	ENERGY EFFICIENT VEHICLE TAX CREDIT FOR
	MOTORCYCLES
	2015 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	<b>Chief Sponsor: Margaret Dayton</b>
	House Sponsor:
LONG T	ITLE
General	Description:
Т	his bill enacts an energy efficient vehicle tax credit for certain motorcycles.
Highligh	ted Provisions:
Т	his bill:
•	defines terms;
•	enacts an energy efficient vehicle tax credit for certain motorcycles; and
•	makes technical and conforming changes.
Money A	appropriated in this Bill:
Ν	one
Other Sp	oecial Clauses:
Т	his bill provides for retrospective operation.
Utah Co	de Sections Affected:
AMEND	S:
5	<b>9-7-605</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 125
59	9-10-1009, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 125
Be it ena	cted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
S	ection 1. Section <b>59-7-605</b> is amended to read:
5	9-7-605. Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.

# 

28	(1) As used in this section:
29	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
30	the standards established in bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
31	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created under Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
32	Conservation Act.
33	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
34	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
35	following criteria:
36	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
37	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
38	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
39	and
40	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
41	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
42	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed has
43	reduced emissions.
44	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant awarded under Title 19, Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean
45	Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a portion of the incremental
46	cost of an OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
47	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment [referred to] described in Subsection
48	[(2)(c)  or  (d)] (2)(d)  or  (c).
49	(f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
50	(g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
51	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
52	(h) "Qualifying electric motorcycle" means a vehicle that:
53	(i) has a seat or saddle for the use of the rider;
54	(ii) is designed to travel with not more than three wheels in contact with the ground;
55	(iii) may lawfully be operated on a freeway, as defined in Section 41-6a-102;
56	(iv) is not fueled by natural gas;
57	(v) is fueled by electricity only; and
58	(vi) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in

59	Subsection (1)(h)(v).
60	[(h)] (i) "Qualifying electric vehicle" means a vehicle that:
61	(i) meets air quality standards;
62	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
63	(iii) is fueled by electricity only; and
64	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
65	Subsection (1)[ <del>(h)</del> ](i)(iii).
66	[(i)] (j) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
67	(i) meets air quality standards;
68	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas or propane;
69	(iii) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in
70	Section 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
71	(iv) is fueled by a combination of electricity and:
72	(A) diesel fuel;
73	(B) gasoline; or
74	(C) a mixture of gasoline and ethanol.
75	[ <del>(j)</del> ] (k) "Reduced emissions" means:
76	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
77	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
78	Subsection $(2)[(d)](e)(i)$ or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
79	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
80	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
81	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
82	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
83	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
84	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
85	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
86	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
87	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or
88	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
89	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or

90	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
91	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
92	on [fuels] a fuel listed in Subsection (2)[(d)](e)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before
93	the installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
94	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
95	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
96	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
97	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
98	[ <del>(k)</del> ] <u>(1)</u> "Special mobile equipment":
99	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle that is not designed or used primarily for
100	the transportation of persons or property; and
101	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
102	(2) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2015, but beginning on or
103	before December 31, 2015, a taxpayer may claim a tax credit against tax otherwise due under
104	this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay
105	Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in an amount equal to:
106	(a) (i) for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric vehicle that is registered in
107	this state, the lesser of:
108	(A) \$1,500; or
109	(B) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; or
110	(ii) for the original purchase of a new qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle that is
111	registered in this state, \$1,000;
112	(b) for the original purchase of a new vehicle fueled by natural gas or propane that is
113	registered in this state, the lesser of:
114	(i) \$1,500; or
115	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
116	(c) for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric motorcycle that is registered in
117	this state, the lesser of:
118	<u>(i)</u> \$750; or
119	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
120	[(c)] (d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a

121	motor vehicle registered in this state minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a
122	maximum tax credit of \$1,500 per motor vehicle, if the motor vehicle is to:
123	(i) be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
124	(ii) be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be at
125	least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)[(c)](d)(i); or
126	(iii) meet the federal clean-fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
127	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.;
128	[(d)] (e) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a
129	special mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a
130	maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile
131	equipment is to be fueled by:
132	(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
133	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
134	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection
135	(2)[(d)](e)(i); or
136	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the
137	engine was originally designed; and
138	[(e)] (f) for a lease of a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) $[or]$ , (b), or (c), an
139	amount equal to the product of:
140	(i) the amount of tax credit the taxpayer would otherwise qualify to claim under
141	Subsection (2)(a) [or], (b), or (c) had the taxpayer purchased the vehicle, except that the
142	purchase price described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) [or], (2)(b)(ii), or (2)(c)(ii) is considered to
143	be the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease; and
144	(ii) a percentage calculated by:
145	(A) determining the difference between the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the
146	lease, as stated in the lease agreement, and the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease, as
147	stated in the lease agreement; and
148	(B) dividing the difference determined under Subsection $(2)[(e)](f)(i)(A)$ by the value
149	of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement.
150	(3) (a) The board shall:
151	(i) determine the amount of tax credit a taxpayer is allowed under this section; and

152	(ii) provide the taxpayer with a written certification of the amount of tax credit the
153	taxpayer is allowed under this section.
154	(b) A taxpayer shall provide proof of the purchase or lease of an item for which a tax
155	credit is allowed under this section by:
156	(i) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
157	(ii) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the proof;
158	and
159	(iii) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
160	(c) A taxpayer shall retain the written certification described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
161	(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed
162	only:
163	(a) against a tax owed under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain
164	Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in the taxable year
165	by the taxpayer;
166	(b) for the taxable year in which a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) [ <del>or</del> ], (b), or
167	(c) is purchased, a vehicle described in Subsection $(2)[(e)](f)$ is leased, or conversion
168	equipment described in Subsection (2)[ <del>(c)</del> ](d) or [ <del>(d)</del> ] (e) is installed; and
169	(c) once per vehicle.
170	(5) A taxpayer may not assign a tax credit under this section to another person.
171	(6) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under this section exceeds the
172	taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain
173	Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, for a taxable year,
174	the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period that
175	does not exceed the next five taxable years.
176	(7) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection (8),
177	the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the Education Fund
178	the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a taxable year
179	exceeds \$500,000.
180	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
181	commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the Education
182	Fund as required by Subsection (7).

183	Section 2. Section <b>59-10-1009</b> is amended to read:
184	59-10-1009. Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
185	(1) As used in this section:
186	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
187	the standards established in bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
188	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created in Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
189	Conservation Act.
190	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
191	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
192	following criteria:
193	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
194	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
195	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
196	and
197	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
198	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
199	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed has
200	reduced emissions.
201	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant a claimant, estate, or trust receives under Title 19,
202	Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a
203	portion of the incremental cost of the OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
204	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment [referred to] described in Subsection
205	(2)[(c)](d) or $[(d)]$ (e).
206	(f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
207	(g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
208	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
209	(h) "Qualifying electric motorcycle" means a vehicle that:
210	(i) has a seat or saddle for the use of the rider;
211	(ii) is designed to travel with not more than three wheels in contact with the ground;
212	(iii) may lawfully be operated on a freeway, as defined in Section 41-6a-102;

213 (iv) is not fueled by natural gas;

214	(v) is fueled by electricity only; and
215	(vi) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
216	Subsection (1)(h)(v).
217	[(h)] (i) "Qualifying electric vehicle" means a vehicle that:
218	(i) meets air quality standards;
219	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
220	(iii) is fueled by electricity only; and
221	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
222	Subsection (1)[ <del>(h)</del> ](i)(iii).
223	[(i) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
224	(i) meets air quality standards;
225	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas or propane;
226	(iii) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in
227	Section 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
228	(iv) is fueled by a combination of electricity and:
229	(A) diesel fuel;
230	(B) gasoline; or
231	(C) a mixture of gasoline and ethanol.
232	[(j)] (k) "Reduced emissions" means:
233	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
234	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
235	Subsection $(2)[(d)](e)(i)$ or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
236	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
237	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
238	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
239	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
240	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
241	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
242	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
243	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
244	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or

245	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
246	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
247	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
248	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
249	on [fuels] <u>a fuel</u> listed in Subsection $(2)[(d)](e)(i)$ or (ii), is less than the emissions were before
250	the installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
251	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
252	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
253	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
254	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
255	[ <del>(k)</del> ] <u>(1)</u> "Special mobile equipment":
256	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle not designed or used primarily for the
257	transportation of persons or property; and
258	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
259	(2) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2015, but beginning on or
260	before December 31, 2015, a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a nonrefundable tax credit
261	against tax otherwise due under this chapter in an amount equal to:
262	(a) (i) for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric vehicle that is registered in
263	this state, the lesser of:
264	(A) \$1,500; or
265	(B) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; or
266	(ii) for the original purchase of a new qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle that is
267	registered in this state, \$1,000;
268	(b) for the original purchase of a new vehicle fueled by natural gas or propane that is
269	registered in this state, the lesser of:
270	(i) \$1,500; or
271	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
272	(c) for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric motorcycle that is registered in
273	this state, the lesser of:
274	<u>(i)</u> \$750; or
275	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;

276	$\left[\frac{(c)}{(d)}\right]$ 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a
277	motor vehicle registered in this state minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant
278	received, up to a maximum tax credit of \$1,500 per vehicle, if the motor vehicle:
279	(i) is to be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
280	(ii) is to be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be
281	at least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)[(c)](d)(i); or
282	(iii) will meet the federal clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
283	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.;
284	[(d)] (e) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a
285	special mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant
286	received, up to a maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the
287	special mobile equipment is to be fueled by:
288	(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
289	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
290	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection
291	$(2)[\frac{(d)}{(e)}(i); or$
292	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the
293	engine was originally designed; and
294	[(e)] (f) for a lease of a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) $[or]$ , (b), or (c), an
295	amount equal to the product of:
296	(i) the amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust would otherwise qualify to
297	claim under Subsection (2)(a) [or], (b), or (c) had the claimant, estate, or trust purchased the
298	vehicle, except that the purchase price described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) [or], (2)(b)(ii), or
299	(2)(c)(ii) is considered to be the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease; and
300	(ii) a percentage calculated by:
301	(A) determining the difference between the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the
302	lease, as stated in the lease agreement, and the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease, as
303	stated in the lease agreement; and
304	(B) dividing the difference determined under Subsection (2)[(e)](f)(ii)(A) by the value
305	of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement.
306	(3) (a) The board shall:

307	(i) determine the amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this
308	section; and
309	(ii) provide the claimant, estate, or trust with a written certification of the amount of
310	tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this section.
311	(b) A claimant, estate, or trust shall provide proof of the purchase or lease of an item
312	for which a tax credit is allowed under this section by:
313	(i) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
314	(ii) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the proof;
315	and
316	(iii) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
317	(c) A claimant, estate, or trust shall retain the written certification described in
318	Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
319	(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed
320	only:
321	(a) against a tax owed under this chapter in the taxable year by the claimant, estate, or
322	trust;
323	(b) for the taxable year in which a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) [or], (b), or
324	(c) is purchased, a vehicle described in Subsection $(2)[(e)](f)$ is leased, or conversion
325	equipment described in Subsection (2)[(c)](d) or [(d)] (e) is installed; and
326	(c) once per vehicle.
327	(5) A claimant, estate, or trust may not assign a tax credit under this section to another
328	person.
329	(6) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this
330	section exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable
331	year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period
332	that does not exceed the next five taxable years.
333	(7) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection (8),
334	the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the Education Fund
335	the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a taxable year
336	exceeds \$500,000.

337 (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

- 338 commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the Education
- 339 Fund as required by Subsection (7).
- 340 Section 3. **Retrospective operation.**
- 341 This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
- 342 <u>2015.</u>

Legislative Review Note as of 2-4-15 11:57 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel