HUMAN TRAFFICKING AMENDMENTS
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Jennifer M. Seelig
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Criminal Code, the Code of Criminal Procedure, the Judicial
Code, and the Utah Office for Victims of Crime to incorporate provisions regarding
human trafficking and human smuggling, including exploiting prostitution.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 removes any statute of limitation regarding the prosecution of aggravated human
trafficking, aggravated human smuggling, and aggravated exploitation of
prostitution;
 provides that lack of knowledge of the age of the victim is not a defense to a charge
of aggravated human trafficking or smuggling;
 provides that a defendant subject to a pretrial criminal no contact order, who then
violates that order, is guilty of a third degree felony;
 defines "child" as a person younger than 18 years of age regarding human
trafficking and smuggling;
 defines "commercial purpose" regarding human trafficking and smuggling;
 provides that recruiting, harboring, transporting, or obtaining a child for human
trafficking for forced labor or sexual exploitation is aggravated human trafficking;
 provides that aggravated human trafficking is a first degree felony;
 provides that aggravated human smuggling, which involves a child, is a second



28	degree felony;
29	 provides that aggravated sexual abuse of a child includes human trafficking or
30	human smuggling of a child;
31	 provides that the offense of patronizing a prostitute is a third degree felony if the
32	offense involves a child;
33	 provides that exploitation of prostitution that involves human trafficking or human
34	smuggling is aggravated exploitation of prostitution and is a second degree felony;
35	 provides that aggravated exploitation of prostitution involving a child is a first
36	degree felony;
37	 provides that an act of sexual solicitation that involves solicitation of a child, but
38	does not amount to human trafficking or human smuggling, is a third degree felony;
39	 provides that human trafficking or smuggling, and aggravated human trafficking
40	and smuggling, are offenses for which a court may authorize an order for
41	interception of communication;
42	 provides that when a defendant is charged with a felony offense involving
43	kidnapping, human trafficking or human smuggling, sexual offenses, or aggravated
44	exploitation of prostitution, the court may issue a no contact order as specified; and
45	provides that a violation of the no contact order is a third degree felony.
46	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
47	None
48	Other Special Clauses:
49	None
50	Utah Code Sections Affected:
51	AMENDS:
52	76-1-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 24
53	76-2-304.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 149
54	76-5-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
55	76-5-307 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 343
56	76-5-308 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 343
57	76-5-309 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 126
58	76-5-310 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 343

76-3-404.1 , as last amended by Laws of Otan 2007, Chapter 339
76-5-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 149
76-9-1003, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 21
76-10-1301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 199
76-10-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 179
76-10-1306 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 9
76-10-1313 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 32
77-23a-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 334
77-38-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 131
78B-7-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 324
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 76-1-301 is amended to read:
76-1-301. Offenses for which prosecution may be commenced at any time.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Aggravating offense" means any offense incident to which a homicide was
committed as described in Subsection 76-5-202(1)(d) or (e) or Subsection 76-5-202(2).
(b) "Predicate offense" means an offense described in Section 76-5-203(1) if a person
other than a party as defined in Section 76-2-202 was killed in the course of the commission,
attempted commission, or immediate flight from the commission or attempted commission of
the offense.
(2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, prosecution for the following
offenses may be commenced at any time:
(a) capital felony;
(b) aggravated murder;
(c) murder;
(d) manslaughter;
(e) child abuse homicide;
(f) aggravated kidnapping;
(g) child kidnapping;
(h) rape;

90	(i) rape of a child;
91	(j) object rape;
92	(k) object rape of a child;
93	(l) forcible sodomy;
94	(m) sodomy on a child;
95	(n) sexual abuse of a child;
96	(o) aggravated sexual abuse of a child;
97	(p) aggravated sexual assault; [or]
98	(q) any predicate offense to a murder or aggravating offense to an aggravated
99	murder[.];
100	(r) aggravated human trafficking or aggravated human smuggling in violation of
101	Section 76-5-310; or
102	(s) aggravated exploitation of prostitution involving a child, under Section 76-10-1306
103	Section 2. Section 76-2-304.5 is amended to read:
104	76-2-304.5. Mistake as to victim's age not a defense.
105	(1) It is not a defense to the crime of child [kidnaping] kidnapping, a violation of
106	Section 76-5-301.1; rape of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-402.1; object rape of a child, a
107	violation of Section 76-5-402.3; sodomy [upon] on a child, a violation of Section 76-5-403.1;
108	[or] sexual abuse of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-404.1; [or] aggravated sexual abuse of
109	a child, a violation of Subsection 76-5-404.1(4); or an attempt to commit any of [those] these
110	offenses, that the actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 14 years of age or older at the time
111	of the alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age.
112	(2) It is not a defense to the crime of unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation
113	of Section 76-5-401[-]; sexual abuse of a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401.1[-]; or an
114	attempt to commit either of these offenses, that the actor mistakenly believed the victim to be
115	16 years of age or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true
116	age.
117	(3) It is not a defense to the crime of aggravated human trafficking or aggravated
118	human smuggling, a violation of Section 76-5-310, that the actor mistakenly believed the
119	victim to be 18 years of age or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of the
120	victim's true age.

121	(4) It is not a defense to any of the following crimes that the actor mistakenly believed
122	the victim to be 18 years of age or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of
123	the victim's true age:
124	(a) patronizing a prostitute, a violation of Section 76-10-1303;
125	(b) aggravated exploitation of a prostitute, a violation of Section 76-10-1306; or
126	(c) sexual solicitation, a violation of Section 76-10-1313.
127	Section 3. Section 76-5-108 is amended to read:
128	76-5-108. Protective orders restraining abuse of another Violation.
129	(1) Any person who is the respondent or defendant subject to a protective order, child
130	protective order, ex parte protective order, or ex parte child protective order issued under Title
131	78B, Chapter 7, Part 1, Cohabitant Abuse Act[, or]; Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act
132	[of 1996,]; Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act[-]; or a foreign protection
133	order enforceable under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 3, Uniform Interstate Enforcement of
134	Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act, who intentionally or knowingly violates that order
135	after having been properly served, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, except as a greater
136	penalty may be provided in Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act.
137	(2) Violation of an order as described in Subsection (1) is a domestic violence offense
138	under Section 77-36-1 and subject to increased penalties in accordance with Section 77-36-1.1.
139	Section 4. Section 76-5-307 is amended to read:
140	76-5-307. Definitions.
141	As used in Sections 76-5-308 through [76-5-312] <u>76-5-310</u> of this part:
142	(1) "Child" means a person younger than 18 years of age.
143	(2) "Commercial purpose" includes direct or indirect participation in or facilitation of
144	the transportation of one or more persons for the purpose of:
145	(a) charging or obtaining a fee for the transportation; or
146	(b) obtaining, exchanging, or receiving any thing or item of value or an attempt to
147	conduct any of these activities.
148	(3) "Facilitation" regarding transportation under Subsection (2) includes providing:
149	(a) travel arrangement services;
150	(b) payment for the costs of travel; or
151	(c) property that would advance an act of transportation, including a vehicle or other

152	means of transportation, a weapon, false identification, and making lodging available,
153	including by rent, lease, or sale.
154	[(1)] (4) "Family member" means a person's parent, grandparent, sibling, or any other
155	person related to the person by consanguinity or affinity to the second degree.
156	[(2) "Smuggling of human beings" means the transportation or procurement of
157	transportation for one or more persons by an actor who knows or has reason to know that the
158	person or persons transported or to be transported are not:]
159	[(a) citizens of the United States;]
160	[(b) permanent resident aliens; or]
161	[(e) otherwise lawfully in this state or entitled to be in this state.]
162	Section 5. Section 76-5-308 is amended to read:
163	76-5-308. Human trafficking Human smuggling.
164	(1) An actor commits human trafficking for forced labor or forced sexual exploitation
165	if the actor recruits, harbors, transports, or obtains a person through the use of force, fraud, or
166	coercion by means of:
167	(a) threatening serious harm to, or physical restraint against, that person or a third
168	person;
169	(b) destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating, or possessing any passport,
170	immigration document, or other government identification document;
171	(c) abusing or threatening abuse of the law or legal process against the person or a third
172	person;
173	(d) using a condition of a person being a debtor due to a pledge of the debtor's personal
174	services or the personal services of a person under the control of the debtor as a security for
175	debt where the reasonable value of the services is not applied toward the liquidation of the debt
176	or the length and nature of those services are not respectively limited and defined; or
177	(e) using a condition of servitude by means of any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to
178	cause a person to believe that if the person did not enter into or continue in a condition of
179	servitude, that person or a third person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint, or
180	would be threatened with abuse of legal process.
181	(2) (a) Human trafficking for forced labor includes forced labor in industrial facilities,
182	sweatshops, households, agricultural enterprises, and any other workplace.

183	(b) Human trafficking for forced sexual exploitation includes all forms of forced
184	commercial sexual activity, including forced sexually explicit performance, forced prostitution,
185	forced participation in the production of pornography, forced performance in strip clubs, and
186	forced exotic dancing or display.
187	(3) A person commits human smuggling by transporting or procuring the transportation
188	for one or more persons for a commercial purpose, knowing or having reason to know that the
189	person or persons transported or to be transported are not:
190	(a) citizens of the United States;
191	(b) permanent resident aliens; or
192	(c) otherwise lawfully in this state or entitled to be in this state.
193	Section 6. Section 76-5-309 is amended to read:
194	76-5-309. Human trafficking and human smuggling Penalties.
195	(1) Human trafficking for forced labor and human trafficking for forced sexual
196	exploitation are each a second degree felony, except under Section 76-5-310.
197	(2) Human smuggling, under Section 76-5-308 of one or more [human beings for profit
198	or for a commercial purpose] persons is a third degree felony, except under Section 76-5-310.
199	(3) Human trafficking for forced labor or for forced sexual exploitation and human
200	smuggling are each a separate offense from any other crime committed in relationship to the
201	commission of either of these offenses.
202	(4) [A] Under circumstances not amounting to aggravated sexual abuse of a child, a
203	violation of Subsection 76-5-404.1(4)(h)(i), a person who benefits [financially or materially by
204	receiving], receives, or exchanges anything of value from knowing participation in:
205	(a) human trafficking for forced labor or for forced sexual exploitation in violation of
206	Section 76-5-308 is guilty of a second degree felony; and
207	(b) human smuggling is guilty of a third degree felony.
208	(5) A person commits a separate offense of human trafficking or human smuggling for
209	each person who is smuggled or trafficked under Section 76-5-308 or 76-5-310.
210	Section 7. Section 76-5-310 is amended to read:
211	76-5-310. Aggravated human trafficking and aggravated human smuggling
212	Penalties.
213	(1) An actor commits aggravated human trafficking for forced labor or forced sexual

214	exploitation or aggravated human smuggling if, in the course of committing a human
215	trafficking for forced labor or for forced sexual exploitation, a violation of Section 76-5-308, or
216	human smuggling offense under Section [76-5-309] 76-5-308, the offense:
217	(a) results in the death of the trafficked or smuggled person;
218	(b) results in serious bodily injury of the trafficked or smuggled person;
219	(c) involves:
220	(i) rape under Section 76-5-402;
221	(ii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
222	(iii) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
223	(iv) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;
224	(v) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
225	(vi) sodomy on a child under Section 76-5-403.1;
226	(vii) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.1; or
227	(viii) aggravated sexual assault under 76-5-405;
228	(d) involves 10 or more [than 10] victims in a single episode of human trafficking or
229	human smuggling; or
230	(e) involves a victim who is held against the victim's will for longer than $[180]$ 30
231	consecutive days.
232	(2) An actor commits aggravated human trafficking for forced labor or forced sexual
233	exploitation if the [offense involves a victim who is younger than 18 years of age at the time of
234	the commission of the offense of trafficking] actor recruits, harbors, transports, or obtains a
235	child for forced labor or forced sexual exploitation.
236	(3) An actor commits aggravated human smuggling if the actor commits human
237	smuggling under [Subsection 76-5-309(2)] Section 76-5-308 and any human being whom the
238	person engages in smuggling is:
239	(a) [younger than 18 years of age] a child; and
240	(b) not accompanied by a family member who is 18 years of age or older.
241	(4) (a) Aggravated human trafficking [for forced labor or forced sexual exploitation
242	and aggravated human smuggling for profit or commercial purposes are each] is a first degree
243	felony.
244	(b) Aggravated human smuggling is a second degree felony.

[(b)] (c) Aggravated human trafficking and aggravated human smuggling are each a separate offense from any other crime committed in relationship to the commission of either of these offenses.

Section 8. Section **76-5-404.1** is amended to read:

76-5-404.1. Sexual abuse of a child -- Aggravated sexual abuse of a child.

- (1) As used in this section, "child" means a person under the age of 14.
- (2) A person commits sexual abuse of a child if, under circumstances not amounting to rape of a child, object rape of a child, sodomy [upon] on a child, or an attempt to commit any of these offenses, the actor touches the anus, buttocks, or genitalia of any child, the breast of a female child, or otherwise takes indecent liberties with a child, or causes a child to take indecent liberties with the actor or another with intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any person or with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person regardless of the sex of any participant.
 - (3) Sexual abuse of a child is punishable as a second degree felony.
- (4) A person commits aggravated sexual abuse of a child when in conjunction with the offense described in Subsection (2) any of the following circumstances have been charged and admitted or found true in the action for the offense:
- (a) the offense was committed by the use of a dangerous weapon as defined in Section 76-1-601, or by force, duress, violence, intimidation, coercion, menace, or threat of harm, or was committed during the course of a [kidnapping] kidnapping;
- (b) the accused caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the victim during or as a result of the offense;
- (c) the accused was a stranger to the victim or made friends with the victim for the purpose of committing the offense;
- (d) the accused used, showed, or displayed pornography or caused the victim to be photographed in a lewd condition during the course of the offense;
- (e) the accused, prior to sentencing for this offense, was previously convicted of any felony, or of a misdemeanor involving a sexual offense;
- (f) the accused committed the same or similar sexual act upon two or more victims at the same time or during the same course of conduct;
- 275 (g) the accused committed, in Utah or elsewhere, more than five separate acts, which if

committed in Utah would constitute an offense described in this chapter, and were committed at the same time, or during the same course of conduct, or before or after the instant offense;

- (h) the offense was committed by a person who occupied a position of special trust in relation to the victim; "position of special trust" means that position occupied by a person in a position of authority, who, by reason of that position is able to exercise undue influence over the victim, and includes, but is not limited to, a youth leader or recreational leader who is an adult, adult athletic manager, adult coach, teacher, counselor, religious leader, doctor, employer, foster parent, babysitter, adult scout leader, natural parent, stepparent, adoptive parent, legal guardian, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or adult cohabitant of a parent;
- (i) the accused encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution or sexual acts by the victim with any other person, or sexual performance by the victim before any other person, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or
- (j) the accused caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of the child by any part or parts of the human body other than the genitals or mouth.
- (5) Aggravated sexual abuse of a child is a first degree felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
- (a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), (5)(c), or (6), not less than 15 years and which may be for life;
- (b) except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (6), life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that during the course of the commission of the aggravated sexual abuse of a child the defendant caused serious bodily injury to another; or
- (c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the aggravated sexual abuse of a child, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
- (6) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (5)(a) or (b), a court finds that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection (5)(a) or (b) is in the interests of justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment of not less than:
 - (a) for purposes of Subsection (5)(b), 15 years and which may be for life; or
 - (b) for purposes of Subsection (5)(a) or (b):
 - (i) 10 years and which may be for life; or

307	(ii) six years and which may be for life.
308	(7) The provisions of Subsection (6) do not apply when a person is sentenced under
309	Subsection (5)(c).
310	(8) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406.
311	Section 9. Section 76-5-406 is amended to read:
312	76-5-406. Sexual offenses against the victim without consent of victim
313	Circumstances.
314	An act of sexual intercourse, rape, attempted rape, rape of a child, attempted rape of a
315	child, object rape, attempted object rape, object rape of a child, attempted object rape of a
316	child, sodomy, attempted sodomy, forcible sodomy, attempted forcible sodomy, sodomy [upon]
317	on a child, attempted sodomy [upon] on a child, forcible sexual abuse, attempted forcible
318	sexual abuse, sexual abuse of a child, attempted sexual abuse of a child, aggravated sexual
319	abuse of a child, attempted aggravated sexual abuse of a child, or simple sexual abuse is
320	without consent of the victim under any of the following circumstances:
321	(1) the victim expresses lack of consent through words or conduct;
322	(2) the actor overcomes the victim through the actual application of physical force or
323	violence;
324	(3) the actor is able to overcome the victim through concealment or by the element of
325	surprise;
326	(4) (a) (i) the actor coerces the victim to submit by threatening to retaliate in the
327	immediate future against the victim or any other person, and the victim perceives at the time
328	that the actor has the ability to execute this threat; or
329	(ii) the actor coerces the victim to submit by threatening to retaliate in the future
330	against the victim or any other person, and the victim believes at the time that the actor has the
331	ability to execute this threat;
332	(b) as used in this Subsection (4), "to retaliate" includes [but is not limited to] threats
333	of physical force, [kidnapping] kidnapping, or extortion;
334	(5) the victim has not consented and the actor knows the victim is unconscious,
335	unaware that the act is occurring, or physically unable to resist;
336	(6) the actor knows that as a result of mental disease or defect, the victim is at the time

of the act incapable either of appraising the nature of the act or of resisting it;

338	(7) the actor knows that the victim submits or participates because the victim
339	erroneously believes that the actor is the victim's spouse;
340	(8) the actor intentionally impaired the power of the victim to appraise or control his or
341	her conduct by administering any substance without the victim's knowledge;
342	(9) the victim is younger than 14 years of age;
343	(10) the victim is younger than 18 years of age and at the time of the offense the actor
344	was the victim's parent, stepparent, adoptive parent, or legal guardian or occupied a position of
345	special trust in relation to the victim as defined in Subsection 76-5-404.1(4)(h);
346	(11) the victim is 14 years of age or older, but younger than 18 years of age, and the
347	actor is more than three years older than the victim and entices or coerces the victim to submit
348	or participate, under circumstances not amounting to the force or threat required under
349	Subsection (2) or (4); or
350	(12) the actor is a health professional or religious counselor, as those terms are defined
351	in this Subsection (12), the act is committed under the guise of providing professional
352	diagnosis, counseling, or treatment, and at the time of the act the victim reasonably believed
353	that the act was for medically or professionally appropriate diagnosis, counseling, or treatment
354	to the extent that resistance by the victim could not reasonably be expected to have been
355	manifested[. For]; for purposes of this Subsection (12):
356	(a) "health professional" means an individual who is licensed or who holds himself or
357	herself out to be licensed, or who otherwise provides professional physical or mental health
358	services, diagnosis, treatment, or counseling including, but not limited to, a physician,
359	osteopathic physician, nurse, dentist, physical therapist, chiropractor, mental health therapist,
360	social service worker, clinical social worker, certified social worker, marriage and family
361	therapist, professional counselor, psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric mental health nurse
362	specialist, or substance abuse counselor; and
363	(b) "religious counselor" means a minister, priest, rabbi, bishop, or other recognized
364	member of the clergy.
365	Section 10. Section 76-9-1003 is amended to read:
366	76-9-1003. Detention or arrest Determination of immigration status.
367	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), any law enforcement officer

- 12 -

who, acting in the enforcement of any state law or local ordinance, conducts any lawful stop,

detention, or arrest of a person as specified in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii), and the person is unable to provide to the law enforcement officer a document listed in Subsection 76-9-1004(1) and the officer is otherwise unable to verify the identity of the person, the officer:

- (i) shall request verification of the citizenship or the immigration status of the person under 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1373(c), except as allowed under Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), if the person is arrested for an alleged offense that is a class A misdemeanor or a felony; and
- (ii) may attempt to verify the immigration status of the person, except as exempted under Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), if the alleged offense is a class B or C misdemeanor, except that if the person is arrested and booked for a class B or C misdemeanor, the arresting law enforcement officer or the law enforcement agency booking the person shall attempt to verify the immigration status of the person.
- (b) In individual cases, the law enforcement officer may forego the verification of immigration status under Subsection (1)(a) if the determination could hinder or obstruct a criminal investigation.
- (c) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to a law enforcement officer who is acting as a school resource officer for any elementary or secondary school.
- (d) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to a county or municipality when it has only one law enforcement officer on duty and response support from another law enforcement agency is not available.
- (2) When a law enforcement officer makes a lawful stop, detention, or arrest under Subsection (1) of the operator of a vehicle, and while investigating or processing the primary offense, the officer makes observations that give the officer reasonable suspicion that the operator or any of the passengers in the vehicle are violating Section [76-5-309] 76-5-308, 76-5-310, or 76-10-2901, which concern smuggling and transporting illegal aliens, the officer shall, to the extent possible within a reasonable period of time:
 - (a) detain the occupants of the vehicle to investigate the suspected violations; and
 - (b) inquire regarding the immigration status of the occupants of the vehicle.
- (3) When a person under Subsection (1) is arrested or booked into a jail, juvenile detention facility, or correctional facility, the arresting officer or the booking officer shall ensure that a request for verification of immigration status of the arrested or booked person is submitted as promptly as is reasonably possible.

400	(4) The law enforcement agency that has custody of a person verified to be an illegal
401	alien shall request that the United States Department of Homeland Security issue a detainer
402	requesting transfer of the illegal alien into federal custody.
403	(5) A law enforcement officer may not consider race, color, or national origin in
404	implementing this section, except to the extent permitted by the constitutions of the United
405	States and this state.
406	Section 11. Section 76-10-1301 is amended to read:
407	76-10-1301. Definitions.
408	For the purposes of this part:
409	(1) "Child" is a person younger than 18 years of age.
410	[(1)] (2) "House of prostitution" means a place where prostitution or promotion of
411	prostitution is regularly carried on by one or more persons under the control, management, or
412	supervision of another.
413	[(2)] (3) "Inmate" means a person who engages in prostitution in or through the agency
414	of a house of prostitution.
415	[(3)] (4) "Public place" means any place to which the public or any substantial group of
416	the public has access.
417	[(4)] (5) "Sexual activity" means acts of masturbation, sexual intercourse, or any sexual
418	act involving the genitals of one person and the mouth or anus of another person, regardless of
419	the sex of either participant.
420	Section 12. Section 76-10-1303 is amended to read:
421	76-10-1303. Patronizing a prostitute.
422	(1) A person is guilty of patronizing a prostitute when the person:
423	(a) [he] pays or offers or agrees to pay another person a fee for the purpose of engaging
424	in an act of sexual activity; or
425	(b) [he] enters or remains in a house of prostitution for the purpose of engaging in
426	sexual activity.
427	(2) Patronizing a prostitute is a class B misdemeanor, except as provided in Subsection
428	(3) or in Section 76-10-1309.
429	(3) If the patronizing of a prostitute under Subsection (1)(a) involves a child as the

other person, a violation of Subsection (1)(a) is a third degree felony.

431	Section 13. Section 76-10-1306 is amended to read:
432	76-10-1306. Aggravated exploitation of prostitution.
433	(1) A person is guilty of aggravated exploitation if:
434	(a) in committing an act of exploiting prostitution, as defined in Section 76-10-1305,
435	[he] the person uses any force, threat, or fear against any person; [or]
436	(b) the person procured, transported, or persuaded or with whom [he] the person shares
437	the proceeds of prostitution is [under 18 years of age] a child or is the [wife] spouse of the
438	actor[-]; or
439	(c) in the course of committing exploitation of prostitution, a violation of Section
440	76-10-1305, the person commits human trafficking or human smuggling, a violation of Section
441	<u>76-5-308.</u>
442	(2) Aggravated exploitation of prostitution is a second degree felony [of the second
443	degree], except under Subsection (3).
444	(3) Aggravated exploitation of prostitution involving a child is a first degree felony.
445	Section 14. Section 76-10-1313 is amended to read:
446	76-10-1313. Sexual solicitation Penalty.
447	(1) A person is guilty of sexual solicitation when the person:
448	(a) offers or agrees to commit any sexual activity with another person for a fee;
449	(b) pays or offers or agrees to pay a fee to another person to commit any sexual activity
450	or
451	(c) with intent to engage in sexual activity for a fee or to pay another person to commit
452	any sexual activity for a fee engages in, offers or agrees to engage in, or requests or directs
453	another to engage in any of the following acts:
454	(i) exposure of a person's genitals, the buttocks, the anus, the pubic area, or the female
455	breast below the top of the areola;
456	(ii) masturbation;
457	(iii) touching of a person's genitals, the buttocks, the anus, the pubic area, or the female
458	breast; or
459	(iv) any act of lewdness.
460	(2) An intent to engage in sexual activity for a fee may be inferred from a person's
461	engaging in, offering or agreeing to engage in, or requesting or directing another to engage in

462	any of the acts described in Subsection (1)(c) under the totality of the existing circumstances.
463	(3) (a) Sexual solicitation is a class B misdemeanor, except under Subsection (3)(b).
464	(b) Any person who is convicted a second or subsequent time under this section or
465	under a local ordinance adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307, is guilty of a class A
466	misdemeanor, except as provided in Section 76-10-1309.
467	(4) If a person commits an act of sexual solicitation and the person solicited is a child,
468	the offense is a third degree felony if the solicitation does not amount to human trafficking or
469	human smuggling, a violation of Section 76-5-308, or aggravated human trafficking or
470	aggravated human smuggling, a violation of Section 76-5-310.
471	Section 15. Section 77-23a-8 is amended to read:
472	77-23a-8. Court order to authorize or approve interception Procedure.
473	(1) The attorney general of the state, any assistant attorney general specially designated
474	by the attorney general, any county attorney, district attorney, deputy county attorney, or deputy
475	district attorney specially designated by the county attorney or by the district attorney, may
476	authorize an application to a judge of competent jurisdiction for an order for an interception of
477	wire, electronic, or oral communications by any law enforcement agency of the state, the
478	federal government or of any political subdivision of the state that is responsible for
479	investigating the type of offense for which the application is made.
480	(2) The judge may grant the order in conformity with the required procedures when the
481	interception sought may provide or has provided evidence of the commission of:
482	(a) any act:
483	(i) prohibited by the criminal provisions of:
484	(A) Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
485	(B) Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled [Substances] Substance Precursor Act; or
486	(C) Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act; and
487	(ii) punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than one year;
488	(b) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform
489	Securities Act and punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than one year;
490	(c) an offense:
491	(i) of:
492	(A) attempt, Section 76-4-101;

493	(B) conspiracy, Section 76-4-201;
494	(C) solicitation, Section 76-4-203; and
495	(ii) punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than one year;
496	(d) a threat of terrorism offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of
497	more than one year, Section 76-5-107.3;
498	(e) (i) aggravated murder, Section 76-5-202;
499	(ii) murder, Section 76-5-203; or
500	(iii) manslaughter, Section 76-5-205;
501	(f) (i) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301;
502	(ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1; [or]
503	(iii) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302;
504	(iv) human trafficking or human smuggling, Section 76-5-308; or
505	(v) aggravated human trafficking or aggravated human smuggling, Section 76-5-310;
506	(g) (i) arson, Section 76-6-102; or
507	(ii) aggravated arson, Section 76-6-103;
508	(h) (i) burglary, Section 76-6-202; or
509	(ii) aggravated burglary, Section 76-6-203;
510	(i) (i) robbery, Section 76-6-301; or
511	(ii) aggravated robbery, Section 76-6-302;
512	(j) an offense:
513	(i) of:
514	(A) theft, Section 76-6-404;
515	(B) theft by deception, Section 76-6-405; or
516	(C) theft by extortion, Section 76-6-406; and
517	(ii) punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year;
518	(k) an offense of receiving stolen property [offense] that is punishable by a maximum
519	term of imprisonment of more than one year, Section 76-6-408;
520	(l) a financial card transaction offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment
521	of more than one year, Section [76-6-506.1,] 76-6-506.2, 76-6-506.3, [76-6-506.4,] 76-6-506.5,
522	or 76-6-506.6;
523	(m) bribery of a labor official, Section 76-6-509;

524	(n) bribery or threat to influence a publicly exhibited contest, Section 76-6-514;
525	(o) a criminal simulation offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of
526	more than one year, Section 76-6-518;
527	(p) criminal usury, Section 76-6-520;
528	(q) a fraudulent insurance act offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment
529	of more than one year, Section 76-6-521;
530	(r) a violation of Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 7, Utah Computer Crimes Act, punishable by
531	a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year, Section 76-6-703;
532	(s) bribery to influence official or political actions, Section 76-8-103;
533	(t) misusing public money, Section 76-8-402;
534	(u) tampering with a witness or soliciting or receiving a bribe, Section 76-8-508;
535	(v) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant, Section 76-8-508.3;
536	(w) tampering with a juror, retaliation against a juror, Section 76-8-508.5;
537	(x) extortion or bribery to dismiss criminal proceeding, Section 76-8-509;
538	(y) obstruction of justice, Section 76-8-306;
539	(z) destruction of property to interfere with preparation for defense or war, Section
540	76-8-802;
541	(aa) an attempt to commit crimes of sabotage, Section 76-8-804;
542	(bb) conspiracy to commit crimes of sabotage, Section 76-8-805;
543	(cc) advocating criminal syndicalism or sabotage, Section 76-8-902;
544	(dd) assembly for advocating criminal syndicalism or sabotage, Section 76-8-903;
545	(ee) riot punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year,
546	Section 76-9-101;
547	(ff) dog fighting, training dogs for fighting, or dog fighting exhibitions punishable by a
548	maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year, Section 76-9-301.1;
549	(gg) possession, use, or removal of an explosive, chemical, or incendiary device and
550	parts, [possession, use, or removal,] Section 76-10-306;
551	(hh) <u>delivery to a common carrier or mailing of an</u> explosive, chemical, or incendiary
552	device, [delivery to a common carrier or mailing,] Section 76-10-307;
553	(ii) exploiting prostitution, Section 76-10-1305;
554	(jj) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, Section 76-10-1306;

555	(kk) bus hijacking, assault with intent to commit hijacking, dangerous weapon or
556	firearm, Section 76-10-1504;
557	(ll) discharging firearms and hurling missiles, Section 76-10-1505;
558	(mm) violations of the Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act and the offenses listed under
559	the definition of unlawful activity in the act, including the offenses not punishable by a
560	maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year when those offenses are investigated as
561	predicates for the offenses prohibited by the act, Section 76-10-1602;
562	(nn) communications fraud, Section 76-10-1801;
563	(oo) money laundering, Sections 76-10-1903 and 76-10-1904; or
564	(pp) reporting by a person engaged in a trade or business when the offense is
565	punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year, Section 76-10-1906.
566	Section 16. Section 77-38-3 is amended to read:
567	77-38-3. Notification to victims Initial notice, election to receive subsequent
568	notices Form of notice Protected victim information Pretrial criminal no contact
569	order.
570	(1) Within seven days of the filing of felony criminal charges against a defendant, the
571	prosecuting agency shall provide an initial notice to reasonably identifiable and locatable
572	victims of the crime contained in the charges, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.
573	(2) The initial notice to the victim of a crime shall provide information about electing
574	to receive notice of subsequent important criminal justice hearings listed in Subsections
575	77-38-2(5)(a) through (f) and rights under this chapter.
576	(3) The prosecuting agency shall provide notice to a victim of a crime for the important
577	criminal justice hearings, provided in Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (f), which the victim
578	has requested.
579	(4) (a) The responsible prosecuting agency may provide initial and subsequent notices
580	in any reasonable manner, including telephonically, electronically, orally, or by means of a
581	letter or form prepared for this purpose.
582	(b) In the event of an unforeseen important criminal justice hearing, listed in
583	Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (f) for which a victim has requested notice, a good faith
584	attempt to contact the victim by telephone shall be considered sufficient notice, provided that
585	the prosecuting agency subsequently notifies the victim of the result of the proceeding.

(5) (a) The court shall take reasonable measures to ensure that its scheduling practices for the proceedings provided in Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (f) permit an opportunity for victims of crimes to be notified.

- (b) The court shall also consider whether any notification system it might use to provide notice of judicial proceedings to defendants could be used to provide notice of those same proceedings to victims of crimes.
- (6) A defendant or, if it is the moving party, Adult Probation and Parole, shall give notice to the responsible prosecuting agency of any motion for modification of any determination made at any of the important criminal justice hearings provided in Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (f) in advance of any requested court hearing or action so that the prosecuting agency may comply with its notification obligation.
- (7) (a) Notice to a victim of a crime shall be provided by the Board of Pardons and Parole for the important criminal justice hearing provided in Subsection 77-38-2(5)(g).
- (b) The board may provide notice in any reasonable manner, including telephonically, electronically, orally, or by means of a letter or form prepared for this purpose.
- (8) Prosecuting agencies and the Board of Pardons and Parole are required to give notice to a victim of a crime for the proceedings provided in Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (f) only where the victim has responded to the initial notice, requested notice of subsequent proceedings, and provided a current address and telephone number if applicable.
- (9) (a) Law enforcement and criminal justice agencies shall refer any requests for notice or information about crime victim rights from victims to the responsible prosecuting agency.
- (b) In a case in which the Board of Pardons and Parole is involved, the responsible prosecuting agency shall forward any request for notice it has received from a victim to the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- (10) In all cases where the number of victims exceeds 10, the responsible prosecuting agency may send any notices required under this chapter in its discretion to a representative sample of the victims.
- (11) (a) A victim's address, telephone number, and victim impact statement maintained by a peace officer, prosecuting agency, Youth Parole Authority, Division of Juvenile Justice Services, Department of Corrections, and Board of Pardons and Parole, for purposes of

617	providing notice under this section, is classified as protected as provided in Subsection
618	63G-2-305(10).
619	(b) The victim's address, telephone number, and victim impact statement is available
620	only to the following persons or entities in the performance of their duties:
621	(i) a law enforcement agency, including the prosecuting agency;
622	(ii) a victims' right committee as provided in Section 77-37-5;
623	(iii) a governmentally sponsored victim or witness program;
624	(iv) the Department of Corrections;
625	(v) the Utah Office for Victims of Crime;
626	(vi) the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice; and
627	(vii) the Board of Pardons and Parole.
628	(12) The notice provisions as provided in this section do not apply to misdemeanors as
629	provided in Section 77-38-5 and to important juvenile justice hearings as provided in Section
630	77-38-2.
631	(13) (a) When a defendant is charged with a felony crime under Sections 76-5-301
632	through 76-5-310 regarding kidnapping, human trafficking, and human smuggling; Sections
633	76-5-401 through 76-5-413 regarding sexual offenses; or Section 76-10-1306 regarding
634	aggravated exploitation of prostitution, the court may, during any court hearing where the
635	defendant is present, issue a pretrial criminal no contact order:
636	(i) prohibiting the defendant from harassing, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise
637	communicating with the victim directly or through a third party;
638	(ii) ordering the defendant to stay away from the residence, school, place of
639	employment of the victim, and the premises of any of these, or any specified place frequented
640	by the victim or any designated family member of the victim directly or through a third party;
641	<u>and</u>
642	(iii) ordering any other relief that the court considers necessary to protect and provide
643	for the safety of the victim and any designated family or household member of the victim.
644	(b) Violation of a pretrial criminal no contact order issued pursuant to this section is a
645	third degree felony.
646	(c) (i) The court shall provide to the victim a certified copy of any pretrial criminal no
647	contact order that has been issued if the victim can be located with reasonable effort.

648	(ii) The court shall also transmit the pretrial criminal no contact order to the statewide
649	domestic violence network in accordance with Section 78B-7-113.
650	Section 17. Section 78B-7-113 is amended to read:
651	78B-7-113. Statewide domestic violence network Peace officers' duties
652	Prevention of abuse in absence of order Limitation of liability.
653	(1) (a) Law enforcement units, the Department of Public Safety, and the Administrative
654	Office of the Courts shall utilize statewide procedures to ensure that peace officers at the scene
655	of an alleged violation of a protective order or pretrial criminal no contact order have
656	immediate access to information necessary to verify the existence and terms of that order, and
657	other orders of the court required to be made available on the network by the provisions of this
658	chapter [or], Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act, or Section 77-38-3.
659	Those officers shall use every reasonable means to enforce the court's order, in accordance with
660	the requirements and procedures of this chapter [and], Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse
661	Procedures Act, and Section 77-38-3.
662	(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts, in cooperation with the Department of
663	Public Safety and the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division, established in
664	Section 53-10-103, shall provide for a single, statewide network containing:
665	(i) all orders for protection issued by a court of this state; and
666	(ii) all other court orders or reports of court action that are required to be available on
667	the network under this chapter [and]. Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act.
668	and Section 77-38-3.
669	(c) The entities described in Subsection (1)(b) may utilize the same mechanism as the
670	statewide warrant system, described in Section 53-10-208.
671	(d) All orders and reports required to be available on the network shall be available
672	within 24 hours after court action. If the court that issued the order is not part of the state court
673	computer system, the orders and reports shall be available on the network within 72 hours.
674	(e) The information contained in the network shall be available to a court, law
675	enforcement officer, or agency upon request.
676	(2) When any peace officer has reason to believe a cohabitant or child of a cohabitant
677	is being abused, or that there is a substantial likelihood of immediate danger of abuse, although
678	no protective order has been issued, that officer shall use all reasonable means to prevent the

679	abuse, including:
680	(a) remaining on the scene as long as it reasonably appears there would otherwise be
681	danger of abuse;
682	(b) making arrangements for the victim to obtain emergency medical treatment;
683	(c) making arrangements for the victim to obtain emergency housing or shelter care;
684	(d) explaining to the victim his or her rights in these matters;
685	(e) asking the victim to sign a written statement describing the incident of abuse; or
686	(f) arresting and taking into physical custody the abuser in accordance with the
687	provisions of Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act.
688	(3) No person or institution may be held criminally or civilly liable for the performance

of, or failure to perform, any duty established by this chapter, so long as that person acted in

Legislative Review Note as of 2-26-13 11:13 AM

good faith and without malice.

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