1	CAPITOL PROTOCOL AMENDMENTS
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Mark B. Madsen
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to security at the State Capitol.
0	Highlighted Provisions:
1	This bill:
2	 defines terms;
3	 prohibits bringing alcohol for consumption onto the capitol hill complex;
4	 modifies parking provisions for the capitol hill complex;
5	 modifies the duties of the Utah Highway Patrol related to the capitol hill complex;
6	 changes the penalty for violating a rule adopted by the Capitol Preservation Board
7	relating to the use of the capitol hill complex;
8	 modifies the activities that constitute "interfering with a public servant";
9	 modifies provisions related to disorderly conduct; and
20	 makes technical changes.
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:
26	AMENDS:
27	32B-4-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276



28	32B-4-415, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
29	41-6a-1401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 363
30	53-8-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 2
31	63C-9-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 310
32	76-8-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 72
33	76-9-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 143
33 34	70-9-102, as last amended by Laws of Otan 2014, Chapter 145
35	<i>Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:</i>
36	Section 1. Section 32B-4-102 is amended to read:
37	32B-4-102. Definitions.
38	[Reserved] As used in this chapter, "capitol hill complex" means the same as that term
39	is defined in Section 63C-9-102.
40	Section 2. Section 32B-4-415 is amended to read:
41	32B-4-415. Unlawful bringing onto premises for consumption.
42	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a person may not bring an alcoholic product
43	for on-premise consumption onto the premises of:
44	(a) a retail licensee or person required to be licensed under this title as a retail licensee;
45	(b) an establishment that conducts a business similar to a retail licensee;
46	(c) an event where an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, or furnished under a
47	single event permit or temporary beer event permit issued under this title; [or]
48	(d) an establishment open to the general public[-]; or
49	(e) the capitol hill complex.
50	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the following may not allow a person to bring
51	onto its premises an alcoholic product for on-premise consumption or allow consumption of an
52	alcoholic product brought onto its premises in violation of this section:
53	(a) a retail licensee or a person required to be licensed under this title as a retail
54	licensee;
55	(b) an establishment that conducts a business similar to a retail licensee;
56	(c) a single event permittee or temporary beer event permittee;
57	(d) an establishment open to the general public; [or]
58	(e) the State Capitol Preservation Board created in Section 63C-9-201; or

59	[(e)] (f) staff of a person listed in Subsections (2)(a) through $[(d)]$ (e).
60	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(i)(A), a person may not consume an
61	alcoholic product in a limousine or chartered bus if the limousine or chartered bus drops off a
62	passenger at:
63	(a) a location from which the passenger departs in a private vehicle[-]; or
64	(b) the capitol hill complex.
65	(4) (a) A person may bring bottled wine onto the premises of the following and
66	consume the wine pursuant to Section 32B-5-307:
67	(i) a full-service restaurant licensee;
68	(ii) a limited restaurant licensee;
69	(iii) a club licensee; or
70	(iv) a person operating under a resort spa sublicense.
71	(b) A passenger of a limousine may bring onto, possess, and consume an alcoholic
72	product on the limousine if:
73	(i) the travel of the limousine begins and ends at:
74	(A) the residence of the passenger;
75	(B) the hotel of the passenger, if the passenger is a registered guest of the hotel; or
76	(C) the temporary domicile of the passenger; [and]
77	(ii) the driver of the limousine is separated from the passengers by partition or other
78	means approved by the department[-]; and
79	(iii) the limousine is not located on the capitol hill complex.
80	(c) A passenger of a chartered bus may bring onto, possess, and consume an alcoholic
81	product on the chartered bus:
82	(i) (A) but may consume only during travel to a specified destination of the chartered
83	bus and not during travel back to the place where the travel begins; or
84	(B) if the travel of the chartered bus begins and ends at:
85	(I) the residence of the passenger;
86	(II) the hotel of the passenger, if the passenger is a registered guest of the hotel; or
87	(III) the temporary domicile of the passenger; [and]
88	(ii) if the chartered bus has a nondrinking designee other than the driver traveling on
89	the chartered bus to monitor consumption[-]; and

90	(iii) if the chartered bus is not located on the capitol hill complex.
91	(5) A person may bring onto any premises, possess, and consume an alcoholic product
92	at a private event.
93	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (5), private and public facilities may prohibit the
94	possession or consumption of alcohol on their premises.
95	[(6)] (7) The restrictions of Subsections (2) and (3) apply to a resort licensee or person
96	operating under a sublicense in relationship to:
97	(a) the boundary of a resort building; or
98	(b) a sublicense premises.
99	Section 3. Section 41-6a-1401 is amended to read:
100	41-6a-1401. Standing or parking vehicles Restrictions and exceptions.
101	(1) Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic, or in compliance with
102	law, the directions of a peace officer, or a traffic-control device, a person may not:
103	(a) stop, stand, or park a vehicle:
104	(i) on the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a street;
105	(ii) on a sidewalk;
106	(iii) within an intersection;
107	(iv) on a crosswalk;
108	(v) between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within 30 feet of points on the curb
109	immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone, unless a different length is indicated by signs or
110	markings;
111	(vi) alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when stopping, standing,
112	or parking would obstruct traffic;
113	(vii) on any bridge or other elevated structure, on a highway, or within a highway
114	tunnel;
115	(viii) on any railroad tracks;
116	(ix) on any controlled-access highway;
117	(x) in the area between roadways of a divided highway, including crossovers; or
118	(xi) any place where a traffic-control device prohibits stopping, standing, or parking;
119	(b) stand or park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except momentarily to pick up or
120	discharge a passenger or passengers:

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121	(i) in front of a public or private driveway;
122	(ii) within 15 feet of a fire hydrant;
123	(iii) within 20 feet of a crosswalk;
124	(iv) within 30 feet upon the approach to any flashing signal, stop sign, yield sign, or
125	traffic-control signal located at the side of a roadway;
126	(v) within 20 feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street
127	opposite the entrance to any fire station within 75 feet of the entrance when properly
128	signposted; [or]
129	(vi) at any place where a traffic-control device prohibits standing; or
130	(vii) at the capitol hill complex as defined in Section 63C-9-102 in a parking space
131	identified as reserved for specific users, without:
132	(A) approval by the executive director of the State Capitol Preservation Board created
133	in Section 63C-9-201; and
134	(B) a properly displayed placard or other identifying marker approved by the executive
135	director of the State Capitol Preservation Board to indicate this approval; or
136	(c) park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except temporarily for the purpose of and
137	while actually engaged in loading or unloading property or passengers:
138	(i) within 50 feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing; or
139	(ii) at any place where traffic-control devices prohibit parking.
140	(2) A person may not move a vehicle that is not lawfully under the person's control into
141	any prohibited area or into an unlawful distance from the curb.
142	(3) This section does not apply to a tow truck motor carrier responding to a customer
143	service call if the tow truck motor carrier has already received authorization from the local law
144	enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the vehicle to be towed is located.
145	Section 4. Section 53-8-105 is amended to read:
146	53-8-105. Duties of Highway Patrol.
147	In addition to the duties in this chapter, the Highway Patrol shall:
148	(1) enforce the state laws and rules governing use of the state highways;
149	(2) regulate traffic on all highways and roads of the state;
150	(3) assist the governor in an emergency or at other times at his discretion;
151	(4) in cooperation with federal, state, and local agencies, enforce and assist in the

152	enforcement of all state and federal laws related to the operation of a motor carrier on a
153	highway, including all state and federal rules and regulations;
154	(5) inspect certain vehicles to determine road worthiness and safe condition as
155	provided in Section 41-6a-1630;
156	(6) upon request, assist with any condition of unrest existing or developing on a
157	campus or related facility of an institution of higher education;
158	(7) assist the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission in an emergency to enforce the
159	state liquor laws;
160	(8) provide security and protection for both houses of the Legislature while in session
161	as the speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of the Senate finds necessary;
162	[and]
163	(9) enforce the state laws and rules governing use of the capitol hill complex as defined
164	in Section 63C-9-102; and
165	[(9)] (10) carry out the following for the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals:
166	(a) provide security and protection to those courts when in session in the capital city of
167	the state;
168	(b) execute orders issued by the courts; and
169	(c) carry out duties as directed by the courts.
170	Section 5. Section 63C-9-301 is amended to read:
171	63C-9-301. Board powers Subcommittees.
172	(1) The board shall:
173	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2), exercise complete jurisdiction and
174	stewardship over capitol hill facilities, capitol hill grounds, and the capitol hill complex;
175	(b) preserve, maintain, and restore the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities,
176	capitol hill grounds, and their contents;
177	(c) before October 1 of each year, review and approve the executive director's annual
178	budget request for submittal to the governor and Legislature;
179	(d) by October 1 of each year, prepare and submit a recommended budget request for
180	the upcoming fiscal year for the capitol hill complex to:
181	(i) the governor, through the Governor's Office of Management and Budget; and
182	(ii) the Legislature's appropriations subcommittee responsible for capitol hill facilities,

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183	through the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst;
184	(e) review and approve the executive director's:
185	(i) annual work plan;
186	(ii) long-range master plan for the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities, and
187	capitol hill grounds; and
188	(iii) furnishings plan for placement and care of objects under the care of the board;
189	(f) approve all changes to the buildings and their grounds, including:
190	(i) restoration, remodeling, and rehabilitation projects;
191	(ii) usual maintenance program; and
192	(iii) any transfers or loans of objects under the board's care;
193	(g) define and identify all significant aspects of the capitol hill complex, capitol hill
194	facilities, and capitol hill grounds, after consultation with the:
195	(i) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
196	(ii) State Library Division;
197	(iii) Division of Archives and Records Service;
198	(iv) Division of State History;
199	(v) Office of Museum Services; and
200	(vi) Arts Council;
201	(h) inventory, define, and identify all significant contents of the buildings and all
202	state-owned items of historical significance that were at one time in the buildings, after
203	consultation with the:
204	(i) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
205	(ii) State Library Division;
206	(iii) Division of Archives and Records Service;
207	(iv) Division of State History;
208	(v) Office of Museum Services; and
209	(vi) Arts Council;
210	(i) maintain archives relating to the construction and development of the buildings, the
211	contents of the buildings and their grounds, including documents such as plans, specifications,
212	photographs, purchase orders, and other related documents, the original copies of which shall
213	be maintained by the Division of Archives and Records Service;

214	(j) comply with federal and state laws related to program and facility accessibility; and
215	(k) establish procedures for receiving, hearing, and deciding complaints or other issues
216	raised about the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities, and capitol hill grounds, or their
217	use.
218	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the supervision and control of the legislative
219	area, as defined in Section 36-5-1, is reserved to the Legislature; and
220	(b) the supervision and control of the governor's area, as defined in Section 67-1-16, is
221	reserved to the governor.
222	(3) (a) The board shall make rules to govern, administer, and regulate the capitol hill
223	complex, capitol hill facilities, and capitol hill grounds by following the procedures and
224	requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
225	(b) A violation of a rule relating to the use of the capitol hill complex adopted by the
226	board under the authority of this Subsection (3) is an infraction.
227	(c) If an act violating a rule under Subsection (3)(b) also amounts to an offense subject
228	to a greater penalty under this title, Title 32B, Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, Title 41, Motor
229	Vehicles, Title 76, Utah Criminal Code, or other provision of state law, Subsection (3)(b) does
230	not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
231	[(b) A] (d) In addition to any punishment allowed under Subsections (3)(a) and (b), a
232	person who violates a rule adopted by the board under the authority of this Subsection (3) is
233	subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for each violation, plus the amount of any actual
234	damages, expenses, and costs related to the violation of the rule that are incurred by the state.
235	[(c)] (e) The board may take any other legal action allowed by law.
236	[(d) If any violation of a rule adopted by the board is also an offense under Title 76,
237	Utah Criminal Code, the violation is subject to the civil penalty, damages, expenses, and costs
238	allowed under this Subsection (3) in addition to any criminal prosecution.]
239	[(e)] (f) The board may not apply this section or rules adopted under the authority of
240	this section in a manner that violates a person's rights under the Utah Constitution or the First
241	Amendment to the United States Constitution, including the right of persons to peaceably
242	assemble.
243	[(f)] (g) The board shall send proposed rules under this section to the legislative
244	general counsel and the governor's general counsel for review and comment before the board

245	adopts the rules.
246	(4) The board is exempt from the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
247	Procurement Code, but shall adopt procurement rules substantially similar to the requirements
248	of that chapter.
249	(5) (a) The board may:
250	(i) establish subcommittees made up of board members and members of the public to
251	assist and support the executive director in accomplishing the executive director's duties;
252	(ii) establish fees for the use of capitol hill facilities and capitol hill grounds;
253	(iii) assign and allocate specific duties and responsibilities to any other state agency, if
254	the other agency agrees to perform the duty or accept the responsibility;
255	(iv) contract with another state agency to provide services;
256	(v) delegate by specific motion of the board any authority granted to it by this section
257	to the executive director;
258	(vi) in conjunction with Salt Lake City, expend money to improve or maintain public
259	property contiguous to East Capitol Boulevard and capitol hill;
260	(vii) provide wireless Internet service to the public without a fee in any capitol hill
261	facility; and
262	(viii) when necessary, consult with the:
263	(A) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
264	(B) State Library Division;
265	(C) Division of Archives and Records Service;
266	(D) Division of State History;
267	(E) Office of Museum Services; and
268	(F) Arts Council.
269	(b) The board's provision of wireless Internet service under Subsection (5)(a)(vii) shall
270	be discontinued in the legislative area if the president of the Senate and the speaker of the
271	House of Representatives each submit a signed letter to the board indicating that the service is
272	disruptive to the legislative process and is to be discontinued.
273	(c) If a budget subcommittee is established by the board, the following shall serve as ex
274	officio, nonvoting members of the budget subcommittee:
275	(i) the legislative fiscal analyst, or the analyst's designee, who shall be from the Office

S.B. 221 276 of Legislative Fiscal Analyst; and 277 (ii) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, or the 278 executive director's designee, who shall be from the Governor's Office of Management and 279 Budget. 280 (d) If a preservation and maintenance subcommittee is established by the board, the 281 board may, by majority vote, appoint one or each of the following to serve on the 282 subcommittee as voting members of the subcommittee: 283 (i) an architect, who shall be selected from a list of three architects submitted by the 284 American Institute of Architects; or (ii) an engineer, who shall be selected from a list of three engineers submitted by the 285 286 American Civil Engineers Council. 287 (e) If the board establishes any subcommittees, the board may, by majority vote, 288 appoint up to two people who are not members of the board to serve, at the will of the board, as nonvoting members of a subcommittee. 289 290 (f) Members of each subcommittee shall, at the first meeting of each calendar year, 291 select one individual to act as chair of the subcommittee for a one-year term. 292 (6) (a) The board, and the employees of the board, may not move the office of the 293 governor, lieutenant governor, president of the Senate, speaker of the House of 294 Representatives, or a member of the Legislature from the State Capitol unless the removal is 295 approved by: 296 (i) the governor, in the case of the governor's office; 297 (ii) the lieutenant governor, in the case of the lieutenant governor's office; 298 (iii) the president of the Senate, in the case of the president's office or the office of a 299 member of the Senate; or 300 (iv) the speaker of the House of Representatives, in the case of the speaker's office or 301 the office of a member of the House. 302 (b) The board and the employees of the board have no control over the furniture, 303 furnishings, and decorative objects in the offices of the governor, lieutenant governor, or the 304 members of the Legislature except as necessary to inventory or conserve items of historical 305 significance owned by the state. 306 (c) The board and the employees of the board have no control over records and

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307	documents produced by or in the custody of a state agency, official, or employee having an
308	office in a building on the capitol hill complex.
309	(d) Except for items identified by the board as having historical significance, and
310	except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the board and the employees of the board have no
311	control over moveable furnishings and equipment in the custody of a state agency, official, or
312	employee having an office in a building on the capitol hill complex.
313	Section 6. Section 76-8-301 is amended to read:
314	76-8-301. Interference with public servant.
315	(1) [A person] An individual is guilty of interference with a public servant if [he] the
316	individual:
317	(a) uses force, violence, intimidation, or engages in any other unlawful act with a
318	purpose to interfere with a public servant performing or purporting to perform an official
319	function; [or]
320	(b) knowingly or intentionally interferes with the lawful service of process by a public
321	servant[-]; or
322	(c) on property that is owned, operated, or controlled by the state or a political
323	subdivision of the state, willfully denies to a public servant:
324	(i) freedom of movement;
325	(ii) use of the property or facilities; or
326	(iii) ingress to or egress from the facilities.
327	(2) Interference with a public servant:
328	(a) under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) is a class B misdemeanor[-]; and
329	(b) under Subsection (1)(c) is a class C misdemeanor.
330	(3) For purposes of this section, "public servant" does not include jurors.
331	Section 7. Section 76-9-102 is amended to read:
332	76-9-102. Disorderly conduct.
333	(1) A person is guilty of disorderly conduct if:
334	(a) the person refuses to comply with the lawful order of a law enforcement officer to
335	move from a public place, or knowingly creates a hazardous or physically offensive condition,
336	by any act which serves no legitimate purpose; or
337	(b) intending to cause public inconvenience, annoyance, or alarm, or recklessly

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338	creating a risk thereof, the person:
339	(i) engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous, or threatening behavior;
340	(ii) makes unreasonable noises in a public place;
341	(iii) makes unreasonable noises in a private place which can be heard in a public place;
342	or
343	(iv) obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic $in a public place$.
344	(2) "Public place," for the purpose of this section, means any place to which the public
345	or a substantial group of the public has access and includes but is not limited to streets,
346	highways, and the common areas of schools, hospitals, apartment houses, office buildings,
347	public buildings and facilities, transport facilities, and shops.
348	(3) The mere carrying or possession of a holstered or encased firearm, whether visible
349	or concealed, without additional behavior or circumstances that would cause a reasonable
350	person to believe the holstered or encased firearm was carried or possessed with criminal
351	intent, does not constitute a violation of this section. Nothing in this Subsection (3) may limit
352	or prohibit a law enforcement officer from approaching or engaging any person in a voluntary
353	conversation.
354	(4) Disorderly conduct is a class C misdemeanor if the offense continues after a request
355	by a person to desist. Otherwise it is an infraction.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel