A-Engrossed House Bill 3076

Ordered by the House April 15 Including House Amendments dated April 15

Sponsored by Representatives KROPF, GRAYBER, Senator REYNOLDS, Representative MCDONALD, Senator BROADMAN; Representatives DOBSON, GAMBA (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure. The statement includes a measure digest written in compliance with applicable readability standards.

Digest: The Act creates a state gun dealer licensing program administered by the DOJ. The Act takes effect when the Governor signs it. (Flesch Readability Score: 72.6).

[Digest: The Act tells the DOJ to study a state gun dealer licensing program. (Flesch Readability Score: 76.5).]

[Directs the Department of Justice to study the establishment of a state gun dealer licensing program, and to provide the results of the study to the appropriate interim committees of the Legislative Assembly no later than December 31, 2026.]

[Sunsets on January 2, 2027.]

Establishes a state gun dealer licensing program. Requires a license for dealers selling firearms, frames, receivers and unfinished frames and receivers beginning January 1, 2027, or October 15, 2027, for certain federal firearms licensees.

Authorizes the Department of Justice to establish licensing fees. Specifies eligibility criteria for obtaining the license. Directs the department to conduct licensee inspections. Specifies circumstances that result in license suspension or revocation or the imposition of a civil penalty. Directs the department to adopt rules concerning licensee employee training, the storage of firearms and ammunition by licensees and other security requirements. Requires licensee employee background checks and specifies requirements for recordkeeping. Punishes the selling of a firearm by a dealer without a license by a maximum of five years' imprisonment, \$125,000 fine, or both. Directs the department to submit an annual report on the licensing program to the Legislative Assembly. Establishes the Firearm Dealer License Fund.

Requires a transferor at a gun show to hold a state license. Declares an emergency, effective on passage.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to gun dealer licenses; creating new provisions; amending ORS 166.433, 166.436, 166.438 and

3 166.441; and declaring an emergency.

4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. As used in sections 1 to 9 of this 2025 Act:

6 (1)(a) "Dealer" means a person or business engaged in the wholesale or retail business

7 of selling firearms, frames, receivers or unfinished frames or receivers, and who has, or who

8 is required under federal law to have, a federal firearms license under 18 U.S.C. 923(a).

9 (b) "Dealer" does not include a person or business that sells, on average, 10 or fewer

10 firearms, frames, receivers or unfinished frames or receivers, within any 12-month period

11 that the person or business has engaged in such sales.

12 (2) "Department" means the Department of Justice.

13 (3) "Federal firearms license" means a license to import, manufacture or deal in firearms

14 issued pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 923.

15 (4) "Firearm" has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.210.

(5) "Frame" has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.210. 1

2 (6) "Receiver" has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.210.

(7) "Retailer" means a dealer who operates a store open to the public from which the 3 dealer engages in the business of selling, transferring or facilitating the sale or transfer of 4 firearms. 5

(8) "State license" means the state firearms dealer license issued under sections 2 and 3 6 of this 2025 Act. 7

(9) "Unfinished frame or receiver" has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.210. 8

9 SECTION 2. (1) Beginning January 1, 2027, a state license is required for all dealers to sell firearms, frames, receivers and unfinished frames and receivers in this state. 10

(2) The Department of Justice shall issue state firearms dealer licenses in accordance 11 12 with this section and section 3 of this 2025 Act.

13 (3)(a) The department shall adopt rules necessary for the implementation of this section and section 3 of this 2025 Act, including rules establishing the process for applying for and 14 15 obtaining a state license.

(b) The department may not adopt a rule that modifies the eligibility criteria for obtain-16 ing a state license under this section and section 3 of this 2025 Act, but the rules may au-17 thorize the collection of any information the department deems necessary to verify an 18 applicant's eligibility. 19

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(4) The department shall develop an application form for initial state license applications and state license renewals. 21

22(5)(a) The department is authorized to establish and collect a state license application fee, based on the department's actual costs, to reasonably reimburse the department for the 23costs of carrying out the provisions of sections 1 to 9 of this 2025 Act. 24

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(b) The department may establish a reduced fee for state license renewal applications.

(c) The department shall deposit all fees collected under this section into the Firearm 2627Dealer License Fund established by section 10 of this 2025 Act.

(6)(a) For state licenses issued before January 1, 2027, the fee for the initial issuance of 28the license shall be based upon the average annual firearm sales of the dealer during the 2930 prior three years as described in paragraph (b) of this subsection. If the dealer has not been 31 in business for three years, the fee shall be the amount described in paragraph (b) of this subsection based upon the average annual firearm sales over the time the dealer has been 32in business. If the dealer has not previously sold firearms prior to the application, the fee 33 34 shall be \$500, or the amount described in paragraph (b) of this subsection based on the dealer's good faith estimate of projected sales, whichever amount is smaller. 35

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(b) The fee based on actual or projected sales is as follows:

37 (A) \$50 for the sale of 11 to 50 firearms per year.

(B) \$250 for the sale of 51 to 250 firearms per year. 38

(C) \$500 for the sale of 251 to 750 firearms per year. 39

(D) \$1,000 for the sale of 751 to 1,000 firearms per year. 40

(E) \$1,500 for the sale of 1,001 or more firearms per year. 41

(c) The department shall annually review the fees described in this subsection and, for 42 licenses issued or renewed on and after January 1, 2027, may annually adjust the fee based 43 on the costs of carrying out the provisions of sections 1 to 9 of this 2025 Act. The department 44 may not adjust any fee more than once per year and may not increase any fee by more than 45

20 percent per year. 1 2 (d) The department shall ensure that the current fees for the initial issuance and renewal of state licenses are published on the department's website. 3 SECTION 3. (1) A person is eligible for a state firearms dealer license if the person: 4 (a) Currently holds and is eligible for a valid federal firearms license; 5 (b) Has never had a permit or license to sell, lease, transfer, purchase or possess a 6 firearm or ammunition from the federal government, any state or any subdivision of a state, 7 or an application for such a permit or license, revoked, suspended or denied for good cause 8 9 within the five years prior to submitting an application for a state license; (c) Has not been convicted of violating any federal or state law concerning the pos-10 session, purchase or sale of firearms within the 10 years prior to submitting an application; 11 12and 13 (d) Provides proof of residence in Oregon and the physical address of the place where business will be conducted. 14 15 (2) A person applying for or renewing a state license under this section shall complete a Department of Justice application and pay the fee established by the department under sec-16 tion 2 of this 2025 Act. 17 18 (3)(a) The department shall make a determination on a state license application within 60 days after the application is received. 19 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, the department may for good cause 20

extend the determination time period by an additional 60 days.

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(4) The department shall issue a state license to an applicant unless the applicant does
not meet the eligibility requirements described in subsection (1) of this section or the applicant makes a false statement on the application.

(5) A state license issued under this section is valid for three years and is not
 transferable.

(6)(a) A licensee may apply for renewal of a state license at any time within the 90 days
prior to expiration of the state license. The department may not accept a renewal application
after the state license has expired.

(b) The department shall notify a licensee of the state license expiration date 90 days
 prior to the expiration.

(c) Notwithstanding section 2 (1) of this 2025 Act, a licensee who submits a timely and sufficiently complete renewal application may continue to engage in the business of dealing in firearms until the department has made a determination on the renewal application. For purposes of this paragraph, an application is sufficiently completed if the application includes all information necessary to make a determination that the applicant is eligible for state license renewal and the licensee has not made any false statements on the application.

(d) The department shall make a determination on a state license renewal application
 within 60 days after the renewal application is received.

40 (7) The decision by the department to refuse to issue or renew a state license under this
41 section may be appealed as a contested case under ORS chapter 183.

42 <u>SECTION 4.</u> (1) The Department of Justice shall conduct on-site inspections, in accord-43 ance with this section, of each state license holder's place of business to ensure that the 44 licensee is complying with the requirements to hold a state license described in sections 5a 45 and 6 of this 2025 Act and rules adopted pursuant to sections 5a and 6 of this 2025 Act.

(2)(a) The department may conduct reasonable periodic unannounced inspections of a 1 2 retailer licensee's place of business during the retailer licensee's regular business hours. (b) The department may conduct inspections of licensees other than retailer licensees 3 after providing at least 24 hours' notice. 4 (3)(a) The department shall adopt rules concerning the notice requirements and the scope 5 of inspections conducted under this section. 6 (b) The department shall adopt rules concerning the frequency of inspections conducted 7 under this section. The rules must require that each licensee be inspected at least once every 8 9 three years. SECTION 5. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, if the Department 10 of Justice determines that a licensee transferred a firearm in violation of ORS 166.400, failed 11 12 to comply with any of the requirements of section 5a or 6 of this 2025 Act or rules adopted pursuant to section 5a or 6 of this 2025 Act, or violated any other state, federal or local law 13 for which the penalty includes revocation of the licensee's federal firearm license, the de-14 15 partment may: 16(a) For a first offense, issue a warning to the licensee that includes a description of the offense and the penalty for subsequent offenses, or impose a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per 17 18 violation. 19 (b) For a second or subsequent offense, suspend or revoke the licensee's state license, issue a warning or impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per violation. 20(2)(a) The department shall revoke a state license if the licensee: 2122(A) No longer holds a valid federal firearms license; (B) Knowingly employs a person in violation of section 5a of this 2025 Act; 23(C) Is prohibited from possessing or purchasing firearms under federal or state law; 24 (D) Is no longer a resident of this state; or 25(E) Is convicted of any of the following: 2627(i) A felony under state or federal law; (ii) A state or federal crime that results in the licensee being prohibited from purchasing 28or possessing a firearm or ammunition; 2930 (iii) A crime containing as an element purchasing or otherwise obtaining a firearm on 31 behalf of, or for transfer to, a person who cannot lawfully purchase or possess a firearm; (iv) A conviction under ORS 166.412 (14) or 166.418; 32(v) Providing false information in connection with a transfer of a firearm under ORS 33 34 166.416; or (vi) Trafficking in firearms under 18 U.S.C. 933. 35 (b) A dealer whose state license is revoked solely because the dealer no longer holds a 36 37 valid federal firearms license under paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection may apply for a new 38 state license any time after the person obtains a valid federal firearms license. (c) A licensee whose state license is revoked under paragraph (a)(B) to (E) of this sub-39 section may apply for a new state license no sooner than five years after the revocation. 40 (3) The department may revoke a state license if the licensee unreasonably refuses to 41 allow the department to conduct an on-site inspection pursuant to section 4 of this 2025 Act. 42 (4)(a) If the department determines that a licensee violated state or federal law related 43 to the possession, sale or purchase of firearms, the department: 44 (A) For a first offense, shall issue a warning to the licensee that includes a description 45

1 of the violation.

2 (B) For a second or subsequent offense, may revoke the licensee's state license.

3 (b) A licensee whose state license is revoked under this subsection may apply for a new
4 state license no sooner than three years after the revocation.

5 (5)(a) Unless the department determines that revocation is appropriate for a specific violation, when a licensee has engaged in conduct for which revocation of the licensee's state license is authorized under this section, the licensee shall be provided notice of the violation and information concerning how to remedy the violation, and given the opportunity to remedy the violation and submit proof of the remedy to the department within 90 days of receiving the notice.

11 (b) The failure to remedy a violation as described in this subsection constitutes inde-12 pendent grounds for the department to revoke the licensee's state license.

(6) If the department revokes a state license under this section, the department shall notify the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives of the revocation within 48 hours of the revocation becoming effective. The notification shall occur by both phone call and a subsequent letter documenting the reason for the revocation and describing what action will be taken concerning the licensee's inventory and records.

(7)(a) Civil penalties under subsection (1) of this section shall be imposed in the manner
 provided by ORS 183.745.

(b) All penalties recovered under subsection (1) of this section shall be deposited into the
 Firearm Dealer License Fund established under section 10 of this 2025 Act.

(8) A decision by the department to revoke or suspend a state license under this section
 may be appealed as a contested case under ORS chapter 183.

(9) The department shall adopt rules concerning the specific violations and corresponding
 penalties described in this section.

<u>SECTION 5a.</u> (1)(a) The Department of Justice shall develop a training course, or approve training courses provided by other entities, for licensees and persons who are employed by, volunteer for or contract with licensees who will handle or engage in the sale or other transfer of firearms as part of the person's official duties. The training must be available in an online format. The department shall adopt rules concerning the format of the training, the testing administered upon completion of the training, the passing score for the testing and the format of the proof of completion of the training.

(b) The training described in this subsection must include instruction on the following
 subjects:

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(A) Federal and state laws governing the sale and transfer of firearms and ammunition;

(B) Recognizing and identifying straw purchasers, firearm trafficking and fraudulent ac tivity;

(C) Recognizing and identifying indicators that a person is attempting to purchase a
 firearm unlawfully;

40 (D) Recognizing and identifying indicators that an individual intends to use a firearm for 41 unlawful purposes or self-harm;

42 (E) Preventing theft or burglary of firearms and ammunition;

43 (F) Responding to circumstances described in subparagraphs (A) to (E) of this paragraph,
 44 and any applicable reporting requirements; and

45 (G) Any other reasonable business practices that the department determines will deter

1 firearm trafficking or the unlawful use of firearms.

2 (c) A licensee shall, within 30 days after the date of being issued a state license under 3 sections 2 and 3 of this 2025 Act, complete the training course described in paragraph (a) of 4 this subsection, and annually thereafter so long as the licensee holds the state license.

5 (d) An employee, volunteer or contractor of a licensee who, in the course of the person's 6 duties, handles a firearm or processes the sale, loan or other transfer of a firearm shall, 7 within 30 days after the first day of work for the licensee, or within 30 days after the licensee 8 is issued a state license, complete the training course described in paragraph (a) of this 9 subsection.

(e) An employee, volunteer or contractor of a licensee required to complete an initial
 training course under this subsection is also required to annually thereafter complete the
 training course while employed by, volunteering for or contracting with the licensee.

(f) A licensee shall maintain the training records of the licensee and each employee, volunteer or contractor of the licensee who handles or engages in the sale or other transfer of firearms as part of the person's official duties, and shall make the records available to the department during an on-site inspection of the licensee's place of business conducted pursuant to section 4 of this 2025 Act.

(2)(a) For an employee, volunteer or contract position that, in the course of the person's
 duties, involves handling or engaging in the sale or other transfer of firearms, a licensee
 may not allow a person to occupy the position who:

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(A) Is prohibited from possessing or purchasing firearms under state or federal law;

(B) Has been convicted of an offense described in ORS 166.250 or 166.470 (1), or a violent
felony as defined in ORS 147.500, within five years prior to the date the person applies to
work for the licensee; or

(C) Has had the person's own state license or federal firearms license revoked within the
 previous 10 years.

(b) In order to determine whether a licensee may allow a person to be employed or work as a volunteer or contractor in a capacity in which the person will handle or engage in the sale or other transfer of firearms consistent with this subsection, the licensee shall require the person to submit to a criminal history record check as described in subsection (3) of this section. A licensee shall only accept the results of a criminal history record check completed within seven days prior to the person's first day of work.

(3)(a) Before a person begins employment for, volunteers for or contracts with a licensee
 in a capacity in which the person will handle or engage in the sale or transfer of firearms,
 the person shall submit to a fingerprint-based criminal history record check.

(b) The person shall have the person's fingerprints taken by a local law enforcement
agency or any third party approved by the Department of State Police for the purpose of
obtaining a fingerprint-based criminal history record check. The person shall authorize the
entity taking the fingerprints to submit, and the entity shall submit, the complete set of
fingerprints to the Department of State Police.

(c) If an approved third party obtains the fingerprints, the fingerprints may be electron ically captured using equipment approved by the Department of State Police.

(d) The Department of State Police shall first use the person's fingerprints to conduct a
criminal history record check using the records of the Department of State Police. If authorized by federal law, the Department of State Police shall then forward the fingerprints

to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of conducting a fingerprint-based criminal history record check. The Department of State Police, the Department of Justice, the person and the entity that obtained the fingerprints shall comply with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's requirements to conduct a criminal history record check.

5 (e) The Department of State Police shall return the results of the criminal history record 6 check to the Department of Justice, and the Department of Justice is authorized to receive 7 the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's criminal history record check. The de-8 partment shall use the information resulting from the criminal history record check to de-9 termine whether a person is qualified for employment under this subsection, and shall notify 10 the licensee of the results of the investigation within a reasonable amount of time.

(f) If the Federal Bureau of Investigation is unable to complete a fingerprint-based criminal history record check of a person, the Department of State Police shall inform the Department of Justice, and the Department of State Police may use the criminal history record check of the person conducted using the records of the Department of State Police as a substitute.

(g) If the results of a criminal history record check performed under this subsection re veal a record of arrest without a disposition, the Department of Justice shall require the
 person to submit to a name-based judicial record check.

(h) An employee, volunteer or contractor of a licensee who handles or engages in the sale
 or other transfer of firearms as part of the person's official duties shall annually submit to
 a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as described in this subsection.

(i) A licensee shall maintain a copy of the notice following each criminal history record check conducted under this subsection indicating that a person is qualified for employment, volunteering or contracting. The licensee shall maintain a copy of the notice for the duration of the person's employment, or during the time period that the person volunteers for or contracts with the licensee, and shall make the notice available to the department during an on-site inspection of the licensee's place of business.

(4) If a licensee knows or has reason to believe an employee, volunteer or contractor is
involved in the theft of a firearm from the licensee's place of business, the licensee shall
report the theft within 48 hours after having knowledge of the theft, or reason to believe a
theft occurred, to a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the licensee's place of
business.

(5) The department may adopt rules necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
 SECTION 6. (1)(a) The Department of Justice shall adopt rules for the secure storage of

firearms and ammunition by retailer licensees and other licensees in a manner that prevents unauthorized access. The rules must include but are not limited to:

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(A) Provisions concerning the locations where firearms may be stored;

(B) Provisions concerning how firearms must be stored, including specifications for se cure rooms, safes, locking devices and physical barriers; and

40 (C) Specifications for securing buildings, doors and windows of the licensee's place of 41 business to prevent unauthorized entry.

42 (b) The department shall consider industry standards and best practices when adopting
 43 rules described in this subsection.

44 (2) A licensee may not conduct business or store firearms or ammunition at the 45 licensee's place of business unless the licensee securely stores firearms and ammunition in

1 accordance with the rules described in subsection (1) of this section.

2 (3)(a) A licensee may not sell or store firearms at the licensee's place of business, or any 3 place that firearms are sold or otherwise transferred, unless the location is equipped with a 4 security alarm system.

5 (b) The department shall adopt rules concerning the specifications for alarm systems 6 described in this subsection.

7 (c) It is not a violation of this subsection if the alarm system becomes temporarily in-8 operable through no fault of the licensee, provided that the licensee takes reasonable steps 9 to ensure that the alarm system becomes operable within 30 days of having notice of the 10 inoperability.

(4)(a) A licensee shall ensure that the licensee's business premises, or any place that
 firearms are sold or otherwise transferred, is monitored by a digital video surveillance sys tem as described in this subsection.

(b) A retailer licensee or a licensee who sells more than 50 firearms per year shall ensure that the video surveillance system is capable of operating 24 hours a day, either recording continuously or upon motion activation. A licensee other than a retailer who sells 50 or fewer firearms per year shall ensure that the video surveillance system records a customer at any time that the customer is on the premises.

(c) The video surveillance system must operate in a manner that deters theft and that
 enables the system to record:

21 (A) Individuals involved in firearms transactions;

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22 (B) All areas where firearms are handled or transferred; and

(C) The entrance or access area to any firearm storage location.

(d) The department shall adopt rules concerning the specifications for video surveillance
systems described in this subsection. The rules must contain specifications concerning the
lighting of recorded locations, the type of video and audio recordings required, locations that
must be surveilled, reporting to law enforcement agencies, public notice requirements and
verification of surveillance compliance.

(e) It is not a violation of this subsection if the video surveillance system becomes tem porarily inoperable through no fault of the licensee, provided that the licensee takes rea sonable steps to ensure that the system becomes operable within 30 days of having notice
 of the inoperability.

(f) Video surveillance system recordings must be maintained for a minimum of three
 years.

(g) A licensee may not use, share, allow access or otherwise release video surveillance
 system recordings to any person except as follows:

(A) A licensee shall allow access to the surveillance system to an agent of the depart ment conducting an inspection of the licensee's premises, for the purpose of inspecting the
 system for compliance with this subsection under circumstances in which a search warrant
 or court order is not required.

(B) A licensee shall allow access to the surveillance system pursuant to a search warrant
 or other court order.

43 (C) A licensee may allow access to the surveillance system or may release recordings to
 44 any person in response to an insurance claim or as part of the civil discovery process, in 45 cluding but not limited to in response to a subpoena, a request for production or inspection

1 or other court order.

2 (5)(a) A licensee shall carry a general liability insurance policy providing at least \$1
 3 million of coverage per incident.

4 (b) This subsection does not preclude any local authority or local governing body from
5 enacting or enforcing a more stringent requirement regarding the maintenance of liability
6 insurance.

7 (6)

(6) A licensee may not sell or transfer a firearm:

8 (a) Outside of the licensee's posted business hours, except that a licensee may sell or
9 transfer a firearm at a gun show as defined in ORS 166.432 outside of the licensee's posted
10 business hours.

(b) To a person the licensee knows or has reason to believe is under the influence of al cohol or a controlled substance as defined in ORS 475.005.

(7)(a) A licensee may temporarily conduct business at a location other than the place of
 business designated in the license if the temporary location is within Oregon and is the lo cation of a gun show as defined in ORS 166.432. Nothing in this paragraph authorizes a
 licensee to conduct business in or from a motorized or towed vehicle.

(b) When temporarily conducting business under this subsection, the licensee shall comply with all other requirements imposed on licensees by this section. The failure of a licensee to comply with the other requirements of this section while conducting business at a temporary location may result in the licensee's state license being revoked.

(8)(a) A licensee shall establish and maintain a record book or an electronic record of all acquisitions and dispositions, inventory and other records at the licensee's place of business, in such form and for such a period of time as the department shall require by rule. The licensee shall submit copies of the records to the department on a schedule established by the department by rule. The records must at a minimum include the following:

(A) The make, model, caliber or gauge, manufacturer's name and serial number of all
 firearms that are acquired or disposed of, recorded no later than one business day after the
 acquisition or disposal.

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(B) A monthly inventory of firearms acquired but not yet disposed of.

(C) Firearm disposition information, including the serial numbers of firearms sold, dates
 of sale, the identity of purchasers and details of the permit to purchase issued under ORS
 166.505.

(D) Criminal firearm traces initiated by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and
 Explosives.

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(b) If the records described in paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection:

(A) Are kept in a record book, the licensee shall maintain a monthly backup of the re cords in a secure container designed to prevent loss by fire, theft or flood.

(B) Are kept electronically, the licensee shall back up the records on an external server
 or over the Internet at the close of each business day.

40 (c) A licensee shall maintain the records described in paragraph (a)(B) of this subsection
41 in a secure location.

(d) A licensee shall maintain the records described in paragraph (a)(C) of this subsection
and, unless otherwise provided by law, make the records available at any time to a law
enforcement agency and to the manufacturer of the firearm or the manufacturer's designee.
(e) A licensee shall retain all ATF Form 4437 transaction records in the licensee's place

1 of business in a secure container designed to prevent loss by fire, theft or flood.

2 (f) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, a licensee operating a retail location that sells more than 10 firearms per year must implement an electronic record-keeping sys-3 tem to keep track of changing inventory that updates the make, model, caliber or gauge and 4 serial number of each firearm received or sold by the licensee. Each retail sale or purchase 5 must be recorded in the electronic system within 24 hours of the transaction. A shipment 6 of firearms from a manufacturer or wholesaler must be recorded in the electronic system 7 no later than five business days after the shipment is received or within 24 hours after the 8 9 firearms are entered into inventory, whichever occurs first. The licensee shall maintain the electronic records described in this paragraph for at least the time period required by 27 10 C.F.R. 478.129 or any successor federal law regulating the retention of records. 11

(9) The department shall adopt rules concerning licensee requirements for suicide risk
 education outreach, which may include but are not limited to requirements to display signs
 at the licensee's place of business or offer pamphlets to firearm purchasers.

(10) The department may adopt rules necessary to carry out any provision of this section.
 SECTION 7. (1) A licensee shall:

(a) Maintain for six years copies of all firearm trace requests received, including no tations for trace requests received by phone.

(b) Provide an annual report to the Attorney General concerning trace requests that in cludes at a minimum the following information:

21 (A) The total number of trace requests received;

22 (B) For each trace request, the make and model of the firearm and date of sale; and

(C) Whether the licensee was inspected by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and
 Explosives, and copies of any reports of violation notifications or letters received from the
 bureau.

(2) Beginning no later than January 15, 2027, and annually thereafter, the Attorney
 General shall publish a report in a manner available to the public outlining the information
 provided under this section.

29 <u>SECTION 8.</u> (1) A person who is a dealer and who knowingly sells firearms without a 30 valid state license issued under sections 2 and 3 of this 2025 Act commits a Class C felony.

(2) Any firearm transferred or possessed in violation of this section is an instrumentality
 of the crime and subject to forfeiture under ORS chapter 131A.

<u>SECTION 9.</u> (1) Beginning no later than January 15, 2027, and annually thereafter, the
 Department of Justice shall submit a report to the Legislative Assembly, in the manner
 provided in ORS 192.245, concerning firearm dealer licensing under sections 1 to 9 of this 2025
 Act within the prior fiscal year. The report must include, at a minimum:

(a) The number of state license applications received, including renewal applications and
 the number of state licenses granted, renewed and denied;

39 40 (b) The number of state licenses revoked and the reason for each revocation;

(c) The number of licensee inspections conducted;

41 (d) The number of warnings issued to licensees for violating the requirements of sections
42 1 to 9 of this 2025 Act and the basis for each warning;

(e) The amount of fees collected and deposited into the Firearm Dealer License Fund
 established under section 10 of this 2025 Act and the amount expended from the fund; and

45 (f) The total amount spent by the department on licensing costs and inspection costs.

1 (2) The report described in this section may include information about the race, gender 2 and geographic location of persons who applied for a state license, including whether the 3 application was granted or denied, and persons whose state licenses were revoked.

4 (3) The report described in this section shall be made available to the public no later than 5 three months after submission to the Legislative Assembly.

6 <u>SECTION 10.</u> The Firearm Dealer License Fund is created, separate and distinct from the 7 General Fund. The Firearm Dealer License Fund consists of moneys deposited into the fund 8 under sections 2 and 5 of this 2025 Act and any other moneys that the Legislative Assembly 9 may appropriate or transfer to the fund. Interest earned by the fund shall be credited to 10 and deposited in the fund. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the Depart-11 ment of Justice for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of sections 1 to 9 of this 2025 12 Act.

<u>SECTION 11.</u> (1)(a) A state license is required for all dealers to sell firearms, frames,
 receivers and unfinished frames and receivers in this state on and after January 1, 2027.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, for a dealer who holds only a Type
02 Federal Firearms License, a state license is required for the dealer to sell firearms,
frames, receivers and unfinished frames and receivers in this state on and after October 15,
2027.

(2)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(a) of this section, a dealer who submits a suffi ciently completed application prior to January 1, 2027, may continue to engage in the busi ness of dealing in firearms until the Department of Justice has made a determination on the
 application.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(b) of this section, a dealer who holds only a Type 02
Federal Firearms License and who submits a sufficiently completed application prior to October 15, 2027, may continue to engage in the business of dealing in firearms until the Department of Justice has made a determination on the application.

(c) For purposes of this subsection, an application is sufficiently completed if the application includes all information necessary to make a determination that the applicant is eligible for a state license.

30 (3)(a) The Department of Justice shall adopt the initial set of rules required by section
31 2 of this 2025 Act by no later than February 1, 2026.

32 (b) The department shall open the application process for state licensing on or before
 33 July 1, 2026.

(c) A state license applicant must apply for a state license by September 1, 2026, in order
 to be eligible to be issued a state license prior to January 1, 2027.

(d) Notwithstanding section 3 (3) of this 2025 Act, the department shall make a determi nation on a state license application received prior to September 1, 2026, by no later than
 December 31, 2026.

(4) A person who is an employee, volunteer or contractor of a licensee on January 1, 2027,
and who, in the course of the person's duties, handles or engages in the sale or other
transfer of a firearm shall complete the training course described in section 5a (1)(a) of this
2025 Act no later than January 1, 2027, unless granted an extension by the department.

(5) A person who is employed by, is volunteering for or is contracted to work with a
licensee, in a capacity in which the person handles or engages in the sale or other transfer
of firearms, on January 1, 2027, who is required to obtain a criminal history record check

[11]

under section 5a of this 2025 Act, and who submits fingerprints for the criminal history re-1

2 cord check prior to January 1, 2027, may continue with employment, volunteering or working

pursuant to the contract until the department determines whether the employee is qualified 3

4 for employment.

5 (6) The definitions in section 1 of this 2025 Act apply to this section.

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SECTION 12. (1) Section 6 of this 2025 Act becomes operative on January 1, 2027.

(2) The Department of Justice may adopt rules and take any other action before the op-7 erative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the de-8 9 partment, on and after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, to undertake and exercise all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the department 10 by section 6 of this 2025 Act. 11

12SECTION 13. ORS 166.433 is amended to read:

13 166.433. The people of this state find that[:]

[(1) The laws of Oregon regulating the sale of firearms contain a loophole that allows people other 14 15 than gun dealers to sell firearms at gun shows without first conducting criminal background checks; 16and]

[(2)] it is necessary for the safety of the people of Oregon that any person who transfers a 1718 firearm at a gun show be required to request a criminal background check before completing the transfer of the firearm. 19

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SECTION 14. ORS 166.436 is amended to read:

21166.436. (1) The Department of State Police shall make the telephone number established under 22ORS 166.412 (5) available for requests for criminal background checks under this section from per-23sons who [are not gun dealers] have a state license as defined in section 1 of this 2025 Act and who are transferring firearms at gun shows. 24

25(2) Prior to transferring a firearm at a gun show, a transferor [who is not a gun dealer] shall by telephone verify that the transferee has a valid [permit-to-purchase] permit to purchase a 2627firearm under ORS 166.505, and request that the department conduct a criminal background check on the recipient upon providing the following information to the department: 28

(a) The name, address and telephone number of the transferor; 29

30 (b) The make, model, caliber and manufacturer's number of the firearm being transferred;

31 (c) The name, date of birth, race, sex and address of the recipient;

(d) The Social Security number of the recipient if the recipient voluntarily provides that number; 32

(e) The address of the place where the transfer is occurring; and 33

34 (f) The type, issuer and identification number of a current piece of identification bearing a recent photograph of the recipient presented by the recipient. The identification presented by the re-35 cipient must meet the requirements of ORS 166.412 (4)(a). 36

37 (3)(a) Upon receipt of a request for a criminal background check under this section, the de-38 partment shall immediately, during the telephone call or by return call:

(A) Determine from criminal records and other information available to it whether the recipient 39 is disqualified under ORS 166.470 from completing the transfer or is otherwise prohibited by state 40 or federal law from possessing a firearm; and 41

42(B) Notify the transferor when a recipient is disqualified from completing the transfer or provide the transferor with a unique approval number indicating that the recipient is qualified to complete 43 the transfer. The unique approval number is a permit valid for 24 hours for the requested transfer. 44 If the firearm is not transferred from the transferor to the recipient within 24 hours after receipt 45

of the unique approval number, a new request must be made by the transferor. 1

2 (b) If the department is unable to determine whether the recipient is qualified for or disqualified from completing the transfer within 30 minutes of receiving the request, the department shall notify 3 the transferor and provide the transferor with an estimate of the time when the department will 4 provide the requested information. $\mathbf{5}$

(c) The transferor may not transfer the firearm unless the transferor receives a unique approval 6 number from the department and, within 48 hours of the completed transfer, the transferor shall 7 notify the state that the transfer to the permit holder was completed. 8

9 (4) A public employee or public agency incurs no criminal or civil liability for performing the criminal background checks required by this section, provided the employee or agency acts in good 10 faith and without malice. 11

12 (5)(a) The department may retain a record of the information obtained during a request for a 13 criminal background check under this section for the period of time provided in ORS 166.412 (7)[, as amended by section 6, chapter 1, Oregon Laws 2023]. 14

15 (b) The record of the information obtained during a request for a criminal background check 16 under this section is exempt from disclosure under public records law.

17 (c) If the department determines that a recipient is prohibited from possessing a firearm under 18 ORS 166.250 (1)(c), the department shall report the attempted transfer, the recipient's name and any 19 other personally identifiable information to all federal, state and local law enforcement agencies and 20district attorneys that have jurisdiction over the location or locations where the attempted transfer 21was made and where the recipient resides.

22(d) If the department determines that, based on the judgment of conviction, the recipient is 23prohibited from possessing a firearm as a condition of probation or that the recipient is currently on post-prison supervision or parole, the department shall report the attempted transfer to the 2425recipient's supervising officer and the district attorney of the county in which the conviction oc-26curred.

27(e) If the department determines that the recipient is prohibited from possessing a firearm due to a court order described in ORS 166.255 (1)(a), the department shall report the attempted transfer 28to the court that issued the order. 29

30 (f) If the department determines that the recipient is under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric 31 Security Review Board, the department shall report the attempted transfer to the board.

(g) Reports required by paragraphs (c) to (f) of this subsection shall be made within 24 hours 32after the determination is made, unless a report would compromise an ongoing investigation, in 33 34 which case the report may be delayed as long as necessary to avoid compromising the investigation.

35 (h) On or before January 31 of each year, a law enforcement agency or a prosecuting attorney's office that received a report pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection during the previous cal-36 37 endar year shall inform the department of any action that was taken concerning the report and the 38 outcome of the action.

(i) The department shall annually publish a written report, based on any information received 39 40 under paragraph (h) of this subsection, detailing the following information for the previous year:

(A) The number of recipients whom the department determined were prohibited from possessing 41 a firearm under ORS 166.250 (1)(c), arranged by category of prohibition; 42

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(B) The number of reports made pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection;

(C) The number of investigations arising from the reports made pursuant to paragraph (c) of this 44 subsection, the number of investigations concluded and the number of investigations referred for 45

prosecution, all arranged by category of prohibition; and 1 2 (D) The number of criminal charges arising from the reports made pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection and the disposition of the charges, both arranged by category of prohibition. 3 (6) The recipient of the firearm must be present when the transferor requests a criminal back-4 ground check under this section. $\mathbf{5}$ (7)(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a transferor who receives 6 notification under this section that the recipient is qualified to complete the transfer of a firearm, 7 has the recipient fill out the form required by ORS 166.438 (1)(a) and retains the form as required 8 9 by ORS 166.438 (2) is immune from civil liability for any use of the firearm from the time of the 10 transfer unless the transferor knows, or reasonably should know, that the recipient is likely to commit an unlawful act involving the firearm. 11 12(b) The immunity provided by paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply: 13 (A) If the transferor knows, or reasonably should know, that the recipient of the firearm intends to deliver the firearm to a third person who the transferor knows, or reasonably should know, may 14 15 not lawfully possess the firearm; or 16 (B) In any product liability civil action under ORS 30.900 to 30.920. SECTION 15. ORS 166.438 is amended to read: 17 18 166.438. (1) A transferor [who is not a gun dealer] may not transfer a firearm at a gun show unless the transferor has a state license as defined in section 1 of this 2025 Act and: 19 20[(a)(A)] (a) Verifies with the Department of State Police that the recipient has a valid permitto-purchase issued under ORS 166.505; 2122[(B)] (b) Requests a criminal background check under ORS 166.436 prior to completing the transfer; 23[(C)] (c) Receives a unique approval number from the department indicating that the recipient 24 is qualified to complete the transfer; and 25[(D)] (d) Has the recipient complete the form described in ORS 166.441[; or] 26[(b) Completes the transfer through a gun dealer]. 27(2) The transferor shall retain the completed form referred to in subsection (1) of this section 28for at least five years and shall make the completed form available to law enforcement agencies for 2930 the purpose of criminal investigations. 31 (3) A person who organizes a gun show shall post in a prominent place at the gun show a notice 32explaining the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section. The person shall provide the form required by subsection (1) of this section to any person transferring a firearm at the gun show. 33 34 [(4) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply if the transferee is licensed as a dealer under 18 U.S.C. 923.] 35 [(5)(a)] (4)(a) Failure to comply with the requirements of subsection (1), (2) or (3) of this section 36 37 is a Class A misdemeanor. 38 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, failure to comply with the requirements of subsection (1), (2) or (3) of this section is a Class C felony if the person has two or more previous 39 convictions under this section at the time of the offense. 40 [(6)] (5) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of violating subsection (1) or (3) of this section 41 that the person did not know, or reasonably could not know, that more than 25 firearms were at the 42 site and available for transfer. 43 SECTION 16. ORS 166.441 is amended to read: 44

45 166.441. (1) The Department of State Police shall develop a form to be completed by a person

1 seeking to obtain a firearm at a gun show from a transferor [other than a gun dealer]. The depart-

2 ment shall consider including in the form all of the requirements for disclosure of information that

3 are required by federal law for over-the-counter firearms transactions.

4 (2) The department shall make the form available to the public at no cost.

5 <u>SECTION 17.</u> The amendments to ORS 166.433, 166.436, 166.438 and 166.441 by sections 13 6 to 16 of this 2025 Act become operative on January 1, 2027.

7 <u>SECTION 18.</u> This 2025 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 8 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2025 Act takes effect 9 on its passage.

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