 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

(1) The hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the director, local conservation districts, the air pollution control boards or authorities as established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW, local health departments, the department of natural resources, the department of fish and wildlife, the parks and recreation commission, and authorized public entities described in chapter 79.100 RCW:

(a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155,
70.94.431, section 7 of this act, 70.105.080, 70.107.050, 76.09.170,
77.55.291, 78.44.250, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, 90.46.270, 90.48.144,
90.56.310, 90.56.330, and 90.64.102.

32 (b) Orders issued pursuant to RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060,
33 43.27A.190, 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 86.16.020, 88.46.070,
34 90.14.130, 90.46.250, 90.48.120, and 90.56.330.

35 (c) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), the issuance, 36 modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license 37 by the department or any air authority in the exercise of its 38 jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste 39 disposal permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal

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1 permit, the modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste 2 disposal permit, or a decision to approve or deny an application for 3 a solid waste permit exemption under RCW 70.95.300.

4 (d) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant or 5 denial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70.95 RCW.

6 (e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance 7 and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW 8 70.95J.080.

9 (f) Decisions of the department regarding waste-derived 10 fertilizer or micronutrient fertilizer under RCW 15.54.820, and 11 decisions of the department regarding waste-derived soil amendments 12 under RCW 70.95.205.

(g) Decisions of local conservation districts related to the denial of approval or denial of certification of a dairy nutrient management plan; conditions contained in a plan; application of any dairy nutrient management practices, standards, methods, and technologies to a particular dairy farm; and failure to adhere to the plan review and approval timelines in RCW 90.64.026.

(h) Any other decision by the department or an air authority which pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(i) Decisions of the department of natural resources, the department of fish and wildlife, and the department that are reviewable under chapter 76.09 RCW, and the department of natural resources' appeals of county, city, or town objections under RCW 76.09.050(7).

(j) Forest health hazard orders issued by the commissioner of public lands under RCW 76.06.180.

(k) Decisions of the department of fish and wildlife to issue,
 deny, condition, or modify a hydraulic project approval permit under
 chapter 77.55 RCW.

32 (1) Decisions of the department of natural resources that are33 reviewable under RCW 78.44.270.

(m) Decisions of an authorized public entity under RCW 79.100.010 to take temporary possession or custody of a vessel or to contest the amount of reimbursement owed that are reviewable by the hearings board under RCW 79.100.120.

38 (2) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings39 board:

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(a) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelines
 hearings board pursuant to chapter 90.58 RCW.

3 (b) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW 4 70.94.332, 70.94.390, 70.94.395, 70.94.400, 70.94.405, 70.94.410, and 5 90.44.180.

6 (c) Appeals of decisions by the department under RCW 90.03.110 7 and 90.44.220.

8 (d) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, or 9 repeal rules.

10 (3) Review of rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board 11 shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the 12 administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. Section 8 of this act expires June 30, 14 2019.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. Section 9 of this act takes effect June 16 30, 2019.

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