

**As Introduced**

**131st General Assembly**

**Regular Session**

**2015-2016**

**S. B. No. 256**

**Senators Williams, Tavares**

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**A BILL**

To amend sections 109.73, 109.77, 109.79, 109.80, 1  
and 5503.05 and to enact sections 109.748 and 2  
2933.84 of the Revised Code to require the Ohio 3  
Peace Officer Training Commission to develop a 4  
course to train peace officers in performing 5  
their duties without biased policing or status- 6  
based profiling and require that peace officer 7  
basic training programs include the new training 8  
program; to prohibit law enforcement officers 9  
and officials from engaging in biased policing 10  
or status-based profiling with respect to 11  
motorists, bicyclists, and pedestrians; to 12  
generally require law enforcement agencies to 13  
maintain a policy designed to eliminate biased 14  
policing and status-based profiling and to cease 15  
existing practices that permit, perpetuate, or 16  
encourage biased policing or status-based 17  
profiling; to require each law enforcement 18  
agency to develop and provide annually to its 19  
officers and to officers who engage in biased 20  
policing or status-based profiling an 21  
educational training program on how to perform 22  
law enforcement duties without engaging in 23  
biased policing or status-based profiling; to 24

require a law enforcement agency to collect and 25  
report to the Attorney General specified 26  
information when an officer causes the stop, 27  
delay, or questioning of a motor vehicle or 28  
bicycle operator or pedestrian, or institutes a 29  
search, inventory, or inspection of a motor 30  
vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian; to require the 31  
Attorney General to determine and report 32  
disparities in stopping and searching that cause 33  
a disproportionately adverse effect on 34  
particular minority groups; to require any law 35  
enforcement agency that the Attorney General 36  
determines engages in biased policing or status- 37  
based profiling to take immediate remedial 38  
action; to provide a civil cause of action for 39  
an individual who is a victim of biased policing 40  
or status-based profiling; and to permit the 41  
Attorney General to seek injunctive relief 42  
against a law enforcement agency served by an 43  
officer who commits biased policing or status- 44  
based profiling. 45

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:**

**Section 1.** That sections 109.73, 109.77, 109.79, 109.80, 46  
and 5503.05 be amended and sections 109.748 and 2933.84 of the 47  
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 48

**Sec. 109.73.** (A) The Ohio peace officer training 49  
commission shall recommend rules to the attorney general with 50  
respect to all of the following: 51

(1) The approval, or revocation of approval, of peace officer training schools administered by the state, counties, municipal corporations, public school districts, technical college districts, and the department of natural resources;

(2) Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and equipment and facilities to be required at approved state, county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace officer training schools;

(3) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved state, county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace officer training schools;

(4) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before being eligible for permanent appointment, which requirements shall include training in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code; crisis intervention training; ~~and~~ training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases; ~~and~~ training in handling violations of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code; training in performing law enforcement duties and handling law enforcement matters without engaging in biased policing or status-based profiling; and the time within which such basic training shall be completed following appointment to a probationary term;

(5) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace officers not appointed for probationary terms but appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent appointment,

which requirements shall include training in the handling of the 82  
offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence- 83  
related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and 84  
consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 85  
3113.31 of the Revised Code~~;~~ crisis intervention training~~, and;~~ 86  
training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and 87  
neglect cases~~, and;~~ training in handling violations of section 88  
2905.32 of the Revised Code~~;~~ training in performing law 89  
enforcement duties and handling law enforcement matters without 90  
engaging in biased policing or status-based profiling; and the 91  
time within which such basic training shall be completed 92  
following appointment on other than a permanent basis; 93

(6) Categories or classifications of advanced in-service 94  
training programs for peace officers, including programs in the 95  
handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of 96  
domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection 97  
orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 98  
2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code~~;~~ in crisis intervention~~, 99  
and;~~ in the handling of missing children and child abuse and 100  
neglect cases~~, and;~~ in handling violations of section 2905.32 101  
of the Revised Code~~;~~ training in performing law enforcement 102  
duties and handling law enforcement matters without engaging in 103  
biased policing or status-based profiling; and minimum courses 104  
of study and attendance requirements with respect to such 105  
categories or classifications; 106

(7) Permitting persons, who are employed as members of a 107  
campus police department appointed under section 1713.50 of the 108  
Revised Code; who are employed as police officers by a qualified 109  
nonprofit corporation police department pursuant to section 110  
1702.80 of the Revised Code; who are appointed and commissioned 111  
as bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, credit 112

union, or association of banks, savings and loan associations, 113  
savings banks, or credit unions police officers, as railroad 114  
police officers, or as hospital police officers pursuant to 115  
sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code; or who are 116  
appointed and commissioned as amusement park police officers 117  
pursuant to section 4973.17 of the Revised Code, to attend 118  
approved peace officer training schools, including the Ohio 119  
peace officer training academy, and to receive certificates of 120  
satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if the 121  
private college or university that established the campus police 122  
department; qualified nonprofit corporation police department; 123  
bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union, 124  
or association of banks, savings and loan associations, savings 125  
banks, or credit unions; railroad company; hospital; or 126  
amusement park sponsoring the police officers pays the entire 127  
cost of the training and certification and if trainee vacancies 128  
are available; 129

(8) Permitting undercover drug agents to attend approved 130  
peace officer training schools, other than the Ohio peace 131  
officer training academy, and to receive certificates of 132  
satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if, for each 133  
undercover drug agent, the county, township, or municipal 134  
corporation that employs that undercover drug agent pays the 135  
entire cost of the training and certification; 136

(9) (a) The requirements for basic training programs for 137  
bailiffs and deputy bailiffs of courts of record of this state 138  
and for criminal investigators employed by the state public 139  
defender that those persons shall complete before they may carry 140  
a firearm while on duty; 141

(b) The requirements for any training received by a 142

bailiff or deputy bailiff of a court of record of this state or 143  
by a criminal investigator employed by the state public defender 144  
prior to June 6, 1986, that is to be considered equivalent to 145  
the training described in division (A) (9) (a) of this section. 146

(10) Establishing minimum qualifications and requirements 147  
for certification for dogs utilized by law enforcement agencies; 148

(11) Establishing minimum requirements for certification 149  
of persons who are employed as correction officers in a full- 150  
service jail, five-day facility, or eight-hour holding facility 151  
or who provide correction services in such a jail or facility; 152

(12) Establishing requirements for the training of agents 153  
of a county humane society under section 1717.06 of the Revised 154  
Code, including, without limitation, a requirement that the 155  
agents receive instruction on traditional animal husbandry 156  
methods and training techniques, including customary owner- 157  
performed practices. 158

(B) The commission shall appoint an executive director, 159  
with the approval of the attorney general, who shall hold office 160  
during the pleasure of the commission. The executive director 161  
shall perform such duties assigned by the commission. The 162  
executive director shall receive a salary fixed pursuant to 163  
Chapter 124. of the Revised Code and reimbursement for expenses 164  
within the amounts available by appropriation. The executive 165  
director may appoint officers, employees, agents, and 166  
consultants as the executive director considers necessary, 167  
prescribe their duties, and provide for reimbursement of their 168  
expenses within the amounts available for reimbursement by 169  
appropriation and with the approval of the commission. 170

(C) The commission may do all of the following: 171

(1) Recommend studies, surveys, and reports to be made by the executive director regarding the carrying out of the objectives and purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code;	172 173 174 175
(2) Visit and inspect any peace officer training school that has been approved by the executive director or for which application for approval has been made;	176 177 178
(3) Make recommendations, from time to time, to the executive director, the attorney general, and the general assembly regarding the carrying out of the purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code;	179 180 181 182
(4) Report to the attorney general from time to time, and to the governor and the general assembly at least annually, concerning the activities of the commission;	183 184 185
(5) Establish fees for the services the commission offers under sections 109.71 to 109.79 of the Revised Code, including, but not limited to, fees for training, certification, and testing;	186 187 188 189
(6) Perform such other acts as are necessary or appropriate to carry out the powers and duties of the commission as set forth in sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code.	190 191 192
(D) In establishing the requirements, under division (A) (12) of this section, the commission may consider any portions of the curriculum for instruction on the topic of animal husbandry practices, if any, of the Ohio state university college of veterinary medicine. No person or entity that fails to provide instruction on traditional animal husbandry methods and training techniques, including customary owner-performed practices, shall qualify to train a humane agent for appointment	193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200

under section 1717.06 of the Revised Code. 201

Sec. 109.748. The attorney general shall do all of the 202  
following: 203

(A) Adopt, in accordance with Chapter 119. or pursuant to 204  
section 109.74 of the Revised Code, rules governing the training 205  
of peace officers in performing law enforcement duties and 206  
handling law enforcement matters without engaging in biased 207  
policing or status-based profiling, including biased policing 208  
and status-based profiling of the type described in divisions 209  
(B) and (C) of section 2933.84 of the Revised Code. The rules 210  
shall specify the amount of that training necessary for the 211  
satisfactory completion of basic training programs at approved 212  
peace officer training schools other than the Ohio peace officer 213  
training academy. The rules shall require that the training 214  
include, but not be limited to, materials that provide an 215  
understanding of the historical and cultural systems that 216  
perpetuate biased policing and status-based profiling, 217  
assistance in identifying biased policing and status-based 218  
profiling practices, and self-evaluation strategies for officers 219  
to preempt biased policing or status-based profiling prior to 220  
stopping an individual. 221

(B) Adopt reasonable rules under Chapter 119. of the 222  
Revised Code prescribing the format and timing of the submission 223  
by law enforcement agencies under division (G)(1) of section 224  
2933.84 of the Revised Code of information gathered under 225  
divisions (E) and (F) of that section. 226

(C) In accordance with division (G) of section 2933.84 of 227  
the Revised Code, analyze all data submitted to the attorney 228  
general pursuant to that division, publish the data and the 229  
analysis of the data in a report, and distribute copies of the 230

<u>report.</u>	231
<b>Sec. 109.77.</b> (A) As used in this section:	232
(1) "Felony" has the same meaning as in section 109.511 of the Revised Code.	233 234
(2) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section 959.131 of the Revised Code.	235 236
(B) (1) Notwithstanding any general, special, or local law or charter to the contrary, and except as otherwise provided in this section, no person shall receive an original appointment on a permanent basis as any of the following unless the person previously has been awarded a certificate by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training commission attesting to the person's satisfactory completion of an approved state, county, municipal, or department of natural resources peace officer basic training program:	237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245
(a) A peace officer of any county, township, municipal corporation, regional transit authority, or metropolitan housing authority;	246 247 248
(b) A natural resources law enforcement staff officer, park officer, forest officer, preserve officer, wildlife officer, or state watercraft officer of the department of natural resources;	249 250 251 252
(c) An employee of a park district under section 511.232 or 1545.13 of the Revised Code;	253 254
(d) An employee of a conservancy district who is designated pursuant to section 6101.75 of the Revised Code;	255 256
(e) A state university law enforcement officer;	257

(f) A special police officer employed by the department of mental health and addiction services pursuant to section 5119.08 of the Revised Code or the department of developmental disabilities pursuant to section 5123.13 of the Revised Code;	258 259 260 261
(g) An enforcement agent of the department of public safety whom the director of public safety designates under section 5502.14 of the Revised Code;	262 263 264
(h) A special police officer employed by a port authority under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code;	265 266
(i) A special police officer employed by a municipal corporation at a municipal airport, or other municipal air navigation facility, that has scheduled operations, as defined in section 119.3 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, 14 C.F.R. 119.3, as amended, and that is required to be under a security program and is governed by aviation security rules of the transportation security administration of the United States department of transportation as provided in Parts 1542. and 1544. of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended;	267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276
(j) A gaming agent employed under section 3772.03 of the Revised Code.	277 278
(2) Every person who is appointed on a temporary basis or for a probationary term or on other than a permanent basis as any of the following shall forfeit the appointed position unless the person previously has completed satisfactorily or, within the time prescribed by rules adopted by the attorney general pursuant to section 109.74 of the Revised Code, satisfactorily completes a state, county, municipal, or department of natural resources peace officer basic training program for temporary or	279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286

probationary officers and is awarded a certificate by the	287
director attesting to the satisfactory completion of the	288
program:	289
(a) A peace officer of any county, township, municipal	290
corporation, regional transit authority, or metropolitan housing	291
authority;	292
(b) A natural resources law enforcement staff officer,	293
park officer, forest officer, preserve officer, wildlife	294
officer, or state watercraft officer of the department of	295
natural resources;	296
(c) An employee of a park district under section 511.232	297
or 1545.13 of the Revised Code;	298
(d) An employee of a conservancy district who is	299
designated pursuant to section 6101.75 of the Revised Code;	300
(e) A special police officer employed by the department of	301
mental health and addiction services pursuant to section 5119.08	302
of the Revised Code or the department of developmental	303
disabilities pursuant to section 5123.13 of the Revised Code;	304
(f) An enforcement agent of the department of public	305
safety whom the director of public safety designates under	306
section 5502.14 of the Revised Code;	307
(g) A special police officer employed by a port authority	308
under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code;	309
(h) A special police officer employed by a municipal	310
corporation at a municipal airport, or other municipal air	311
navigation facility, that has scheduled operations, as defined	312
in section 119.3 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations,	313
14 C.F.R. 119.3, as amended, and that is required to be under a	314

security program and is governed by aviation security rules of 315  
the transportation security administration of the United States 316  
department of transportation as provided in Parts 1542. and 317  
1544. of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as 318  
amended. 319

(3) For purposes of division (B) of this section, a state, 320  
county, municipal, or department of natural resources peace 321  
officer basic training program, regardless of whether the 322  
program is to be completed by peace officers appointed on a 323  
permanent or temporary, probationary, or other nonpermanent 324  
basis, shall include training in the handling of the offense of 325  
domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related 326  
offenses and incidents, protection orders and consent agreements 327  
issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the 328  
Revised Code~~;~~ crisis intervention training~~;~~ training, in 329  
accordance with the rules adopted under section 109.748 of the 330  
Revised Code, in performing law enforcement duties and handling 331  
law enforcement matters without engaging in biased policing or 332  
status-based profiling; and training on companion animal 333  
encounters and companion animal behavior. The requirement to 334  
complete training in the handling of the offense of domestic 335  
violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and 336  
incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued 337  
or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code 338  
does not apply to any person serving as a peace officer on March 339  
27, 1979, ~~and~~ the requirement to complete training in crisis 340  
intervention does not apply to any person serving as a peace 341  
officer on April 4, 1985, and the requirement to complete 342  
training in performing law enforcement duties and handling law 343  
enforcement matters without engaging in biased policing or 344  
status-based profiling does not apply to any person serving as a 345

peace officer on the effective date of this amendment. Any 346  
person who is serving as a peace officer on April 4, 1985, who 347  
terminates that employment after that date, and who subsequently 348  
is hired as a peace officer by the same or another law 349  
enforcement agency shall complete training in crisis 350  
intervention as prescribed by rules adopted by the attorney 351  
general pursuant to section 109.742 of the Revised Code. Any 352  
person who is serving as a peace officer on the effective date 353  
of this amendment who terminates that employment after that date 354  
and who subsequently is hired as a peace officer by the same or 355  
another law enforcement agency shall complete training in 356  
performing law enforcement duties and handling law enforcement 357  
matters without engaging in biased policing or status-based 358  
profiling, as prescribed by rules adopted by the attorney 359  
general pursuant to section 109.748 of the Revised Code. No 360  
peace officer shall have employment as a peace officer 361  
terminated and then be reinstated with intent to circumvent this 362  
section. 363

(4) Division (B) of this section does not apply to any 364  
person serving on a permanent basis on March 28, 1985, as a park 365  
officer, forest officer, preserve officer, wildlife officer, or 366  
state watercraft officer of the department of natural resources 367  
or as an employee of a park district under section 511.232 or 368  
1545.13 of the Revised Code, to any person serving on a 369  
permanent basis on March 6, 1986, as an employee of a 370  
conservancy district designated pursuant to section 6101.75 of 371  
the Revised Code, to any person serving on a permanent basis on 372  
January 10, 1991, as a preserve officer of the department of 373  
natural resources, to any person employed on a permanent basis 374  
on July 2, 1992, as a special police officer by the department 375  
of mental health and addiction services pursuant to section 376

5119.08 of the Revised Code or by the department of 377  
developmental disabilities pursuant to section 5123.13 of the 378  
Revised Code, to any person serving on a permanent basis on May 379  
17, 2000, as a special police officer employed by a port 380  
authority under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code, 381  
to any person serving on a permanent basis on March 19, 2003, as 382  
a special police officer employed by a municipal corporation at 383  
a municipal airport or other municipal air navigation facility 384  
described in division (A) (19) of section 109.71 of the Revised 385  
Code, to any person serving on a permanent basis on June 19, 386  
1978, as a state university law enforcement officer pursuant to 387  
section 3345.04 of the Revised Code and who, immediately prior 388  
to June 19, 1978, was serving as a special police officer 389  
designated under authority of that section, or to any person 390  
serving on a permanent basis on September 20, 1984, as a liquor 391  
control investigator, known after June 30, 1999, as an 392  
enforcement agent of the department of public safety, engaged in 393  
the enforcement of Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code. 394

(5) Division (B) of this section does not apply to any 395  
person who is appointed as a regional transit authority police 396  
officer pursuant to division (Y) of section 306.35 of the 397  
Revised Code if, on or before July 1, 1996, the person has 398  
completed satisfactorily an approved state, county, municipal, 399  
or department of natural resources peace officer basic training 400  
program and has been awarded a certificate by the executive 401  
director of the Ohio peace officer training commission attesting 402  
to the person's satisfactory completion of such an approved 403  
program and if, on July 1, 1996, the person is performing peace 404  
officer functions for a regional transit authority. 405

(C) No person, after September 20, 1984, shall receive an 406  
original appointment on a permanent basis as a veterans' home 407

police officer designated under section 5907.02 of the Revised Code unless the person previously has been awarded a certificate by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training commission attesting to the person's satisfactory completion of an approved police officer basic training program. Every person who is appointed on a temporary basis or for a probationary term or on other than a permanent basis as a veterans' home police officer designated under section 5907.02 of the Revised Code shall forfeit that position unless the person previously has completed satisfactorily or, within one year from the time of appointment, satisfactorily completes an approved police officer basic training program.

(D) No bailiff or deputy bailiff of a court of record of this state and no criminal investigator who is employed by the state public defender shall carry a firearm, as defined in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code, while on duty unless the bailiff, deputy bailiff, or criminal investigator has done or received one of the following:

(1) Has been awarded a certificate by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training commission, which certificate attests to satisfactory completion of an approved state, county, or municipal basic training program for bailiffs and deputy bailiffs of courts of record and for criminal investigators employed by the state public defender that has been recommended by the Ohio peace officer training commission;

(2) Has successfully completed a firearms training program approved by the Ohio peace officer training commission prior to employment as a bailiff, deputy bailiff, or criminal investigator;

(3) Prior to June 6, 1986, was authorized to carry a

firearm by the court that employed the bailiff or deputy bailiff 438  
or, in the case of a criminal investigator, by the state public 439  
defender and has received training in the use of firearms that 440  
the Ohio peace officer training commission determines is 441  
equivalent to the training that otherwise is required by 442  
division (D) of this section. 443

(E) (1) Before a person seeking a certificate completes an 444  
approved peace officer basic training program, the executive 445  
director of the Ohio peace officer training commission shall 446  
request the person to disclose, and the person shall disclose, 447  
any previous criminal conviction of or plea of guilty of that 448  
person to a felony. 449

(2) Before a person seeking a certificate completes an 450  
approved peace officer basic training program, the executive 451  
director shall request a criminal history records check on the 452  
person. The executive director shall submit the person's 453  
fingerprints to the bureau of criminal identification and 454  
investigation, which shall submit the fingerprints to the 455  
federal bureau of investigation for a national criminal history 456  
records check. 457

Upon receipt of the executive director's request, the 458  
bureau of criminal identification and investigation and the 459  
federal bureau of investigation shall conduct a criminal history 460  
records check on the person and, upon completion of the check, 461  
shall provide a copy of the criminal history records check to 462  
the executive director. The executive director shall not award 463  
any certificate prescribed in this section unless the executive 464  
director has received a copy of the criminal history records 465  
check on the person to whom the certificate is to be awarded. 466

(3) The executive director of the commission shall not 467

award a certificate prescribed in this section to a person who 468  
has been convicted of or has pleaded guilty to a felony or who 469  
fails to disclose any previous criminal conviction of or plea of 470  
guilty to a felony as required under division (E)(1) of this 471  
section. 472

(4) The executive director of the commission shall revoke 473  
the certificate awarded to a person as prescribed in this 474  
section, and that person shall forfeit all of the benefits 475  
derived from being certified as a peace officer under this 476  
section, if the person, before completion of an approved peace 477  
officer basic training program, failed to disclose any previous 478  
criminal conviction of or plea of guilty to a felony as required 479  
under division (E)(1) of this section. 480

(F)(1) Regardless of whether the person has been awarded 481  
the certificate or has been classified as a peace officer prior 482  
to, on, or after October 16, 1996, the executive director of the 483  
Ohio peace officer training commission shall revoke any 484  
certificate that has been awarded to a person as prescribed in 485  
this section if the person does either of the following: 486

(a) Pleads guilty to a felony committed on or after 487  
January 1, 1997; 488

(b) Pleads guilty to a misdemeanor committed on or after 489  
January 1, 1997, pursuant to a negotiated plea agreement as 490  
provided in division (D) of section 2929.43 of the Revised Code 491  
in which the person agrees to surrender the certificate awarded 492  
to the person under this section. 493

(2) The executive director of the commission shall suspend 494  
any certificate that has been awarded to a person as prescribed 495  
in this section if the person is convicted, after trial, of a 496

felony committed on or after January 1, 1997. The executive 497  
director shall suspend the certificate pursuant to division (F) 498  
(2) of this section pending the outcome of an appeal by the 499  
person from that conviction to the highest court to which the 500  
appeal is taken or until the expiration of the period in which 501  
an appeal is required to be filed. If the person files an appeal 502  
that results in that person's acquittal of the felony or 503  
conviction of a misdemeanor, or in the dismissal of the felony 504  
charge against that person, the executive director shall 505  
reinstate the certificate awarded to the person under this 506  
section. If the person files an appeal from that person's 507  
conviction of the felony and the conviction is upheld by the 508  
highest court to which the appeal is taken or if the person does 509  
not file a timely appeal, the executive director shall revoke 510  
the certificate awarded to the person under this section. 511

(G) (1) If a person is awarded a certificate under this 512  
section and the certificate is revoked pursuant to division (E) 513  
(4) or (F) of this section, the person shall not be eligible to 514  
receive, at any time, a certificate attesting to the person's 515  
satisfactory completion of a peace officer basic training 516  
program. 517

(2) The revocation or suspension of a certificate under 518  
division (E) (4) or (F) of this section shall be in accordance 519  
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 520

(H) (1) A person who was employed as a peace officer of a 521  
county, township, or municipal corporation of the state on 522  
January 1, 1966, and who has completed at least sixteen years of 523  
full-time active service as such a peace officer, or equivalent 524  
service as determined by the executive director of the Ohio 525  
peace officer training commission, may receive an original 526

appointment on a permanent basis and serve as a peace officer of 527  
a county, township, or municipal corporation, or as a state 528  
university law enforcement officer, without complying with the 529  
requirements of division (B) of this section. 530

(2) Any person who held an appointment as a state highway 531  
trooper on January 1, 1966, may receive an original appointment 532  
on a permanent basis and serve as a peace officer of a county, 533  
township, or municipal corporation, or as a state university law 534  
enforcement officer, without complying with the requirements of 535  
division (B) of this section. 536

(I) No person who is appointed as a peace officer of a 537  
county, township, or municipal corporation on or after April 9, 538  
1985, shall serve as a peace officer of that county, township, 539  
or municipal corporation unless the person has received training 540  
in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect 541  
cases from an approved state, county, township, or municipal 542  
police officer basic training program or receives the training 543  
within the time prescribed by rules adopted by the attorney 544  
general pursuant to section 109.741 of the Revised Code. 545

(J) No part of any approved state, county, or municipal 546  
basic training program for bailiffs and deputy bailiffs of 547  
courts of record and no part of any approved state, county, or 548  
municipal basic training program for criminal investigators 549  
employed by the state public defender shall be used as credit 550  
toward the completion by a peace officer of any part of the 551  
approved state, county, or municipal peace officer basic 552  
training program that the peace officer is required by this 553  
section to complete satisfactorily. 554

(K) This section does not apply to any member of the 555  
police department of a municipal corporation in an adjoining 556

state serving in this state under a contract pursuant to section 557  
737.04 of the Revised Code. 558

**Sec. 109.79.** (A) The Ohio peace officer training 559  
commission shall establish and conduct a training school for law 560  
enforcement officers of any political subdivision of the state 561  
or of the state public defender's office. The school shall be 562  
known as the Ohio peace officer training academy. No bailiff or 563  
deputy bailiff of a court of record of this state and no 564  
criminal investigator employed by the state public defender 565  
shall be permitted to attend the academy for training unless the 566  
employing court of the bailiff or deputy bailiff or the state 567  
public defender, whichever is applicable, has authorized the 568  
bailiff, deputy bailiff, or investigator to attend the academy. 569

The Ohio peace officer training commission shall develop 570  
the training program, which shall include courses in both the 571  
civil and criminal functions of law enforcement officers, a 572  
course in crisis intervention with six or more hours of 573  
training, training in the handling of missing children and child 574  
abuse and neglect cases, training in performing law enforcement 575  
duties and handling law enforcement matters without engaging in 576  
biased policing or status-based profiling, and training on 577  
companion animal encounters and companion animal behavior, and 578  
shall establish rules governing qualifications for admission to 579  
the academy. The training in performing law enforcement duties 580  
and handling law enforcement matters without engaging in biased 581  
policing or status-based profiling shall be consistent with the 582  
training specified in the rules adopted under section 109.748 of 583  
the Revised Code. The commission may require competitive 584  
examinations to determine fitness of prospective trainees, so 585  
long as the examinations or other criteria for admission to the 586  
academy are consistent with the provisions of Chapter 124. of 587

the Revised Code. 588

The Ohio peace officer training commission shall determine 589  
tuition costs sufficient in the aggregate to pay the costs of 590  
operating the academy. The costs of acquiring and equipping the 591  
academy shall be paid from appropriations made by the general 592  
assembly to the Ohio peace officer training commission for that 593  
purpose, from gifts or grants received for that purpose, or from 594  
fees for goods related to the academy. 595

The Ohio peace officer training commission shall create a 596  
gaming-related curriculum for gaming agents. The Ohio peace 597  
officer training commission shall use money distributed to the 598  
Ohio peace officer training academy from the Ohio law 599  
enforcement training fund to first support the academy's 600  
training programs for gaming agents and gaming-related 601  
curriculum. The Ohio peace officer training commission may 602  
utilize existing training programs in other states that 603  
specialize in training gaming agents. 604

The law enforcement officers, during the period of their 605  
training, shall receive compensation as determined by the 606  
political subdivision that sponsors them or, if the officer is a 607  
criminal investigator employed by the state public defender, as 608  
determined by the state public defender. The political 609  
subdivision may pay the tuition costs of the law enforcement 610  
officers they sponsor and the state public defender may pay the 611  
tuition costs of criminal investigators of that office who 612  
attend the academy. 613

If trainee vacancies exist, the academy may train and 614  
issue certificates of satisfactory completion to peace officers 615  
who are employed by a campus police department pursuant to 616  
section 1713.50 of the Revised Code, by a qualified nonprofit 617

corporation police department pursuant to section 1702.80 of the 618  
Revised Code, or by a railroad company, who are amusement park 619  
police officers appointed and commissioned by a judge of the 620  
appropriate municipal court or county court pursuant to section 621  
4973.17 of the Revised Code, or who are bank, savings and loan 622  
association, savings bank, credit union, or association of 623  
banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or credit 624  
unions, or hospital police officers appointed and commissioned 625  
by the secretary of state pursuant to sections 4973.17 to 626  
4973.22 of the Revised Code, provided that no such officer shall 627  
be trained at the academy unless the officer meets the 628  
qualifications established for admission to the academy and the 629  
qualified nonprofit corporation police department; bank, savings 630  
and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or association 631  
of banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or 632  
credit unions; railroad company; hospital; or amusement park or 633  
the private college or university that established the campus 634  
police department prepays the entire cost of the training. A 635  
qualified nonprofit corporation police department; bank, savings 636  
and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or association 637  
of banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or 638  
credit unions; railroad company; hospital; or amusement park or 639  
a private college or university that has established a campus 640  
police department is not entitled to reimbursement from the 641  
state for any amount paid for the cost of training the bank, 642  
savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or 643  
association of banks, savings and loan associations, savings 644  
banks, or credit unions peace officers; the railroad company's 645  
peace officers; or the peace officers of the qualified nonprofit 646  
corporation police department, campus police department, 647  
hospital, or amusement park. 648

The academy shall permit investigators employed by the 649  
state medical board to take selected courses that the board 650  
determines are consistent with its responsibilities for initial 651  
and continuing training of investigators as required under 652  
sections 4730.26 and 4731.05 of the Revised Code. The board 653  
shall pay the entire cost of training that investigators receive 654  
at the academy. 655

(B) As used in this section: 656

(1) "Law enforcement officers" include any undercover drug 657  
agent, any bailiff or deputy bailiff of a court of record, and 658  
any criminal investigator who is employed by the state public 659  
defender. 660

(2) "Undercover drug agent" means any person who: 661

(a) Is employed by a county, township, or municipal 662  
corporation for the purposes set forth in division (B)(2)(b) of 663  
this section but who is not an employee of a county sheriff's 664  
department, of a township constable, or of the police department 665  
of a municipal corporation or township; 666

(b) In the course of the person's employment by a county, 667  
township, or municipal corporation, investigates and gathers 668  
information pertaining to persons who are suspected of violating 669  
Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, and generally does 670  
not wear a uniform in the performance of the person's duties. 671

(3) "Crisis intervention training" has the same meaning as 672  
in section 109.71 of the Revised Code. 673

(4) "Missing children" has the same meaning as in section 674  
2901.30 of the Revised Code. 675

(5) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section 676

959.131 of the Revised Code. 677

**Sec. 109.80.** (A) The Ohio peace officer training 678  
commission shall develop and conduct a basic training course 679  
lasting at least three weeks for appointed and newly elected 680  
sheriffs appointed or elected on or after January 1, 1988, and 681  
shall establish criteria for what constitutes successful 682  
completion of the course. The basic training course shall 683  
include instruction in contemporary law enforcement, criminal 684  
investigations, the judicial process, civil rules, corrections, 685  
and other topics relevant to the duties and operations of the 686  
office of sheriff. The basic training course also shall include 687  
training in performing law enforcement duties and handling law 688  
enforcement matters without engaging in biased policing or 689  
status-based profiling, and the training shall be consistent 690  
with the training specified in the rules adopted under section 691  
109.748 of the Revised Code. The commission shall offer the 692  
course every four years within six months after the general 693  
election of sheriffs in each county and at other times when it 694  
is needed to permit sheriffs to attend within six months after 695  
appointment or election. The course shall be conducted by the 696  
Ohio peace officer training academy. The council commission 697  
shall provide that not less than two weeks of the course 698  
conducted within six months after the general election of 699  
sheriffs in each county shall be conducted prior to the first 700  
Monday in January next after that general election. 701

(B) The attorney general shall appoint a continuing 702  
education committee, consisting of not fewer than five nor more 703  
than seven members, including but not limited to, members of the 704  
Ohio peace officer training commission and sheriffs. The 705  
commission and the committee jointly shall determine the type of 706  
continuing education required for sheriffs to complete the 707

requirements of division (E) of section 311.01 of the Revised Code, shall include as a required part of that continuing education training in performing law enforcement duties and handling law enforcement matters without engaging in biased policing or status-based profiling, and shall establish criteria for what constitutes successful completion of the requirement. The training in performing law enforcement duties and handling law enforcement matters without engaging in biased policing or status-based profiling shall be consistent with the training specified in the rules adopted under section 109.748 of the Revised Code. The committee shall approve the courses that sheriffs may attend to complete the continuing education requirement and shall publish an approved list of those courses. The commission shall maintain a list of approved training schools that sheriffs may attend to complete the continuing education requirement. Upon request, the committee may approve courses other than those courses conducted as part of a certified law enforcement manager program.

(C) Upon presentation of evidence by a sheriff that because of medical disability or for other good cause ~~that~~ the sheriff is unable to complete the basic or continuing education requirement, the commission may waive the requirement until the disability or cause terminates.

(D) As used in this section, "newly elected sheriff" means a person who did not hold the office of sheriff of a county on the date the person was elected sheriff of that county.

**Sec. 2933.84.** (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Gender identity" means the gender-related identity, appearance, or mannerisms or other gender-related characteristics of an individual, with or without regard to the

<u>individual's designated gender at birth.</u>	738
<u>(2) "Minority group" means any of the following:</u>	739
<u>(a) African Americans, including, but not limited to,</u> <u>persons of African descent;</u>	740 741
<u>(b) Latinos, including, but not limited to, persons of</u> <u>Hispanic descent;</u>	742 743
<u>(c) Persons of Arab or Middle Eastern descent or</u> <u>appearance;</u>	744 745
<u>(d) Asians, including, but not limited to, persons of</u> <u>Mongoloid descent;</u>	746 747
<u>(e) Native Americans;</u>	748
<u>(f) Pacific Islanders;</u>	749
<u>(g) Any persons not described in division (A) (2) (a), (b),</u> <u>(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section who are members of a</u> <u>socially or economically disadvantaged group, whose disadvantage</u> <u>arises from discrimination on the basis of race, religion, sex,</u> <u>disability, military status, national origin, ancestry, or other</u> <u>similar cause.</u>	750 751 752 753 754 755
<u>(3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, "minor</u> <u>traffic violation" means any violation of a prohibition set</u> <u>forth in Title XLV of the Revised Code or of an ordinance of a</u> <u>municipal corporation that is substantially equivalent to any</u> <u>prohibition set forth in Title XLV of the Revised Code. "Minor</u> <u>traffic violation" does not include any violation that is a</u> <u>moving violation as defined in section 2743.70 of the Revised</u> <u>Code.</u>	756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763
<u>(4) "Sexual orientation" means actual or perceived</u>	764

heterosexuality, homosexuality, or bisexuality. 765

(5) "Traffic stop" means a law enforcement officer's stop 766  
of a motor vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian for any minor traffic 767  
violation. 768

(B) No law enforcement officer shall do any of the 769  
following: 770

(1) Engage in a practice of targeting or stopping an 771  
individual who is a motorist, bicyclist, or pedestrian on the 772  
basis, in whole or in part, of the ethnic, minority group, 773  
religious affiliation, sexual orientation, or gender identity 774  
status of the individual by means of detention, interdiction, or 775  
other disparate treatment, unless that status is used in 776  
combination with one or more other identifying factors seeking 777  
to apprehend a specific suspect whose ethnic, minority group, 778  
religious affiliation, sexual orientation, or gender identity 779  
status as perceived by the officer is part of the description of 780  
the suspect and that description is timely and reliable; 781

(2) Use any violation of any state or local traffic law as 782  
a pretense for stopping a motor vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian 783  
for any reason, unless the reason for the stop is the occurrence 784  
of an offense that the officer can explicitly articulate; 785

(3) Request an operator of a motor vehicle or bicycle that 786  
is stopped solely for a minor traffic violation, or a pedestrian 787  
who is stopped solely for a minor traffic violation, to consent 788  
to a search by the officer of the motor vehicle or bicycle or of 789  
the pedestrian; 790

(4) After a traffic stop of a motor vehicle, bicycle, or 791  
pedestrian, detain the motor vehicle, its operator, or its 792  
passengers, the bicycle or its operator, or the pedestrian to 793

provide time for arrival of a canine unit or any other animal 794  
used in an inspection or sniffing of a motor vehicle, bicycle, 795  
or person, or otherwise extend the traffic stop beyond the time 796  
reasonably necessary to address the traffic violation that is 797  
the basis of the stop, unless there exists probable cause to 798  
believe that the operator of the vehicle or bicycle, one or more 799  
passengers of the vehicle, or the pedestrian has been involved 800  
in criminal activity. 801

(C) No official of a law enforcement agency shall engage 802  
in, or authorize or allow the law enforcement officers the 803  
agency employs or is served by to engage in a practice of 804  
targeting or stopping an individual who is a motorist, 805  
bicyclist, or pedestrian on the basis, in whole or in part, of 806  
the ethnic, minority group, religious affiliation, sexual 807  
orientation, or gender identity status of the individual by 808  
means of detention, interdiction, or other disparate treatment, 809  
unless that status is used in combination with one or more other 810  
identifying factors seeking to apprehend a specific suspect 811  
whose ethnic, minority group, religious affiliation, sexual 812  
orientation, or gender identity status as perceived by the 813  
officer is part of the description of the suspect and that 814  
description is timely and reliable. 815

(D) Each law enforcement agency in this state that employs 816  
or is served by any law enforcement officer shall do all of the 817  
following: 818

(1) Develop and maintain a policy that is designed to 819  
eliminate biased policing or status-based profiling by the 820  
agency and its law enforcement officers, including biased 821  
policing and status-based profiling of the type described in 822  
divisions (B) and (C) of this section, and to cease existing 823

practices by the agency and its officers that permit, 824  
perpetuate, or encourage biased policing and status-based 825  
profiling; 826

(2) Develop an educational training program that is 827  
designed to train its law enforcement officers and officials how 828  
to perform law enforcement duties and handle law enforcement 829  
matters without engaging in biased policing or status-based 830  
profiling, including biased policing and status-based profiling 831  
of the type described in divisions (B) and (C) of this section. 832  
The educational training program shall include training 833  
materials that provide an understanding of the historical and 834  
cultural systems that perpetuate biased policing and status- 835  
based profiling, assistance in identifying biased policing and 836  
status-based profiling practices, and self-evaluation strategies 837  
for officers to preempt biased policing or status-based 838  
profiling prior to stopping an individual; 839

(3) Annually provide training under the program developed 840  
pursuant to division (D)(2) of this section to each law 841  
enforcement officer who is employed by or serves the agency and 842  
to each official of the agency; 843

(4) In addition to the training required by division (D) 844  
(3) of this section, provide training under the program 845  
developed pursuant to division (D)(2) of this section to each 846  
law enforcement officer who is employed by or serves the agency 847  
and violates division (B) of this section and to each official 848  
of the agency who violates division (C) of this section, within 849  
a reasonable period of time after the violation. 850

(E)(1) Whenever a law enforcement officer causes the stop, 851  
delay, or questioning of the operator of a motor vehicle, the 852  
operator of a bicycle, or a pedestrian, the law enforcement 853

agency that employs or is served by the law enforcement officer 854  
shall obtain from the law enforcement officer and record all of 855  
the following data: 856

(a) Regarding a motor vehicle or bicycle, a description of 857  
the motor vehicle or bicycle, including its manufacturer and 858  
model; 859

(b) Regarding a motor vehicle, the identifying numerals, 860  
letters, or numerals and letters that appear on the motor 861  
vehicle's license plate; 862

(c) The race, ethnicity, approximate age, and gender of 863  
the operator and all passengers of the motor vehicle, the 864  
operator of the bicycle, or the pedestrian; 865

(d) The location of the stop, delay, or questioning, 866  
including the street and address number; 867

(e) The approximate duration of the stop, delay, or 868  
questioning; 869

(f) The basis for the stop, delay, or questioning, 870  
including any local, state, or federal offense alleged to have 871  
been committed by the operator or any passenger of the motor 872  
vehicle, the operator of the bicycle, or the pedestrian; 873

(g) The date on which and exact time at which the stop, 874  
delay, or questioning occurred. 875

(2) The identification of the characteristics described in 876  
divisions (E) (1) (a) to (g) of this section shall be based on the 877  
observation and perception of the law enforcement officer 878  
conducting the stop, delay, or questioning. No operator of or 879  
passenger in the involved motor vehicle, no operator of the 880  
involved bicycle, and no involved pedestrian, whichever is 881

applicable, shall be asked to provide the information regarding 882  
those characteristics. 883

(F) Whenever a law enforcement officer conducts a search 884  
or inventory of a motor vehicle or bicycle, or otherwise causes 885  
a motor vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian to be inspected or 886  
sniffed by a canine unit or any other animal for the detection 887  
of illegal drugs or contraband, the law enforcement agency that 888  
employs or is served by the law enforcement officer shall obtain 889  
from the law enforcement officer and record all of the following 890  
data: 891

(1) The legal basis and rationale for the stop, search, 892  
inventory, or sniffing of the motor vehicle, bicycle, or 893  
pedestrian; 894

(2) The nature of any contraband that was discovered in 895  
the course of the search, inventory, or sniffing; 896

(3) The exact oral or written warning or instructions 897  
given to the operator of or passenger in the motor vehicle, the 898  
operator of the bicycle, or the pedestrian prior to the search, 899  
inventory, or sniffing; 900

(4) The charge or charges, if any, that were filed against 901  
the operator of or passenger in the motor vehicle, the operator 902  
of the bicycle, or the pedestrian as a result of the search, 903  
inventory, or sniffing; 904

(5) The reason as to why the search, inventory, or 905  
sniffing was instituted. 906

(G) (1) Each law enforcement agency that collects data 907  
under division (E) or (F) of this section shall annually submit 908  
the data collected to the attorney general. The agency shall 909  
submit the data not later than the first day of February of the 910

calendar year following the year for which the data is 911  
collected, in accordance with the rules adopted by the attorney 912  
general under division (B) of section 109.748 of the Revised 913  
Code. Upon receipt of the data, the attorney general shall 914  
analyze the data in accordance with general statistical 915  
standards to determine whether disparities exist in the stopping 916  
and searching of motor vehicles, bicycles, or pedestrians that 917  
cause a disproportionately adverse effect on a particular 918  
minority group or groups or any other group of persons linked by 919  
ethnic, religious affiliation, sexual orientation, or gender 920  
identity status. Not later than the first day of April of the 921  
calendar year in which the attorney general receives the data 922  
under this division, the attorney general shall publish the data 923  
and the analysis conducted under this division in a report that 924  
the attorney general prepares annually and shall distribute 925  
copies of the report in accordance with division (G) (3) of this 926  
section. 927

(2) The attorney general shall distribute copies of 928  
reports published under division (G) (1) of this section to the 929  
general assembly, the governor, and law enforcement agencies. 930  
The reports are public records under section 149.43 of the 931  
Revised Code and shall be made readily available to the public. 932

(3) The attorney general shall exclude from the reports 933  
described in division (G) (1) of this section all information 934  
that would personally identify any motor vehicle operator or 935  
passenger, any bicycle operator, or any pedestrian who is the 936  
subject of any stop, search, inventory, or sniffing described in 937  
this section or any law enforcement officer who conducts any 938  
stop, search, inventory, or sniffing described in this section. 939  
The attorney general and local law enforcement agencies shall 940  
maintain the information so excluded for a reasonable period of 941

time. 942

Information of the nature described in this division that 943  
is excluded from the report described in division (G) (1) of this 944  
section is not a public record for purposes of section 149.43 of 945  
the Revised Code, and the attorney general or law enforcement 946  
agency shall redact all information of that nature from any 947  
records released by the attorney general or law enforcement 948  
agency. The attorney general or a law enforcement agency may 949  
disclose information of that nature for purposes of a civil 950  
proceeding brought under division (I) or (J) of this section and 951  
may release information of that nature to relevant parties of a 952  
motion seeking to exclude from admission as evidence any 953  
information obtained through a potentially unconstitutional or 954  
unlawful search. 955

(H) If the attorney general determines in the analysis 956  
conducted under division (G) of this section that the 957  
statistical data collected and analyzed under this section shows 958  
any pattern of disparate traffic and law enforcement practices 959  
by a law enforcement agency or its officers or officials, that 960  
has a disproportionately adverse effect on a particular minority 961  
group or groups or any other group of persons linked by 962  
ethnicity, religious affiliation, sexual orientation, or gender 963  
identity status, the law enforcement agency shall take immediate 964  
remedial actions to eradicate the practices by the agency or its 965  
officers or officials. 966

(I) An individual who is a victim of a violation of 967  
division (B) or (C) of this section has a cause of action 968  
against the law enforcement agency that employs or is served by 969  
the law enforcement officer or official who committed the 970  
violation. The individual may file a civil action asserting the 971

cause under section 2307.60 of the Revised Code. In the action, 972  
the individual may seek appropriate and equitable relief in a 973  
court of record in this state having jurisdiction. The court 974  
shall award reasonable attorneys' fees, including expert fees as 975  
part of the attorneys' fee, to the prevailing party as costs. 976

(J) The attorney general may institute civil proceedings 977  
for injunctive relief against a law enforcement agency that 978  
employs or is served by a law enforcement officer or official 979  
who violates division (B) or (C) of this section to compel the 980  
termination of the violation and prevent future violations. The 981  
attorney general may bring the proceedings in any court of 982  
competent jurisdiction. If the attorney general proves in the 983  
proceedings that a law enforcement officer or official that the 984  
agency employs or is served by has committed or is committing 985  
the violation, the court shall order the agency to discontinue 986  
all biased policing and status-based profiling, to discontinue 987  
all practices that permit, perpetuate, or encourage biased 988  
policing or status-based profiling, and to submit to the 989  
attorney general a corrective action plan for discontinuing all 990  
biased policing or status-based profiling and all such 991  
practices. The court shall order the agency to submit the 992  
corrective action plan to the attorney general by a specified 993  
date that is agreed upon by the agency and the attorney general 994  
and approved by the court. 995

**Sec. 5503.05.** The superintendent of the state highway 996  
patrol, with the approval of the director of public safety, may 997  
conduct training schools for prospective state highway patrol 998  
troopers. The training provided at the training schools shall 999  
include, but not be limited to, training in performing law 1000  
enforcement duties and handling law enforcement matters without 1001  
engaging in biased policing or status-based profiling. Training 1002

on the subject of biased policing and status-based profiling 1003  
shall be consistent with the training specified in the rules 1004  
adopted under section 109.748 of the Revised Code. The 1005  
prospective troopers, during the period of their training and as 1006  
members of the state patrol school, shall be paid a reasonable 1007  
salary out of highway funds. The superintendent may furnish the 1008  
necessary supplies and equipment for the use of the prospective 1009  
troopers during the training period. 1010

The superintendent may establish rules governing the 1011  
qualifications for admission to training schools for prospective 1012  
troopers and provide for competitive examinations to determine 1013  
the fitness of the students and prospective troopers, not 1014  
inconsistent with the rules of the director of administrative 1015  
services. 1016

**Section 2.** That existing sections 109.73, 109.77, 109.79, 1017  
109.80, and 5503.05 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 1018

**Section 3.** Section 109.80 of the Revised Code is presented 1019  
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both 1020  
Sub. H.B. 351 and Sub. H.B. 670 of the 121st General Assembly. 1021  
The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division 1022  
(B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to 1023  
be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, 1024  
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section 1025  
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as 1026  
presented in this act. 1027