Senator Howard A. Stephenson proposes the following substitute bill:

1	POLITICAL ACTIVITY AMENDMENTS
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
5	House Sponsor: Brad R. Wilson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions of the Election Code and the Lobbyist Disclosure and
10	Regulation Act relating to reporting obligations of reporting entities and lobbyists and
11	to other requirements placed on lobbyists.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 defines and amends terms;
15	 modifies requirements relating to reporting by a corporation or a lobbyist; and
16	 removes the requirements relating to lobbyist nametags.
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	None
21	Utah Code Sections Affected:
22	AMENDS:
23	20A-11-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 18, 158, and 337
24	20A-11-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
25	20A-11-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 318 and 420

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26	20A-11-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 318 and 420
27	20A-11-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 420
28	20A-11-704, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 226
29	20A-11-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 225
30	20A-11-1004, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 1
31	36-11-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 325
32	36-11-305.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 335
33	ENACTS:
34	20A-11-705 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	
36	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
37	Section 1. Section 20A-11-101 is amended to read:
38	20A-11-101. Definitions.
39	As used in this chapter:
40	(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
41	reporting entity has its principal office.
42	(2) "Agent of a reporting entity" means:
43	(a) a person acting on behalf of a reporting entity at the direction of the reporting
44	entity;
45	(b) a person employed by a reporting entity in the reporting entity's capacity as a
46	reporting entity;
47	(c) the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder;
48	(d) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder in the
49	member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate or
50	officeholder; or
51	(e) a political consultant of a reporting entity.
52	(3) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
53	amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by
54	the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
55	(4) "Business expenditure" means any money paid out by a corporation, regardless of
56	whether the money:

57	(a) is for a normal business expense;
58	(b) is an expenditure, as defined in this section;
59	(c) is paid out for political purposes, as defined in this section;
60	(d) is a political issues expenditure, as defined in this section; or
61	(e) is paid out for any other purpose.
62	[(4)] (5) "Candidate" means any person who:
63	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
64	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
65	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
66	to a public office.
67	[(5)] (6) "Chief election officer" means:
68	(a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,
69	officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues
70	committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in
71	Section 20A-11-1501; and
72	(b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
73	[(6)] (2) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political
74	purposes:
75	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
76	value given to the filing entity;
77	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
78	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
79	anything of value to the filing entity;
80	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;
81	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
82	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
83	(v) remuneration from:
84	(A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist;
85	or
86	(B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts;
87	(vi) a loan made by a candidate deposited to the candidate's own campaign; and

88	(vii) in-kind contributions.
89	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
90	(i) services provided by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf
91	of the filing entity if the services are provided without compensation by the filing entity or any
92	other person;
93	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
94	business; or
95	(iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less
96	than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political
97	party.
98	[(7)] (8) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
99	candidate or political party are provided:
100	(a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political
101	party does not object;
102	(b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;
103	(c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or
104	(d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or
105	political party.
106	[(8)] (9) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
107	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
108	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
109	(i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
110	(ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot
111	proposition.
112	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
113	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
114	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
115	[(9)] (10) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the
116	persons within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are
117	members of the registered political party.
118	[(10)] (11) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to

119	be submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section
120	20A-8-402.
121	[(11)] (12) "Detailed listing" means:
122	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
123	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
124	service assistance;
125	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
126	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
127	(b) for each expenditure:
128	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
129	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
130	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
131	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
132	[(12)] (13) (a) "Donor," as it relates to a political purpose corporation, means a person
133	that gives money, including a fee, due, or assessment for membership in the corporation, to a
134	corporation without receiving full and adequate consideration for the money.
135	(b) "Donor," as it relates to a political purpose corporation, does not include a person
136	that signs a statement that the corporation may not use the money for an expenditure or
137	political issues expenditure.
138	$\left[\frac{(13)}{(14)}\right]$ "Election" means each:
139	(a) regular general election;
140	(b) regular primary election; and
141	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
142	[(14)] (15) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
143	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
144	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
145	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
146	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
147	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
148	[(15)] (16) (a) "Expenditure" means any of the following made by a reporting entity or
149	an agent of a reporting entity on behalf of the reporting entity:

150	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
151	required by this chapter;
152	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
153	or anything of value made for political purposes;
154	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
155	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
156	value for political purposes;
157	(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person
158	without charge to a reporting entity;
159	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign
160	committee; or
161	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another
162	reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
163	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
164	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
165	of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
166	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
167	business; or
168	(iii) anything listed in Subsection [(15)] (16)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to
169	candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.
170	[(16)] (17) "Federal office" means the office of president of the United States, United
171	States Senator, or United States Representative.
172	[(17)] (18) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial
173	statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections.
174	[(18)] (19) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified
175	financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts,
176	donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial
177	Retention Elections.
178	[(19)] (20) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that
179	determine the candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action
180	committee, political party, or corporation.

- 03-03-15 7:57 PM 181 [(20)] (21) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 182 1, Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town. 183 [(21)] (22) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111 184 or 10-2-127. 185 $\left[\frac{(22)}{(23)}\right]$ (23) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109 or 186 10-2-125. 187 [(23)] (24) "Individual" means a natural person. 188 [(24)] (25) "In-kind contribution" means anything of value, other than money, that is 189 accepted by or coordinated with a filing entity. 190 [(25)] (26) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and 191 expenditures made since the last report. 192 $\left[\frac{26}{26}\right]$ (27) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, 193 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and 194 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature. 195 [(27)] (28) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who: 196 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative; 197 (b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of 198 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and 199 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or 200 (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 201 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or 202 appointment to a legislative office. 203 [(28)] (29) "Major political party" means either of the two registered political parties 204 that have the greatest number of members elected to the two houses of the Legislature. 205 [(29)] (30) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office. 206 [(30)] (31) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the 207 governing board of a registered political party. 208 [(31)] (32) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals,
- 209 business organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action
- 210 committees, political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section
- 211 20A-11-1501.

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212	$\left[\frac{(32)}{(33)}\right]$ "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a
213	candidate to act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
214	[(33)] (34) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section
215	20A-11-104.
216	[(34)] (35) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of
217	individuals or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
218	(i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political
219	purposes; or
220	(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to
221	vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.
222	(b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political
223	party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party
224	that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
225	(c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
226	(i) a party committee;
227	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular
228	course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
229	(iii) an individual;
230	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
231	account;
232	(v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political
233	action committee; or
234	(vi) a personal campaign committee.
235	[(35)] (36) (a) "Political consultant" means a person who is paid by a reporting entity,
236	or paid by another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, to
237	provide political advice to the reporting entity.
238	(b) "Political consultant" includes a circumstance described in Subsection $[(35)]$
239	(36)(a), where the person:
240	(i) has already been paid, with money or other consideration;
241	(ii) expects to be paid in the future, with money or other consideration; or

242 (iii) understands that the person may, in the discretion of the reporting entity or another

243	person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, be paid in the future, with
244	money or other consideration.
245	[(36)] (37) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by
246	a registered political party to select candidates.
247	[(37)] (38) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals
248	or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
249	(i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in
250	placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or
251	to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition;
252	(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a
253	ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any
254	proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or
255	(iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the
256	ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot.
257	(b) "Political issues committee" does not mean:
258	(i) a registered political party or a party committee;
259	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the
260	regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
261	(iii) an individual;
262	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
263	account; or
264	(v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political
265	issues committee.
266	[(38)] (39) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:
267	(i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
268	anything of value given to a political issues committee;
269	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political
270	issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
271	(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting
272	entity;
273	(iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered

274	without charge to a political issues committee; and
275	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at
276	less than fair market value.
277	(b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
278	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
279	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
280	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
281	course of business.
282	[(39)] (40) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following when made by
283	a political issues committee or on behalf of a political issues committee by an agent of the
284	reporting entity:
285	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
286	the approval or the defeat of:
287	(A) a ballot proposition; or
288	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
289	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
290	the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
291	(A) a ballot proposition; or
292	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
293	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
294	political issues expenditure;
295	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
296	without charge to a political issues committee; or
297	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less
298	than fair market value.
299	(b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
300	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
301	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
302	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
303	course of business.
304	(41) "Political purpose corporation" means a corporation that makes, or is organized

305	with the intention of making, expenditures, political issues expenditures, or in-kind
306	contributions with a combined value that exceeds 50% of the corporation's business
307	expenditures.
308	[(40)] (42) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to
309	influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote
310	for or against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus,
311	political convention, or election.
312	[(41)] (43) (a) "Poll" means the survey of a person regarding the person's opinion or
313	knowledge of an individual who has filed a declaration of candidacy for public office, or of a
314	ballot proposition that has legally qualified for placement on the ballot, which is conducted in
315	person or by telephone, facsimile, Internet, postal mail, or email.
316	(b) "Poll" does not include:
317	(i) a ballot; or
318	(ii) an interview of a focus group that is conducted, in person, by one individual, if:
319	(A) the focus group consists of more than three, and less than thirteen, individuals; and
320	(B) all individuals in the focus group are present during the interview.
321	[(42)] (44) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the
322	election laws.
323	(45) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals
324	sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action
325	committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the
326	political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the
327	individuals are listed.
328	[(43)] (46) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state
329	auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state school board member, state senator, state
330	representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader,
331	whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
332	[(44)] (47) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided
333	to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to
334	communicate with the officeholder's constituents:
335	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of

336 money or anything of value to an officeholder; or (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the 337 338 officeholder. 339 (b) "Public service assistance" does not include: 340 (i) anything provided by the state; 341 (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all 342 of their time on behalf of an officeholder; 343 (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 344 business; 345 (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or 346 (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any 347 organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the 348 officeholder. 349 [(46)] (48) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance. 350 [(47)] (49) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11, 351 Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act. 352 [(48)] (50) "Registered political action committee" means any political action 353 committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of 354 the Lieutenant Governor. 355 [(49)] (51) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues 356 committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of 357 the Lieutenant Governor. 358 [(50)] (52) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that: 359 (a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2% 360 or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives 361 for any of its candidates for any office; or 362 (b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political 363 Party Formation and Procedures. 364 $\left[\frac{(51)}{(53)}\right]$ (53) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment: 365 (i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and

366 (ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned

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398	lieutenant governor's office by January 10 of each year, unless the political action committee
399	has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4).
400	(b) If a political action committee is organized after the January 10 filing date, the
401	political action committee shall file an initial statement of organization no later than seven days
402	after:
403	(i) receiving contributions totaling at least \$750; or
404	(ii) distributing expenditures for political purposes totaling at least \$50.
405	(2) (a) Each political action committee shall designate two officers who have primary
406	decision-making authority for the political action committee.
407	(b) A person may not exercise primary decision-making authority for a political action
408	committee who is not designated under Subsection (2)(a).
409	(3) The statement of organization shall include:
410	(a) the name and address of the political action committee;
411	(b) the name, street address, phone number, occupation, and title of the two primary
412	officers designated under Subsection (2)(a);
413	(c) the name, street address, occupation, and title of all other officers of the political
414	action committee;
415	(d) the name and street address of the organization, individual corporation, association,
416	unit of government, or union that the political action committee represents, if any;
417	(e) the name and street address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their
418	relationships to the political action committee;
419	(f) the name, street address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the
420	committee's treasurer or chief financial officer; and
421	(g) the name, street address, and occupation of each member of the governing and
422	advisory boards, if any.
423	(4) (a) Any registered political action committee that intends to permanently cease
424	operations shall file a notice of dissolution with the lieutenant governor's office.
425	(b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political action committee does not exempt that
426	political action committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this
427	chapter.
428	(5) (a) Unless the political action committee has filed a notice of dissolution under

429	Subsection (4), a political action committee shall file, with the lieutenant governor's office,
430	notice of any change of an officer described in Subsection (2)(a).
431	(b) Notice of a change of a primary officer described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
432	(i) be filed within 10 days of the date of the change; and
433	(ii) contain the name and title of the officer being replaced, and the name, street
434	address, occupation, and title of the new officer.
435	(6) (a) A person is guilty of providing false information in relation to a political action
436	committee if the person intentionally or knowingly gives false or misleading material
437	information in the statement of organization or the notice of change of primary officer.
438	(b) Each primary officer designated in Subsection (2)(a) is guilty of accepting an
439	unlawful contribution if the political action committee knowingly or recklessly accepts a
440	contribution from a <u>political purpose</u> corporation that:
441	(i) was organized less than 90 days before the date of the general election; and
442	(ii) at the time the political action committee accepts the contribution, has failed to file
443	a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office as required by Section
111	20A-11-704.
444	207-11-704.
444	(c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony.
445	(c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony.
445 446	(c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony.Section 3. Section 20A-11-701 is amended to read:
445 446 447	 (c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony. Section 3. Section 20A-11-701 is amended to read: 20A-11-701. Campaign financial reporting by political purpose corporations
445 446 447 448	 (c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony. Section 3. Section 20A-11-701 is amended to read: 20A-11-701. Campaign financial reporting by political purpose corporations Filing requirements Statement contents Donor reporting and notification required.
445 446 447 448 449	 (c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony. Section 3. Section 20A-11-701 is amended to read: 20A-11-701. Campaign financial reporting by political purpose corporations Filing requirements Statement contents Donor reporting and notification required. (1) (a) Each <u>political purpose</u> corporation [that has made expenditures for political
445 446 447 448 449 450	 (c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony. Section 3. Section 20A-11-701 is amended to read: 20A-11-701. Campaign financial reporting by political purpose corporations Filing requirements Statement contents Donor reporting and notification required. (1) (a) Each political purpose corporation [that has made expenditures for political purposes that total at least \$750 during a calendar year] shall file a verified financial statement
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460	expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial statement; and
461	(iii) whether the political purpose corporation, including an officer of the political
462	purpose corporation, director of the political purpose corporation, or person with at least 10%
463	ownership in the <u>political purpose</u> corporation:
464	(A) has bid since the last financial statement on a contract, as defined in Section
465	63G-6a-103, in excess of \$100,000;
466	(B) is currently bidding on a contract, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, in excess of
467	\$100,000; or
468	(C) is a party to a contract, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, in excess of \$100,000.
469	(c) The <u>political purpose</u> corporation need not file a financial statement under this
470	section if the political purpose corporation made no expenditures during the reporting period.
471	(2) The financial statement shall include:
472	(a) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
473	political purpose corporation, and the amount of each expenditure;
474	(b) the total amount of expenditures disbursed by the <u>political purpose</u> corporation:
475	(i) since the last financial statement; and
476	(ii) during the calendar year;
477	(c) (i) a statement that the political purpose corporation did not receive any money
478	from any donor during the calendar year or the previous calendar year that the <u>political purpose</u>
479	corporation has not reported in a previous financial statement; or
480	(ii) a report, described in Subsection (3), of the money received from donors during the
481	calendar year or the previous calendar year that the political purpose corporation has not
482	reported in a previous financial statement; and
483	(d) a statement by the corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying the
484	accuracy of the financial statement.
485	(3) (a) The report required by Subsection (2)(c)(ii) shall include:
486	(i) the name and address of each donor;
487	(ii) the amount of the money received by the political purpose corporation from each
488	donor; and
489	(iii) the date on which the <u>political purpose</u> corporation received the money.
490	(b) A <u>political purpose</u> corporation shall report money received from donors in the

491	following order:
492	(i) first, beginning with the least recent date on which the <u>political purpose</u> corporation
493	received money that the political purpose corporation has not reported in a previous financial
494	statement, the money received from a donor that:
495	(A) requests that the <u>political purpose</u> corporation use the money to make an
496	expenditure;
497	(B) gives the money to the <u>political purpose</u> corporation in response to a solicitation
498	indicating the political purpose corporation's intent to make an expenditure; or
499	(C) knows that the <u>political purpose</u> corporation may use the money to make an
500	expenditure; and
501	(ii) second, divide the difference between the total amount of expenditures made since
502	the last financial statement and the total amount of money reported under Subsection (3)(b)(i)
503	on a proration basis between all donors that:
504	(A) are not described in Subsection (3)(b)(i);
505	(B) gave at least \$50 during the calendar year or previous calendar year; and
506	(C) have not been reported in a previous financial statement.
507	(c) If the amount reported under Subsection (3)(b) is less than the total amount of
508	expenditures made since the last financial statement, the financial statement shall contain a
509	statement that the political purpose corporation has reported all donors that gave money, and all
510	money received by donors, during the calendar year or previous calendar year that the political
511	purpose corporation has not reported in a previous financial statement.
512	(d) The <u>political purpose</u> corporation shall indicate on the financial statement that the
513	amount attributed to each donor under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) is only an estimate.
514	(e) (i) For all individual donations of \$50 or less, the <u>political purpose</u> corporation may
515	report a single aggregate figure without separate detailed listings.
516	(ii) The <u>political purpose</u> corporation:
517	(A) may not report in the aggregate two or more donations from the same source that
518	have an aggregate total of more than \$50; and
519	(B) shall separately report donations described in Subsection (3)(e)(ii)(A).
520	(4) [If a corporation makes expenditures that total at least \$750 during a calendar year,
521	the] <u>A political purpose</u> corporation shall notify a person giving money to the <u>political purpose</u>

522	corporation that:
523	(a) the <u>political purpose</u> corporation may use the money to make an expenditure; and
524	(b) the person's name and address may be disclosed on the <u>political purpose</u>
525	corporation's financial statement.
526	Section 4. Section 20A-11-702 is amended to read:
527	20A-11-702. Campaign financial reporting of political issues expenditures by
528	political purpose corporations Financial reporting Donor reporting and notification
529	required.
530	(1) (a) Each <u>political purpose</u> corporation that has made political issues expenditures
531	on current or proposed ballot issues [that total at least \$750] during a calendar year shall file a
532	verified financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
533	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
534	(ii) seven days before the state political convention of each major political party;
535	(iii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
536	(iv) on August 31; and
537	(v) seven days before the regular general election date.
538	(b) The <u>political purpose</u> corporation shall report:
539	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last financial statement; and
540	(ii) for financial statements under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (v), expenditures as of
541	five days before the required filing date of the financial statement.
542	(c) The <u>political purpose</u> corporation need not file a statement under this section if it
543	made no expenditures during the reporting period.
544	(2) That statement shall include:
545	(a) the name and address of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities
546	that received a political issues expenditure of more than \$50 from the political purpose
547	corporation, and the amount of each political issues expenditure;
548	(b) the total amount of political issues expenditures disbursed by the political purpose
549	corporation:
550	(i) since the last financial statement; and
551	(ii) during the calendar year;
552	(c) (i) a statement that the <u>political purpose</u> corporation did not receive any money

553	from any donor during the calendar year or the previous calendar year that the corporation has
554	not reported in a previous financial statement; or
555	(ii) a report, described in Subsection (3), of the money received from donors during the
556	calendar year or the previous calendar year that the political purpose corporation has not
557	reported in a previous financial statement; and
558	(d) a statement by the political purpose corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer
559	certifying the accuracy of the verified financial statement.
560	(3) (a) The report required by Subsection (2)(c)(ii) shall include:
561	(i) the name and address of each donor;
562	(ii) the amount of the money received by the <u>political purpose</u> corporation from each
563	donor; and
564	(iii) the date on which the <u>political purpose</u> corporation received the money.
565	(b) A <u>political purpose</u> corporation shall report money received from donors in the
566	following order:
567	(i) first, beginning with the least recent date on which the political purpose corporation
568	received money that has not been reported in a previous financial statement, the money
569	received from a donor that:
570	(A) requests that the <u>political purpose</u> corporation use the money to make a political
571	issues expenditure;
572	(B) gives the money to the <u>political purpose</u> corporation in response to a solicitation
573	indicating the corporation's intent to make a political issues expenditure; or
574	(C) knows that the <u>political purpose</u> corporation may use the money to make a political
575	issues expenditure; and
576	(ii) second, divide the difference between the total amount of political issues
577	expenditures made since the last financial statement and the total amount of money reported
578	under Subsection (3)(b)(i) on a proration basis between all donors that:
579	(A) are not described in Subsection (3)(b)(i);
580	(B) gave at least \$50 during the calendar year or previous calendar year; and
581	(C) have not been reported in a previous financial statement.
582	(c) If the amount reported under Subsection (3)(b) is less than the total amount of
583	political issues expenditures made since the last financial statement, the financial statement

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584	shall contain a statement that the corporation has reported all donors that gave money, and all
585	money received by donors, during the calendar year or previous calendar year that the
586	corporation has not reported in a previous financial statement.
587	(d) The <u>political purpose</u> corporation shall indicate on the financial statement that the
588	amount attributed to each donor under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) is only an estimate.
589	(e) (i) For all individual donations of \$50 or less, the political purpose corporation may
590	report a single aggregate figure without separate detailed listings.
591	(ii) The <u>political purpose</u> corporation:
592	(A) may not report in the aggregate two or more donations from the same source that
593	have an aggregate total of more than \$50; and
594	(B) shall separately report donations described in Subsection (3)(e)(ii)(A).
595	(4) If a <u>political purpose</u> corporation makes political issues expenditures [that total at
596	least \$750] during a calendar year, the political purpose corporation shall notify a person giving
597	money to the corporation that:
598	(a) the <u>political purpose</u> corporation may use the money to make a political issues
599	expenditure; and
600	(b) the person's name and address may be disclosed on the political purpose
601	corporation's financial statement.
602	Section 5. Section 20A-11-703 is amended to read:
603	20A-11-703. Criminal penalties Fines.
604	(1) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of any statement required by this part,
605	the lieutenant governor shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
606	(a) each <u>political purpose</u> corporation that is required to file a statement has filed one;
607	and
608	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
609	(2) If it appears that any political purpose corporation has failed to file any statement, if
610	it appears that a filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has
611	received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any statement, the
612	lieutenant governor shall:
613	(a) impose a fine against the <u>political purpose</u> corporation in accordance with Section
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614 20A-11-1005; and

615	(b) within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify
616	the political purpose corporation of the violation or written complaint and direct the political
617	purpose corporation to file a statement correcting the problem.
618	(3) (a) It is unlawful for any <u>political purpose</u> corporation to fail to file or amend a
619	statement within seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this
620	section.
621	(b) Each <u>political purpose</u> corporation that violates Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a class
622	B misdemeanor.
623	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(a) to the
624	attorney general.
625	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (3)(b), the lieutenant
626	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$1,000 against a political purpose corporation that violates
627	Subsection (3)(a).
628	Section 6. Section 20A-11-704 is amended to read:
629	20A-11-704. Statement of organization required for certain new political purpose
630	corporations.
631	(1) A political purpose corporation that is incorporated, organized, or otherwise created
632	less than 90 days before the date of a general election shall file a statement of organization with
633	the lieutenant governor's office before making a contribution to a political action committee or
634	a political issues committee in association with the election.
635	(2) The statement of organization shall include:
636	(a) the name and street address of the <u>political purpose</u> corporation;
637	(b) the name, street address, phone number, occupation, and title of one or more
638	individuals that have primary decision-making authority for the political purpose corporation;
639	(c) the name, street address, phone number, occupation, and title of the <u>political</u>
640	purpose corporation's chief financial officer;
641	(d) the name, street address, occupation, and title of all other officers or managers of
642	the <u>political purpose</u> corporation; and
643	(e) the name, street address, and occupation of each member of the <u>political purpose</u>
644	corporation's governing and advisory boards, if any.
645	Section 7. Section 20A-11-705 is enacted to read:

646	<u>20A-11-705.</u> Notice of in-kind contributions.
647	(1) A corporation that makes an in-kind contribution to a reporting entity shall, within
648	seven days after the day on which the corporation makes the in-kind contribution, provide the
649	reporting entity a written notice that includes:
650	(a) the name and address of the corporation;
651	(b) the date of the in-kind expenditure;
652	(c) a description of the in-kind expenditure; and
653	(d) the value, in dollars, of the in-kind expenditure.
654	(2) A corporation that provides, and a reporting entity that receives, the written notice
655	described in Subsection (1) shall retain a copy of the notice for five years after the day on
656	which the written notice is provided to the reporting entity.
657	(3) A corporation or reporting entity that fails to comply with the requirements of this
658	section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
659	(4) A person that intentionally or knowingly provides, or conspires to provide, false
660	information on a written notice described in this section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
661	Section 8. Section 20A-11-801 is amended to read:
662	20A-11-801. Political issues committees Registration Criminal penalty for
663	providing false information or accepting unlawful contribution.
664	(1) (a) Each political issues committee shall file a statement of organization with the
665	lieutenant governor's office by January 10 of each year, unless the political issues committee
666	has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4).
667	(b) If a political issues committee is organized after the January 10 filing date, the
668	political issues committee shall file an initial statement of organization no later than seven days
669	after:
670	(i) receiving political issues contributions totaling at least \$750; or
671	(ii) disbursing political issues expenditures totaling at least \$50.
672	(2) Each political issues committee shall designate two officers that have primary
673	decision-making authority for the political issues committee.
674	(3) The statement of organization shall include:
675	(a) the name and street address of the political issues committee;
676	(b) the name, street address, phone number, occupation, and title of the two primary

677 officers designated under Subsection (2); 678 (c) the name, street address, occupation, and title of all other officers of the political 679 issues committee; 680 (d) the name and street address of the organization, individual, corporation, 681 association, unit of government, or union that the political issues committee represents, if any; 682 (e) the name and street address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their 683 relationships to the political issues committee; 684 (f) the name, street address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the 685 committee's treasurer or chief financial officer; (g) the name, street address, and occupation of each member of the supervisory and 686 687 advisory boards, if any; and 688 (h) the ballot proposition whose outcome they wish to affect, and whether they support 689 or oppose it. 690 (4) (a) Any registered political issues committee that intends to permanently cease 691 operations during a calendar year shall file a notice of dissolution with the lieutenant governor's 692 office. 693 (b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political issues committee does not exempt that 694 political issues committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this 695 chapter. 696 (5) (a) Unless the political issues committee has filed a notice of dissolution under 697 Subsection (4), a political issues committee shall file, with the lieutenant governor's office, 698 notice of any change of an officer described in Subsection (2). 699 (b) Notice of a change of a primary officer described in Subsection (2) shall: 700 (i) be filed within 10 days of the date of the change; and 701 (ii) contain the name and title of the officer being replaced and the name, street 702 address, occupation, and title of the new officer. 703 (6) (a) A person is guilty of providing false information in relation to a political issues 704 committee if the person intentionally or knowingly gives false or misleading material 705 information in the statement of organization or the notice of change of primary officer. 706 (b) Each primary officer designated in Subsection (2) is guilty of accepting an unlawful 707 contribution if the political issues committee knowingly or recklessly accepts a contribution

708	from a <u>political purpose</u> corporation that:
709	(i) was organized less than 90 days before the date of the general election; and
710	(ii) at the time the political issues committee accepts the contribution, has failed to file
711	a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office as required by Section
712	20A-11-704.
713	(c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony.
714	Section 9. Section 20A-11-1004 is amended to read:
715	20A-11-1004. Summary of financial reports of political action committees and
716	political purpose corporations.
717	(1) The lieutenant governor's office shall prepare a summary of each financial report
718	submitted by each political purpose corporation, political action committee, and political issues
719	committee.
720	(2) Each summary shall include the following information:
721	(a) for each candidate:
722	(i) the name of each political action committee and <u>political purpose</u> corporation that
723	made expenditures to the candidate; and
724	(ii) the aggregate total of expenditures made by each political action committee and
725	political purpose corporation to the candidate;
726	(b) for each political action committee:
727	(i) the name of each individual or organization listed on the financial report that made
728	contributions to the political action committee and the aggregate total of contributions made by
729	each individual or organization listed on the financial report to the political action committee;
730	and
731	(ii) the name of each candidate, personal campaign committee, and political action
732	committee that received expenditures from a political action committee and the aggregate total
733	of expenditures made to each candidate, personal campaign committee, and political action
734	committee;
735	(c) for each <u>political purpose</u> corporation:
736	(i) the name of each candidate, personal campaign committee, and political action
737	committee that received expenditures from the political purpose corporation, and the aggregate
738	total of expenditures made by the political purpose corporation to each candidate, personal

739	campaign committee, and political action committee; and
740	(ii) the name of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities that received
741	disbursements from the political purpose corporation, and the aggregate total of disbursements
742	made by the political purpose corporation to each individual, entity, or group of individuals or
743	entities;
744	(d) for each political issues committee:
745	(i) the name of each individual or organization listed on the financial report that made
746	political issues contributions to the political issues committee and the aggregate total of
747	political issues contributions made by each individual or organization listed on the financial
748	report to the political issues committee; and
749	(ii) the name of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities that received
750	political issues expenditures from a political issues committee and the aggregate total of
751	political issues expenditures made to each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities.
752	Section 10. Section 36-11-201 is amended to read:
753	36-11-201. Lobbyist, principal, and government officer financial reporting
754	requirements Prohibition for related person to make expenditures.
755	(1) (a) (i) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), a lobbyist shall file financial
756	reports with the lieutenant governor on or before the due dates specified in Subsection (2).
757	(ii) [Hf a] A lobbyist who has not made an expenditure during [the] a quarterly reporting
758	period[, the lobbyist shall file a financial report listing the amount of expenditures as "none."]
759	is not required to file a quarterly financial report for that quarterly reporting period.
760	(iii) A lobbyist who is not required to file any quarterly reports under this section for a
761	calendar year shall, on or before January 10 of the following year, file a financial report listing
762	the amount of the expenditures for the entire preceding year as "none."
763	(b) A government officer or principal that makes an expenditure during any of the
764	quarterly reporting periods under Subsection (2)(a) shall file a financial report with the
765	lieutenant governor on or before the date that a report for that quarter is due.
766	(2) (a) A financial report is due quarterly on the following dates:
767	(i) April 10, for the period of January 1 through March 31;
768	(ii) July 10, for the period of April 1 through June 30;
769	(iii) October 10, for the period of July 1 through September 30; and

770	(iv) January 10, for the period of October 1 through December 31 of the previous year.
771	(b) If the due date for a financial report falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday,
772	the report is due on the next succeeding business day.
773	(c) A financial report is timely filed if it is filed electronically before the close of
774	regular office hours on or before the due date.
775	(3) A financial report shall contain:
776	(a) the total amount of expenditures made to benefit any public official during the
777	quarterly reporting period;
778	(b) the total amount of expenditures made, by the type of public official, during the
779	quarterly reporting period;
780	(c) for the financial report due on January 10:
781	(i) the total amount of expenditures made to benefit any public official during the last
782	calendar year; and
783	(ii) the total amount of expenditures made, by the type of public official, during the last
784	calendar year;
785	(d) a disclosure of each expenditure made during the quarterly reporting period to
786	reimburse or pay for travel or lodging for a public official, including:
787	(i) each travel destination and each lodging location;
788	(ii) the name of each public official who benefitted from the expenditure on travel or
789	lodging;
790	(iii) the public official type of each public official named;
791	(iv) for each public official named, a listing of the amount and purpose of each
792	expenditure made for travel or lodging; and
793	(v) the total amount of expenditures listed under Subsection (3)(d)(iv);
794	(e) a disclosure of aggregate daily expenditures greater than \$10 made during the
795	quarterly reporting period including:
796	(i) the date and purpose of the expenditure;
797	(ii) the location of the expenditure;
798	(iii) the name of any public official benefitted by the expenditure;
799	(iv) the type of the public official benefitted by the expenditure; and
800	(v) the total monetary worth of the benefit that the expenditure conferred on any public

801	official;
802	(f) for each public official who was employed by the lobbyist, principal, or government
803	officer, a list that provides:
804	(i) the name of the public official; and
805	(ii) the nature of the employment with the public official;
806	(g) each bill or resolution, by number and short title, on behalf of which the lobbyist,
807	principal, or government officer made an expenditure to a public official;
808	(h) a description of each executive action on behalf of which the lobbyist, principal, or
809	government officer made an expenditure to a public official;
810	(i) the general purposes, interests, and nature of the entities that the lobbyist, principal,
811	or government officer filing the report represents; and
812	(j) for a lobbyist, a certification that the information provided in the report is true,
813	accurate, and complete to the lobbyist's best knowledge and belief.
814	(4) A related person may not, while assisting a lobbyist, principal, or government
815	officer in lobbying, make an expenditure that benefits a public official under circumstances that
816	would otherwise fall within the disclosure requirements of this chapter if the expenditure was
817	made by the lobbyist, principal, or government officer.
818	(5) The lieutenant governor shall:
819	(a) (i) develop a preprinted form for a financial report required by this section; and
820	(ii) make copies of the form available to a lobbyist, principal, or government officer
821	who requests a form; and
822	(b) provide a reporting system that allows a lobbyist, principal, or government officer
823	to submit a financial report required by this chapter via the Internet.
824	(6) (a) A lobbyist and a principal shall continue to file a financial report required by
825	this section until the lobbyist or principal files a statement with the lieutenant governor that:
826	(i) states:
827	(A) for a lobbyist, that the lobbyist has ceased lobbying activities; or
828	(B) for a principal, that the principal no longer employs an individual as a lobbyist;
829	(ii) in the case of a lobbyist, states that the lobbyist is surrendering the lobbyist's
830	license;
831	(iii) contains a listing, as required by this section, of all previously unreported

- 832 expenditures that have been made through the date of the statement; and 833 (iv) states that the lobbyist or principal will not make any additional expenditure that is not disclosed on the statement unless the lobbvist or principal complies with the disclosure and 834 835 licensing requirements of this chapter. 836 (b) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), a person that fails to renew the 837 lobbyist's license or otherwise ceases to be licensed is required to file a financial report 838 quarterly until the person files the statement required by Subsection (6)(a). 839 Section 11. Section **36-11-305.5** is amended to read: 840 36-11-305.5. Lobbyist requirements. 841 [(1) The lieutenant governor shall issue to each lobbyist a name tag that includes:] 842 [(a) the word "Lobbyist" in at least 18-point type; and] 843 [(b) the first and last name of the lobbyist, in at least 18-point type.] 844 [(2) Beginning on August 1, 2014, a lobbyist may not lobby a public official while the lobbyist is at the capitol hill complex unless the lobbyist is wearing the name tag described in 845 846 Subsection (1) in plain view.]
- 847 [(3)] A lobbyist shall, at the beginning of making a communication to a public official
- that constitutes lobbying, inform the public official of the identity of the principal on whose
- 849 behalf the lobbyist is lobbying.