PEACE OFFICER AGREEMENTS WITH FEDERAL
AGENCIES
2014 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Richard A. Greenwood
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the chapter Peace Officer Classifications regarding the authority of
federal officers within Utah.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>provides a definition of a federal agency and a federal employee;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>specifies the terms under which a federal agency may enter into an agreement with a</li> </ul>
county sheriff to enforce federal laws and state and local laws; and
<ul> <li>requires specified training for federal employees in order for them to participate in</li> </ul>
the agreement.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
53-13-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, First Special Session, Chapter 4

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## 02-18-14 2:54 PM

## **H.B.** 147

28	Section 1. Section <b>53-13-106</b> is amended to read:
29	53-13-106. Federal officers State law enforcement authority.
30	(1) (a) <u>"Federal agency" means:</u>
31	(i) the Bureau of Land Management;
32	(ii) the United States Forest Service; and
33	(iii) the National Park Service.
34	(b) "Federal employee" means an employee of a federal agency.
35	(c) "Federal officer" includes:
36	(i) a special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
37	(ii) a special agent of the United States Secret Service;
38	(iii) a special agent of the United States Department of Homeland Security, excluding a
39	customs inspector or detention removal officer;
40	(iv) a special agent of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms;
41	(v) a special agent of the Drug Enforcement Administration;
42	(vi) a United States marshal, deputy marshal, and special deputy United States marshal;
43	and
44	(vii) a U.S. postal inspector of the United States Postal Inspection Service.
45	[(b)] (d) (i) Federal officers listed in Subsection (1)[(a)](c) have statewide law
46	enforcement authority relating to felony offenses under the laws of this state. This Subsection
47	(1)[(b)](d)(i) takes precedence over Subsection (2).
48	(ii) Federal agencies and federal employees may exercise law enforcement authority
49	related to misdemeanor and felony offenses under Utah law only as established by an
50	agreement as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(iii). This Subsection (1)[(b)](d)(ii) takes
51	precedence over Subsection (2).
52	(iii) County sheriffs may enter into agreements with federal agencies that allow
53	concurrent authority to enforce federal laws and state and local laws, provided that:
54	(A) the agreement is limited to a term of not more than two years; and
55	(B) the officers granted authority under the agreement have completed a 20-hour
56	training course that is focused on Utah criminal law and procedure and that is approved by the
57	director of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Division.
58	$\left[\frac{(c)}{(c)}\right]$ The council may designate other federal peace officers, as necessary, if the

## 02-18-14 2:54 PM

59	officers:
60	(i) are persons employed full-time by the United States government as federally
61	recognized law enforcement officers primarily responsible for the investigation and
62	enforcement of the federal laws;
63	(ii) have successfully completed formal law enforcement training offered by an agency
64	of the federal government consisting of not less than 400 hours; and
65	(iii) maintain in-service training in accordance with the standards set forth in Section
66	53-13-103.
67	(2) Except as otherwise provided under Title 63L, Chapter 1, Federal Jurisdiction, and
68	Title 77, Chapter 9, Uniform Act on Fresh Pursuit, a federal officer may exercise state law
69	enforcement authority only if:
70	(a) the state law enforcement agencies and county sheriffs with jurisdiction enter into
71	an agreement with the federal agency to be given authority; and
72	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3), each federal officer employed by the federal
73	agency meets the waiver requirements set forth in Section 53-6-206.
74	(3) A federal officer working as such in the state on or before July 1, 1995, may
75	exercise state law enforcement authority without meeting the waiver requirement.
76	(4) At any time, consistent with any contract with a federal agency, a state or local law
77	enforcement authority may withdraw state law enforcement authority from any individual
78	federal officer by sending written notice to the federal agency and to the division.
79	(5) The authority of a federal officer under this section is limited to the jurisdiction of
80	the authorizing state or local agency, and may be further limited by the state or local agency to
81	enforcing specific statutes, codes, or ordinances.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-17-14 8:23 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel