GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

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HOUSE BILL 775 Committee Substitute Favorable 6/10/25 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/17/25

Short Title: Criminal History Checks for School Positions. (Public) Sponsors: Referred to: April 7, 2025 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REQUIRE CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECKS FOR THE INITIAL MEMBERS OF A CHARTER SCHOOL BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND APPLICANTS FOR EMPLOYMENT WITH A PUBLIC SCHOOL UNIT AND TO ENCOURAGE THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION TO ALIGN ITS LICENSURE SYSTEM WITH THE MULTISTATE EDUCATOR LOOKUP SYSTEM. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: PART I. REQUIRE CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECKS FOR THE INITIAL MEMBERS OF A CHARTER SCHOOL BOARD OF DIRECTORS SECTION 1.(a) G.S. 115C-218.1(b)(3) reads as rewritten: "(3) The governance structure of the school including the names of the initial members of the board of directors of the nonprofit, tax-exempt corporation and the process to be followed by the school to ensure parental involvement. The initial members of the board of directors shall consent to a criminal history check as provided in G.S. 115C-218.4. A teacher employed by the board of directors to teach in the charter school may serve as a nonvoting member of the board of directors for the charter school." SECTION 1.(b) Article 14A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: "\$115C-218.4. Charter board of directors criminal history checks. (a) The following definitions apply in this section: (1) Criminal history.— As defined in G.S. 115C-77(a). (2) Member.— An individual who is a member of the board of directors of a nonprofit corporation seeking initial approval to establish a charter school. (b) The Review Board shall require all members of the board of directors of a nonprofit corporation to be checked for a criminal history before granting final approval of a charter application. The Review Board shall require a member to pay for the criminal history check on behalf of the member. (c) The State Bureau of Investigation shall provide to the Review Board the criminal history check on behalf of the member.	Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/17/25				
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information required by the State Bureau of Investigation to a person designated by the Review

Board and (ii) sign a form consenting to the check of the criminal record and to the use of

fingerprints and other identifying information required by the repositories. The Review Board shall not issue a charter to a nonprofit with a member who refuses to consent to a criminal history check.

- (d) The Review Board shall review the criminal history it receives on a member and shall determine whether the results of the review indicate that the member (i) poses a threat to the physical safety of students or personnel or (ii) has demonstrated that he or she does not have the integrity or honesty to fulfill his or her duties as a member of the board of directors of a charter school. If the Review Board denies an application for a charter based on its review of the criminal history it receives on a member, the Review Board shall make written findings with regard to how it used the information when denying the application.
- (e) All of the information received by the Review Board through the checking of the criminal history in accordance with this section is privileged information and is not a public record but is for the exclusive and confidential use of the Review Board. The Review Board may destroy the information after it is used for the purposes authorized by this section after one calendar year.
- (f) There shall be no liability for negligence on the part of the Review Board, or its employees, arising from any act taken or omission by any of them in carrying out the provisions of this section. The immunity established by this subsection shall not extend to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing that would otherwise be actionable. The immunity established by this subsection shall be deemed to have been waived to the extent of indemnification by insurance, indemnification under Articles 31A and 31B of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, and to the extent sovereign immunity is waived under the Tort Claims Act, as set forth in Article 31 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
- (g) Any member who willfully furnishes, supplies, or otherwise gives false information for a criminal history record check under this section is guilty of a Class A1 misdemeanor."

SECTION 1.(c) This section applies to applications for initial charters that are received on or after October 1, 2025.

PART II. CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECKS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL UNIT PERSONNEL

SECTION 2.(a) There is established in Article 7B of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes a new Part to read "Part 7. Public School Unit Personnel."

SECTION 2.(b) G.S. 115C-332 is recodified into Part 7 of Article 7B of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, as established by this act, as G.S. 115C-77 and reads as rewritten: "**§ 115C-77. School personnel criminal history checks.**

- (a) As used The following definitions apply in this section:
 - "Criminal history" means a Criminal history. A county, state, or federal (1) criminal history of conviction of a crime, whether a misdemeanor or a felony, that indicates the employee (i) poses a threat to the physical safety of students or personnel, or (ii) has demonstrated that he or she does not have the integrity or honesty to fulfill his or her duties as public school personnel. Such crimes include the following North Carolina crimes contained in any of the following Articles of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes: Article 5A, Endangering Executive and Legislative Executive, Legislative, and Court Officers; Article 6, Homicide; Article 7B, Rape and Kindred Other Sex Offenses; Article 8, Assaults; Article 10, Kidnapping and Abduction; Article 13, Malicious Injury or Damage by Use of Explosive or Incendiary Device or Material; Article 14, Burglary and Other Housebreakings; Article 15, Arson and Other Burnings; Article 16, Larceny; Article 17, Robbery; Article 18, Embezzlement; Article 19, False Pretense and Cheats; Article 19A, Obtaining Property or Services by False or Fraudulent Use of Credit Device or Other Means; Article 20, Frauds; Article 21, Forgery; Article 26, Offenses Against Public Morality and

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1			cy; Article 26A, Adult Establishments; Article 27, Prostitution; Article
2			rjury; Article 29, Bribery; Article 31, Misconduct in Public Office;
3			35, Offenses Against the Public Peace; Article 36A, Riots, Civil
4			ers, and Emergencies; Article 39, Protection of Minors; and Article 60,
5			tter-Related Crime. Such crimes also include possession or sale of
6		_	n violation of the North Carolina Controlled Substances Act, Article 5
7			pter 90 of the General Statutes, and alcohol-related offenses such as
8			underage persons in violation of G.S. 18B-302 or driving while
9		-	ed in violation of G.S. 20-138.1 through G.S. 20-138.5. In addition to
10			rth Carolina crimes listed in this subparagraph, such crimes also include
11	(2)		crimes under federal law or under the laws of other states.
12	<u>(2)</u>		mer reporting agency. – An entity which, for monetary fees, dues, or on
13			erative nonprofit basis, regularly engages in whole or in part in the
14			e of assembling or evaluating consumer credit information or other
15			ation on consumers, including criminal history checks, for the purpose
16			ishing consumer reports to third parties, and which uses any means or
17			of interstate commerce for the purpose of preparing or furnishing
18			ner reports, and which is regulated as provided in 15 U.S.C. § 1681, et
19		-	criminal history check by a consumer reporting agency provided for
20 21			es of this section must include all of the following: A search of the state criminal registry or repository in which the
22		<u>a.</u>	applicant resides.
23		<u>b.</u>	A multistate/multijurisdiction database search which includes a
24		<u>U.</u>	follow-up search at the originating source for any information returned
25			by the database search and which confirms final disposition
26			information of the same.
27		<u>c.</u>	A search of records obtained from county, state, and federal criminal
28		<u>c.</u>	repositories where the individual resides and has previously resided.
29		<u>d.</u>	A search of the National Sex Offender Registry established as
30		<u>u.</u>	provided in 42 U.S.C. § 16919.
31	(3)	Govern	ning body. – The governing body of a public school unit.
32	$\frac{(2)}{(2)}(4)$		ol personnel" means any:
33	()	a.	Employee of a local board of education whether full-time or part-time,
34			Of
35		b.	Independent contractor or employee of an independent contractor of a
36			local board of education, if the independent contractor carries out
37			duties customarily performed by school personnel,
38		whethe	er paid with federal, State, local, or other funds, who has significant
39		access	to students. School personnel includes substitute teachers, driver
40		training	g teachers, bus drivers, clerical staff, and custodians. School personnel.
41		– Any	individual who meets all of the following, regardless of whether the
42			ual is paid with federal, State, local, or other funds:
43		<u>a.</u>	Meets one of the following:
44			1. Is an employee of the governing body of a public school unit
45			whether full time or part time.
46			2. Is an independent contractor or employee of an independent
47			contractor of the governing body of a public school unit, if the
48			independent contractor carries out duties customarily
49			performed by school personnel.
50		<u>b.</u>	Has significant access to students, including substitute teachers, driver
51			training teachers, bus drivers, clerical staff, or custodians.

(b) <u>Criminal History Checks Required.</u> Each <u>local board of education governing body</u> shall adopt a policy on whether and under what circumstances that requires an applicant for a school personnel position shall be required to be checked for a criminal history <u>by either a consumer reporting agency</u>, the State Bureau of Investigation, or both, before the applicant is offered an unconditional job. Each <u>local board of education governing body</u> shall apply its policy uniformly in requiring applicants for school personnel positions to be checked for a criminal history. A <u>local board of education that requires a criminal history check for an applicant governing body</u> may employ an applicant conditionally while the <u>board governing body</u> is checking the person's criminal history and making a decision based on the results of the check. The governing body shall not employ or contract with an applicant who refuses to consent to a <u>criminal history check</u>.

A local board of education shall not governing body may require an applicant to pay for the criminal history check authorized under this subsection.

- (c) <u>Criminal History Check by the State Bureau of Investigation. If the governing body requires a criminal history check by the State Bureau of Investigation, all of the following apply:</u>
 - (1) The State Bureau of Investigation shall provide to the local board of education governing body the criminal history from the State and National Repositories of Criminal Histories of any applicant for a school personnel position in the local school administrative unit for which a local board of education requires a criminal history check. The local board of education public school unit.
 - (2) The governing body shall require the person to be checked by the State Bureau of Investigation applicant to (i) be fingerprinted and to provide any additional information required by the State Bureau of Investigation to a person designated by the local board, governing body, or to the local sheriff or the municipal police, whichever is more convenient for the person, and (ii) sign a form consenting to the check of the criminal record and to the use of fingerprints and other identifying information required by the repositories. The local board of education shall consider refusal to consent when making employment decisions and decisions with regard to independent contractors.
 - (3) The local board of education shall not governing body may require an applicant to pay for being fingerprinted.
- (d) The local board of education Criminal History Review. A governing body shall review the criminal history it receives on a person. The local board governing body shall determine whether the results of the review indicate that the applicant or employee (i) poses a threat to the physical safety of students or personnel, or (ii) has demonstrated that he or she does not have the integrity or honesty to fulfill his or her duties as public school personnel and shall use the information when making employment decisions and decisions with regard to independent contractors. The local board governing body shall make written findings with regard to how it used the information when making employment decisions and decisions with regard to independent contractors. The local board may delegate any of the duties in this subsection to the superintendent.
- (e) <u>State Board of Education to Receive Copy.</u>—The <u>local board of education</u>, or the <u>superintendent if designated by the local board of education</u>, <u>governing body</u> shall provide to the State Board of Education the criminal history it receives on a person who is certificated, certified, or licensed by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall review the criminal history and determine whether the person's certificate or license should be revoked in accordance with State laws and rules regarding revocation.
- (e1) Authority to Delegate Duties. Except for the governing body of a charter school, a governing body may delegate any of the duties in subsection (d) or (e) of this section to the superintendent or equivalent authority.

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information and is not a public record but is for the exclusive use of the local board of education governing body or the State Board of Education. The local board of education governing body or the State Board of Education may destroy the information after it is used for the purposes authorized by this section after one calendar year. <u>Liability.</u> – There shall be no liability for negligence on the part of a local board of education, governing body or its employees, or the State Board of Education, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, or any of their members or employees, individually or collectively, arising from any act taken or omission by any of them in carrying out the provisions of this section. The

immunity established by this subsection shall not extend to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing that would otherwise be actionable. The immunity established by this subsection shall be deemed to have been waived to the extent of indemnification by insurance, indemnification under Articles 31A and 31B of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, and to the extent sovereign immunity is waived under the Tort Claims Act, as set forth in Chapter 31 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.

Criminal History Check Documents Not Public Records. - All the information

received by the local board of education through the checking of the criminal history or by a

governing body or the State Board of Education in accordance with this section is privileged

- <u>Penalty for False Information. Any applicant for employment who willfully</u> furnishes, supplies, or otherwise gives false information on an employment application that is the basis for a criminal history record check under this section shall be is guilty of a Class A1 misdemeanor.
- (i) The local board of education Additional Criminal History Checks. – A governing body may adopt a policy providing for periodic checks of criminal history of employees. Local boards of education Governing bodies shall not require employees to pay for the criminal history check authorized under this subsection. A local board of education governing body shall indicate, upon inquiry by any other local board of education, charter school, or regional school governing body in the State as to the reason for an employee's resignation or dismissal, if an employee's criminal history was relevant to the employee's resignation or dismissal."

SECTION 2.(c) G.S. 14-202.4(d)(3) reads as rewritten:

"(3)School personnel. - Any person included in the definition contained in G.S. 115C-332(a)(2), G.S. 115C-77(a), including those employed by a nonpublic, charter, or regional school, and any person who volunteers at a school or a school-sponsored activity."

SECTION 2.(d) G.S. 115C-157.1(b)(2) reads as rewritten:

An adjunct instructor shall be subject to a criminal history check, to ensure that the person has not been convicted of any crime listed in G.S. 115C-332.G.S. 115C-77."

SECTION 2.(e) G.S. 115C-218.90(b) is repealed.

SECTION 2.(f) G.S. 115C-238.73 is repealed.

SECTION 2.(g) G.S. 115C-298.5(b)(2) reads as rewritten:

An adjunct instructor shall be subject to a criminal history check, to ensure that the person has not been convicted of any crime listed in G.S. 115C-332.G.S. 115C-77."

SECTION 2.(h) G.S. 115C-332.1(a) reads as rewritten:

For purposes of this section, the term "contractual personnel" includes any individual or entity under contract with the local board of education whose contractual job involves direct interaction with students as part of the job. For purposes of this section, the term "contractual personnel" does not include any person covered under G.S. 115C-332.G.S. 115C-77."

SECTION 2.(i) G.S. 115C-562.5(d) reads as rewritten:

If the Authority determines that a nonpublic school is not in compliance with the requirements of this section, the nonpublic school shall be ineligible to receive future scholarship funds. The nonpublic school shall notify the parent or guardian of any enrolled student receiving a scholarship grant that the nonpublic school is no longer eligible to receive future scholarship grants. The Authority shall establish by rule a process for a nonpublic school to appeal for reconsideration of eligibility after one year. To ensure compliance, the Board of Directors of the Authority shall review the criminal history provided under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section to ensure that the person has not been convicted of any crime listed in G.S. 115C-332. G.S. 115C-77. The Board shall determine through this review whether the nonpublic school is noncompliant with this section. The Board shall make written findings with regard to how the criminal history information was used when making the compliance determination. The Board of Directors may delegate any of the duties in this subsection to the Executive Director of the Authority. As part of its review, the Board shall determine whether the results indicate that the staff member has any of the following disqualifying characteristics:

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SECTION 2.(j) G.S. 116-239.12 is repealed.

SECTION 2.(k) G.S. 143B-1209.11 reads as rewritten:

"§ 143B-1209.11. Criminal record checks of school personnel.

- (a) The State Bureau of Investigation may provide a criminal record check to the local board of education governing body of a public school unit of a person who is employed in a public school in that local school district that public school unit or of a person who has applied for employment in a public school in that local school district, that public school unit, if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. The Bureau may also provide a criminal record check of school personnel as defined in G.S. 115C 332 G.S. 115C-77 by fingerprint card to the local board of education governing body of the public school unit from National Repositories of Criminal Histories, in accordance with G.S. 115C-332. G.S. 115C-77. The information shall be kept confidential by the local board of education governing body of the public school unit as provided in G.S. 115C-77 and Article 21A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes.
- (a1) The State Bureau of Investigation may provide a criminal record check to the Charter Schools Review Board of a member of a board of directors of a nonprofit corporation seeking initial approval to establish a charter school under Article 14A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, if the member consents to the record check. The Bureau may also provide a criminal record check of a member, as defined in G.S. 115C-218.4(a), by fingerprint card to the Charter Schools Review Board from the National Repositories of Criminal Histories, in accordance with G.S. 115C-218.4. The information shall be kept confidential by the Charter Schools Review Board as provided in G.S. 115C-218.4(e).
- (b) The Bureau may provide a criminal history record check to the board of directors of a regional school of a person who is employed at a regional school or of a person who has applied for employment at a regional school if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. The Bureau may also provide a criminal history record check of school personnel as defined in G.S. 115C-238.73 by fingerprint card to the board of directors of the regional school from the National Repositories of Criminal Histories, in accordance with G.S. 115C-238.73. The information shall be kept confidential by the board of directors of the regional school as provided in G.S. 115C-238.73.
- (c) The Bureau may provide a criminal history record check to the chancellor operating a University of North Carolina laboratory school of a person who is employed at a laboratory school or of a person who has applied for employment at a laboratory school if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. The Bureau may also provide a criminal history record check of school personnel, as defined in G.S. 116-239.12, by fingerprint card to the chancellor operating the laboratory school from the National Repositories of Criminal Histories, in accordance with G.S. 116-239.12. The information shall be kept confidential by the chancellor operating the laboratory school as provided in G.S. 116-239.12.

- (d) The Bureau may provide a criminal record check to the employer of a person who is employed in a nonpublic school or of a person who has applied for employment in a nonpublic school, if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. For purposes of this subsection, the term nonpublic school is one that is subject to the provisions of Article 39 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, but does not include a home school as defined in that Article.
- (e) The Bureau shall charge a reasonable fee for conducting a criminal record check under this section. The fee shall not exceed the actual cost of locating, editing, researching, and retrieving the information.
- (f) The Bureau may provide a criminal record check to the schools within the Department of Health and Human Services of a person who is employed, applies for employment, or applies to be selected as a volunteer, if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. The Department of Health and Human Services shall keep all information pursuant to this subsection confidential, as provided in Article 7 of Chapter 126 of the General Statutes.
 - (g) The Bureau shall adopt rules to implement this section."

SECTION 2.(1) Section 7.72(c) of S.L. 2021-180 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 7.72.(c) Flexibility for Teachers. – Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in addition to the authority provided to a local board of education to employ adjunct instructors in career and technical education career clusters pursuant to G.S. 115C-157.1, the local school administrative unit shall have the flexibility to contract with individuals who have education and training related to the specific skills and career pathways that are the focus of a signature career academy. Any individual who has direct contact with students pursuant to the authority provided by this subsection shall be subject to a criminal history check to ensure that the person has not been convicted of any crime listed in G.S. 115C-332.G.S. 115C-77."

SECTION 2.(m) This section applies to applications for school personnel positions that are received on or after January 1, 2026.

PART III. ALIGN LICENSURE SYSTEM WITH MULTISTATE EDUCATOR LOOKUP SYSTEM

SECTION 3. The State Board of Education is encouraged to work toward programming the licensure system to align with the Multistate Educator Lookup System established by the National Association of State Directors of Teacher Education and Certification to enable electronic validation of out-of-state credentials and related information.

PART IV. EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 4. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.