SENATE BILL NO. 258–SENATORS WOODHOUSE, PARKS; DENIS AND MANENDO

MARCH 12, 2015

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to common-interest communities. (BDR 18-903)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to common-interest communities; transferring the Office of the Ombudsman for Owners in Common-Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels from the Real Estate Division of the Department of Business and Industry to the Office of the Attorney General; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law creates the Office of the Ombudsman for Owners in Common-1 23456789 Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels within the Real Estate Division of the Department of Business and Industry to investigate and resolve disputes between certain parties in common-interest communities and condominium hotels. (NRS 116.625, 116.765) Sections 1 and 5 of this bill transfer the Office of the Ombudsman from the Real Estate Division to the Office of the Attorney General. Sections 2, 3, 10 and 11 of this bill make conforming changes to certain required forms. Section 6 of this bill provides that any costs or expenses of the Office of the Ombudsman may be paid from the Account for Common-Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels. Sections 7, 8, 14 and 15 of this bill provide for the 10 continuing jurisdiction and protection from liability of the transferred Office of the 11 12 13 Ombudsman. Finally, section 16 of this bill provides that all pending claims or complaints will transfer to the new Office of the Ombudsman on July 1, 2015.





THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Chapter 228 of NRS is hereby amended by adding Section 1. 1 2 thereto a new section to read as follows: 3

The Attornev General shall: 1.

4 (a) Administer the Office of the Ombudsman for Owners in 5 **Common-Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels; and**

(b) Appoint the Ombudsman in accordance with the provisions 6 of NRS 116.625. 7

8 2. The Attorney General may submit claims to the Real Estate 9 Administrator of the Real Estate Division of the Department of 10 Business and Industry for the costs and expenses of the Office of the Ombudsman. To the extent that money is available for that 11 purpose, those costs and expenses must be reimbursed from the 12 Account for Common-Interest Communities and Condominium 13 14 Hotels created by NRS 116.630.

15 3. The Attorney General may recommend such regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section for 16 adoption by the Commission for Common-Interest Communities 17 and Condominium Hotels pursuant to NRS 116.625. 18

19 Sec. 2. NRS 116.311635 is hereby amended to read as 20 follows:

21 116.311635 1. The association or other person conducting the sale shall also, after the expiration of the 90 days and before 22 23 selling the unit:

24 (a) Give notice of the time and place of the sale in the manner and for a time not less than that required by law for the sale of real 25 property upon execution, except that in lieu of following the 26 procedure for service on a judgment debtor pursuant to NRS 21.130, 27 service must be made on the unit's owner as follows: 28

29 (1) A copy of the notice of sale must be mailed, on or before the date of first publication or posting, by certified or registered 30 mail, return receipt requested, to the unit's owner or his or her 31 successor in interest at his or her address, if known, and to the 32 33 address of the unit: and

34 (2) A copy of the notice of sale must be served, on or before 35 the date of first publication or posting, in the manner set forth in 36 subsection 2; and

37 (b) Mail, on or before the date of first publication or posting, a copy of the notice by certified or registered mail, return receipt 38 39 requested, to:

(1) Each person entitled to receive a copy of the notice of 40 default and election to sell notice under NRS 116.31163; 41





1	(2) The holder of a recorded security interest or the purchaser
2	of the unit, if either of them has notified the association, before the
3	mailing of the notice of sale, of the existence of the security interest,
4	lease or contract of sale, as applicable; and
5	(3) The Ombudsman.
6	2. In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection 1, a
7	copy of the notice of sale must be served:
8	(a) By a person who is 18 years of age or older and who is not a
9	party to or interested in the sale by personally delivering a copy of
10	the notice of sale to an occupant of the unit who is of suitable age;
11	or
12	(b) By posting a copy of the notice of sale in a conspicuous
13	place on the unit.
14	3. Any copy of the notice of sale required to be served pursuant
15	to this section must include:
16	(a) The amount necessary to satisfy the lien as of the date of the
17	proposed sale; and
18	(b) The following warning in 14-point bold type:
19	WARNING A GALE OF VOUR PROPERTY IG
20	WARNING! A SALE OF YOUR PROPERTY IS
21	IMMINENT! UNLESS YOU PAY THE AMOUNT
22	SPECIFIED IN THIS NOTICE BEFORE THE SALE DATE,
23	YOU COULD LOSE YOUR HOME, EVEN IF THE AMOUNT IS IN DISPUTE. YOU MUST ACT BEFORE
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25 26	THE SALE DATE. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, PLEASE CALL (name and telephone number of the contact
20 27	person for the association). IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE,
$\frac{27}{28}$	PLEASE CALL THE FORECLOSURE SECTION OF THE
28 29	OMBUDSMAN'S OFFICE, INEVADA REAL ESTATE
30	DIVISION, OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL,
31	AT (toll-free telephone number designated by the [Division]]
32	Office of the Ombudsman) IMMEDIATELY.
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34	4. Proof of service of any copy of the notice of sale required to
35	be served pursuant to this section must consist of:
36	(a) A certificate of mailing which evidences that the notice was
37	mailed through the United States Postal Service; or
38	(b) An affidavit of service signed by the person who served the
39	notice stating:
40	(1) The time of service, manner of service and location of
41	service; and
42	(2) The name of the person served or, if the notice was not
43	served on a person, a description of the location where the notice
44	was posted on the unit.



1 **Sec. 3.** NRS 116.41095 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2 116.41095 The information statement required by NRS 3 116.4103 and 116.4109 must be in substantially the following form: 4 5 BEFORE YOU PURCHASE PROPERTY IN A 6 COMMON-INTEREST COMMUNITY 7 DID YOU KNOW 8 YOU GENERALLY HAVE 5 DAYS TO CANCEL 1 9 THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT? 10 When you enter into a purchase agreement to buy a home or unit in a common-interest community, in most cases you 11 12 should receive either a public offering statement, if you are 13 the original purchaser of the home or unit, or a resale 14 package, if you are not the original purchaser. The law 15 generally provides for a 5-day period in which you have the 16 right to cancel the purchase agreement. The 5-day period begins on different starting dates, depending on whether you 17 18 receive a public offering statement or a resale package. Upon receiving a public offering statement or a resale package, you 19 should make sure you are informed of the deadline for 20 21 exercising your right to cancel. In order to exercise your right 22 to cancel, the law generally requires that you hand deliver the 23 notice of cancellation to the seller within the 5-day period, or 24 mail the notice of cancellation to the seller by prepaid United 25 States mail within the 5-day period. For more information regarding your right to cancel, see Nevada Revised Statutes 26 116.4108, if you received a public offering statement, or 27 Nevada Revised Statutes 116.4109, if you received a resale 28 29 package. 30 2. YOU ARE AGREEING TO RESTRICTIONS ON HOW YOU CAN USE YOUR PROPERTY? 31 32 These restrictions are contained in a document known as the 33 Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions. The CC&Rs become a part of the title to your property. They bind 34 you and every future owner of the property whether or not 35 you have read them or had them explained to you. The 36 CC&Rs, together with other "governing documents" (such as 37 association by laws and rules and regulations), are intended to 38 preserve the character and value of properties in the 39 40 community, but may also restrict what you can do to improve 41 or change your property and limit how you use and enjoy your property. By purchasing a property encumbered by 42 CC&Rs, you are agreeing to limitations that could affect your 43 44 lifestyle and freedom of choice. You should review the 45 CC&Rs, and other governing documents before purchasing to





make sure that these limitations and controls are acceptable to you. Certain provisions in the CC&Rs and other governing documents may be superseded by contrary provisions of chapter 116 of the Nevada Revised Statutes. The Nevada Revised Statutes are available at the Internet address http://www.leg.state.nv.us/nrs/.

3. YOU WILL HAVE TO PAY OWNERS' ASSESSMENTS FOR AS LONG AS YOU OWN YOUR PROPERTY?

10 As an owner in a common-interest community, you are responsible for paying your share of expenses relating to the 11 12 common elements, such as landscaping, shared amenities and 13 the operation of any homeowners' association. The obligation to pay these assessments binds you and every future owner of 14 the property. Owners' fees are usually assessed by the 15 homeowners' association and due monthly. You have to pay 16 dues whether or not you agree with the way the association is 17 18 managing the property or spending the assessments. The executive board of the association may have the power to 19 20 change and increase the amount of the assessment and to levy 21 special assessments against your property to meet 22 extraordinary expenses. In some communities, major 23 components of the common elements of the community such as roofs and private roads must be maintained and replaced 24 25 by the association. If the association is not well managed or 26 fails to provide adequate funding for reserves to repair, replace and restore common elements, you may be required to 27 28 pay large, special assessments to accomplish these tasks.

29 4. IF YOU FAIL TO PAY OWNERS'
30 ASSESSMENTS, YOU COULD LOSE YOUR HOME?

31 If you do not pay these assessments when due, the association usually has the power to collect them by selling your property 32 33 in a nonjudicial foreclosure sale. If fees become delinguent, you may also be required to pay penalties and the 34 35 association's costs and attorney's fees to become current. If you dispute the obligation or its amount, your only remedy to 36 avoid the loss of your home may be to file a lawsuit and ask a 37 court to intervene in the dispute. 38

39 YOU MAY BECOME MEMBER OF 5. A Α HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION THAT HAS THE 40 41 POWER TO AFFECT HOW YOU USE AND ENJOY YOUR PROPERTY? 42 43

Many common-interest communities have a homeowners' association. In a new development, the association will usually be controlled by the developer until a certain number



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1 of units have been sold. After the period of developer control, 2 the association may be controlled by property owners like 3 yourself who are elected by homeowners to sit on an 4 executive board and other boards and committees formed by 5 the association. The association, and its executive board, are 6 responsible for assessing homeowners for the cost of 7 operating the association and the common or shared elements 8 of the community and for the day to day operation and 9 management of the community. Because homeowners sitting 10 on the executive board and other boards and committees of 11 the association may not have the experience or professional 12 background required to understand and carry out the 13 responsibilities of the association properly, the association may hire professional community managers to carry out these 14 15 responsibilities.

16 Homeowners' associations operate on democratic principles. Some decisions require all homeowners to vote, some 17 18 decisions are made by the executive board or other boards or committees established by the association or governing 19 20documents. Although the actions of the association and its 21 executive board are governed by state laws, the CC&Rs and 22 the other documents that govern common-interest 23 community, decisions made by these persons will affect your use and enjoyment of your property, your lifestyle and 24 25 freedom of choice, and your cost of living in the community. 26 You may not agree with decisions made by the association or its governing bodies even though the decisions are ones 27 28 which the association is authorized to make. Decisions may 29 be made by a few persons on the executive board or 30 governing bodies that do not necessarily reflect the view of 31 the majority of homeowners in the community. If you do not 32 agree with decisions made by the association, its executive 33 board or other governing bodies, your remedy is typically to attempt to use the democratic processes of the association to 34 35 seek the election of members of the executive board or other governing bodies that are more responsive to your needs. If 36 you have a dispute with the association, its executive board or 37 other governing bodies, you may be able to resolve the 38 dispute through the complaint, investigation and intervention 39 40 process administered by the Office of the Ombudsman for 41 Owners in Common-Interest Communities and Condominium 42 Hotels, the Nevada Real Estate Division and the Commission 43 for Common-Interest Communities and Condominium 44 Hotels. However, to resolve some disputes, you may have to 45 mediate or arbitrate the dispute and, if mediation or





1 arbitration is unsuccessful, you may have to file a lawsuit and 2 ask a court to resolve the dispute. In addition to your personal 3 cost in mediation or arbitration, or to prosecute a lawsuit, you may be responsible for paying your share of the association's 4 5 cost in defending against your claim.

6 YOU ARE REOUIRED TO PROVIDE 6. 7 PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF YOUR PROPERTY WITH INFORMATION ABOUT LIVING 8 IN YOUR 9 COMMON-INTEREST COMMUNITY?

10 The law requires you to provide a prospective purchaser of your property with a copy of the community's governing 11 12 documents, including the CC&Rs, association bylaws, and 13 rules and regulations, as well as a copy of this document. You are also required to provide a copy of the association's 14 15 current year-to-date financial statement, including, without 16 limitation, the most recent audited or reviewed financial statement, a copy of the association's operating budget and 17 18 information regarding the amount of the monthly assessment for common expenses, including the amount set aside as 19 reserves for the repair, replacement and restoration of 20 common elements. You are also required to inform prospective purchasers of any outstanding judgments or 21 22 lawsuits pending against the association of which you are 23 aware. For more information regarding these requirements, 24 25 see Nevada Revised Statutes 116.4109.

YOU HAVE CERTAIN RIGHTS REGARDING 26 7. **OWNERSHIP IN A COMMON-INTEREST COMMUNITY** THAT ARE GUARANTEED YOU BY THE STATE? 28

Pursuant to provisions of chapter 116 of Nevada Revised 29 30 Statutes, you have the right:

(a) To be notified of all meetings of the association and its executive board, except in cases of emergency.

(b) To attend and speak at all meetings of the association and its executive board, except in some cases where the executive board is authorized to meet in closed, executive session.

(c) To request a special meeting of the association upon petition of at least 10 percent of the homeowners.

(d) To inspect, examine, photocopy and audit financial and other records of the association.

(e) To be notified of all changes in the community's rules and regulations and other actions by the association or board that affect you.

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8. QUESTIONS?





1 Although they may be voluminous, you should take the time 2 to read and understand the documents that will control your 3 ownership of a property in a common-interest community. You may wish to ask your real estate professional, lawyer or 4 other person with experience to explain anything you do not 5 6 understand. You may also request assistance from the Office 7 of the Ombudsman for Owners in Common-Interest 8 Communities and Condominium Hotels, *Nevada Real Estate* 9 Division, Office of the Attorney General, at (telephone 10 number [].] designated by the Office of the Ombudsman).

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Buyer or prospective buyer's initials: Date:

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Sec. 4. NRS 116.615 is hereby amended to read as follows:

15 116.615 1. [The] Except as otherwise provided in section 1 of this act, the provisions of this chapter must be administered by 16 17 the Division, subject to the administrative supervision of the 18 Director of the Department of Business and Industry.

19 The Commission and the Division may do all things 2. 20 necessary and convenient to carry out the provisions of this chapter, 21 including, without limitation, prescribing such forms and adopting 22 such procedures as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this 23 chapter.

24 The Commission, or the Administrator with the approval of 3. 25 the Commission, may adopt such regulations as are necessary to 26 carry out the provisions of this chapter.

27 4. The Commission may by regulation delegate any authority 28 conferred upon it by the provisions of this chapter to the 29 Administrator to be exercised pursuant to the regulations adopted by 30 the Commission.

31 5. When regulations are proposed by the Administrator, in addition to other notices required by law, the Administrator shall 32 33 provide copies of the proposed regulations to the Commission not later than 30 days before the next meeting of the Commission. The 34 Commission shall approve, amend or disapprove any proposed 35 regulations at that meeting. 36

37 All regulations adopted by the Commission, or adopted by 6. the Administrator with the approval of the Commission, must be 38 39 published by the Division, posted on its website and offered for sale 40 at a reasonable fee. 41

Sec. 5. NRS 116.625 is hereby amended to read as follows:

42 The Office of the Ombudsman for Owners in 116 625 1 43 Common-Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels is hereby 44 created within the [Division.] Office of the Attorney General.





1 2. The [Administrator] Attorney General shall appoint the 2 Ombudsman. The Ombudsman is in the unclassified service of the 3 State.

4 3. The Ombudsman must be qualified by training and 5 experience to perform the duties and functions of office.

6 4. In addition to any other duties set forth in this chapter, the 7 Ombudsman shall:

8 (a) Assist in processing claims submitted to mediation or 9 arbitration or referred to a program pursuant to NRS 38.300 to 10 38.360, inclusive;

11 (b) Assist owners in common-interest communities and 12 condominium hotels to understand their rights and responsibilities 13 as set forth in this chapter and chapter 116B of NRS and the 14 governing documents of their associations, including, without 15 limitation, publishing materials related to those rights and 16 responsibilities;

17 (c) Assist members of executive boards and officers of 18 associations to carry out their duties;

(d) When appropriate, investigate disputes involving the
provisions of this chapter or chapter 116B of NRS or the governing
documents of an association and assist in resolving such disputes;
and

(e) Compile and maintain a registration of each association
 organized within the State which includes, without limitation, the
 following information:

26 (1) The name, address and telephone number of the 27 association;

28 (2) The name of each community manager for the common-29 interest community or the association of a condominium hotel and 30 the name of any other person who is authorized to manage the 31 property at the site of the common-interest community or 32 condominium hotel;

(3) The names, mailing addresses and telephone numbers ofthe members of the executive board of the association;

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(4) The name of the declarant;

36 (5) The number of units in the common-interest community37 or condominium hotel;

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(6) The total annual assessment made by the association;

(7) The number of foreclosures which were completed on
units within the common-interest community or condominium hotel
and which were based on liens for the failure of the unit's owner to
pay any assessments levied against the unit or any fines imposed
against the unit's owner; and





1 (8) Whether the study of the reserves of the association has 2 been conducted pursuant to NRS 116.31152 or 116B.605 and, if so, 3 the date on which it was completed. 4

NRS 116.630 is hereby amended to read as follows: Sec. 6.

5 116.630 1. There is hereby created the Account for Common-6 Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels in the State General 7 Fund. The Account must be administered by the Administrator.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, all money 8 received by the Commission, a hearing panel or the Division 9 pursuant to this chapter or chapter 116B of NRS, including, without 10 limitation, the fees collected pursuant to NRS 116.31155 and 11 12 116B.620, must be deposited into the Account.

13 3. If the Commission imposes a fine or penalty, the 14 Commission shall deposit the money collected from the imposition 15 of the fine or penalty with the State Treasurer for credit to the State 16 General Fund. If the money is so deposited, the Commission may 17 present a claim to the State Board of Examiners for recommendation to the Interim Finance Committee if money is required to pay 18 19 attorney's fees or the costs of an investigation, or both.

The interest and income earned on the money in the 20 4. 21 Account, after deducting any applicable charges, must be credited to 22 the Account.

23 5. The money in the Account must be used solely to defray:

24 (a) The costs and expenses of the Commission and the Office of 25 the Ombudsman;

26 (b) If authorized by the Commission or any regulations adopted 27 by the Commission, the costs and expenses of subsidizing proceedings for mediation, arbitration and a program conducted 28 29 pursuant to NRS 38.300 to 38.360, inclusive; and

30 (c) If authorized by the Legislature or by the Interim Finance 31 Committee if the Legislature is not in session, the costs and 32 expenses of administering the Division.

33 To the extent that money in the Account is available for that purpose, the Administrator shall pay any claims submitted by 34 35 the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to section 1 of this act 36 to reimburse the costs and expenses of the Office of the 37 **Ombudsman**.

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Sec. 7. NRS 116.635 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 116.635 The Commission and its members, each hearing panel and its members, the Administrator, the Office of the Ombudsman, 40 41 the Division, and the experts, attorneys, investigators, consultants and other personnel of the Commission, the Office of the 42 **Ombudsman** and the Division are immune from any civil liability 43 44 for any decision or action taken in good faith and without malicious 45 intent in carrying out the provisions of this chapter.





Sec. 8. NRS 116.750 is hereby amended to read as follows:

116.750 1. In carrying out the provisions of NRS 116.745 to 2 3 116.795, inclusive, the Division and the Office of the Ombudsman have jurisdiction to investigate and the Commission and each 4 5 hearing panel has jurisdiction to take appropriate action against any 6 person who commits a violation, including, without limitation:

7 (a) Any association and any officer, employee or agent of an 8 association

(b) Any member of an executive board.

(c) Any community manager who holds a certificate and any 10 11 other community manager.

(d) Any person who is registered as a reserve study specialist, or 12 13 who conducts a study of reserves, pursuant to chapter 116A of NRS. 14

(e) Any declarant or affiliate of a declarant.

(f) Any unit's owner.

16 (g) Any tenant of a unit's owner if the tenant has entered into an 17 agreement with the unit's owner to abide by the governing 18 documents of the association and the provisions of this chapter and 19 any regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

20 2. The jurisdiction set forth in subsection 1 applies to any 21 officer, employee or agent of an association or any member of an 22 executive board who commits a violation and who:

23 (a) Currently holds his or her office, employment, agency or 24 position or who held the office, employment, agency or position at 25 the commencement of proceedings against him or her.

(b) Resigns his or her office, employment, agency or position:

27 (1) After the commencement of proceedings against him or 28 her; or

29 (2) Within 1 year after the violation is discovered or 30 reasonably should have been discovered.

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Sec. 9. NRS 116.757 is hereby amended to read as follows:

116.757 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and 32 NRS 239.0115, a written affidavit filed with the Division pursuant 33 to NRS 116.760, all documents and other information filed with the 34 35 written affidavit and all documents and other information compiled as a result of an investigation conducted to determine whether to file 36 37 a formal complaint with the Commission are confidential. The 38 Division and the Office of the Ombudsman shall not disclose any 39 information that is confidential pursuant to this subsection, in whole or in part, to any person, including, without limitation, a person who 40 41 is the subject of an investigation or complaint, unless and until a 42 formal complaint is filed pursuant to subsection 2 and the disclosure 43 is required pursuant to subsection 2.

44 A formal complaint filed by the Administrator with the 2. 45 Commission and all documents and other information considered by





the Commission or a hearing panel when determining whether to
 impose discipline or take other administrative action pursuant to
 NRS 116.745 to 116.795, inclusive, are public records.

4 Sec. 10. NRS 116B.645 is hereby amended to read as follows:

5 116B.645 1. The association or hotel unit owner, as 6 applicable, shall also, after the expiration of the 90 days and before 7 selling the unit:

8 (a) Give notice of the time and place of the sale in the manner 9 and for a time not less than that required by law for the sale of real 10 property upon execution, except that in lieu of following the 11 procedure for service on a judgment debtor pursuant to NRS 21.130, 12 service must be made on the residential unit owner as follows:

13 (1) A copy of the notice of sale must be mailed, on or before 14 the date of first publication or posting, by certified or registered 15 mail, return receipt requested, to the residential unit owner or his or 16 her successor in interest at the residential unit owner's address, if 17 known, and to the address of the residential unit; and

18 (2) A copy of the notice of sale must be served, on or before 19 the date of first publication or posting, in the manner set forth in 20 subsection 2; and

(b) Mail, on or before the date of first publication or posting, acopy of the notice by first-class mail to:

(1) Each person entitled to receive a copy of the notice of
 default and election to sell notice under NRS 116B.640;

(2) The holder of a recorded security interest or the purchaser
of the residential unit, if either of them has notified the association,
before the mailing of the notice of sale, of the existence of the
security interest, lease or contract of sale, as applicable; and

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(3) The Ombudsman.

2. In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection 1, acopy of the notice of sale must be served:

32 (a) By a person who is 18 years of age or older and who is not a
33 party to or interested in the sale by personally delivering a copy of
34 the notice of sale to an occupant of the residential unit who is of
35 suitable age; or

(b) By posting a copy of the notice of sale in a conspicuousplace on the residential unit.

38 3. Any copy of the notice of sale required to be served pursuant 39 to this section must include:

40 (a) The amount necessary to satisfy the lien as of the date of the
41 proposed sale; and
42 (b) The following warning in 14-point bold type:

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WARNING! A SALE OF YOUR PROPERTY IS IMMINENT! UNLESS YOU PAY THE AMOUNT





SPECIFIED IN THIS NOTICE BEFORE THE SALE DATE, 1 YOU COULD LOSE YOUR HOME, EVEN IF THE 2 AMOUNT IS IN DISPUTE. YOU MUST ACT BEFORE 3 4 THE SALE DATE. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, 5 PLEASE CALL (name and telephone number of the contact 6 person for the association or hotel unit owner). IF YOU 7 NEED ASSISTANCE. PLEASE CALL THE FORECLOSURE SECTION OF THE OMBUDSMAN'S 8 OFFICE, INEVADA REAL ESTATE DIVISION, OFFICE 9 OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, AT (toll-free telephone 10 number designated by the [Division]] Office of the 11 **Ombudsman**) IMMEDIATELY. 12 13 14 4. Proof of service of any copy of the notice of sale required to 15 be served pursuant to this section must consist of: 16 (a) A certificate of mailing which evidences that the notice was 17 mailed through the United States Postal Service; or 18 (b) An affidavit of service signed by the person who served the 19 notice stating: (1) The time of service, manner of service and location of 20 21 service; and 22 (2) The name of the person served or, if the notice was not served on a person, a description of the location where the notice 23 was posted on the residential unit. 24 25 Sec. 11. NRS 116B.765 is hereby amended to read as follows: 116B.765 The information statement required by NRS 26 27 116B.735 and 116B.760 must be in substantially the following 28 form: 29 30 BEFORE YOU PURCHASE PROPERTY IN A 31 CONDOMINIUM HOTEL 32 DID YOU KNOW... 1 YOU GENERALLY HAVE 5 DAYS TO CANCEL 33 34 THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT? 35 When you enter into a purchase agreement to buy a home or unit in a condominium hotel, in most cases you should 36 receive either a public offering statement, if you are the 37 38 original purchaser of the home or unit, or a resale package, if you are not the original purchaser. The law generally provides 39 for a 5-day period in which you have the right to cancel the 40 purchase agreement. The 5-day period begins on different 41 42 starting dates, depending on whether you receive a public 43 offering statement or a resale package. Upon receiving a 44 public offering statement or a resale package, you should 45 make sure you are informed of the deadline for exercising





your right to cancel. In order to exercise your right to cancel, the law generally requires that you hand deliver the notice of cancellation to the seller within the 5-day period, or mail the notice of cancellation to the seller by prepaid United States mail within the 5-day period. For more information regarding your right to cancel, see NRS 116B.755, if you received a public offering statement, or NRS 116B.760, if you received a resale package.

9 2. YOU ARE AGREEING TO RESTRICTIONS ON
10 HOW YOU CAN USE YOUR PROPERTY?

11 These restrictions are contained in a document known as the 12 Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions. The 13 CC&Rs become a part of the title to your property. They bind 14 you and every future owner of the property whether or not 15 you have read them or had them explained to you. The CC&Rs, together with other "governing documents" (such as 16 association by laws and rules and regulations), are intended to 17 18 preserve the character and value of properties in the condominium hotel, but may also restrict what you can do to 19 improve or change your property and limit how you use and 20 21 enjoy your property. By purchasing a property encumbered 22 by CC&Rs, you are agreeing to limitations that could affect your lifestyle and freedom of choice. You should review the 23 CC&Rs, and other governing documents before purchasing to 24 25 make sure that these limitations and controls are acceptable to 26 vou.

27 3. YOU WILL HAVE TO PAY OWNERS'
28 ASSESSMENTS AND CHARGES FOR AS LONG AS
29 YOU OWN YOUR PROPERTY?

30 As an owner in a condominium hotel, you are responsible for 31 paying your share of expenses relating to the common 32 elements and shared components. The obligation to pay these 33 expenses binds you and every future owner of the property. Owners' fees are usually assessed for these expenses 34 35 monthly. You have to pay dues whether or not you agree with the way the association or the hotel unit owner is managing 36 the property or spending the assessments or charges. The 37 hotel unit owner executive board of the association may have 38 39 the power to change and increase the amount of the 40 assessment or charges and to levy special assessments or 41 special charges against your property to meet extraordinary 42 expenses. 43

4. IF YOU FAIL TO PAY OWNERS' ASSESSMENTS OR CHARGES, YOU COULD LOSE YOUR HOME?



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1 If you do not pay these assessments or charges when due, the 2 hotel unit owner or the association usually has the power to 3 collect them by selling your property in a nonjudicial 4 foreclosure sale. If fees become delinquent, you may also be required to pay penalties and the association's or hotel unit 5 6 owner's costs, as applicable, and attorney's fees to become 7 current. If you dispute the obligation or its amount, your only remedy to avoid the loss of your home may be to file a 8 9 lawsuit and ask a court to intervene in the dispute.

5. YOU MAY BECOME A MEMBER OF A
HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION THAT HAS THE
POWER TO AFFECT HOW YOU USE AND ENJOY
YOUR PROPERTY?

14 Many condominium hotels have a homeowners' association. 15 In a new development, the association will usually be 16 controlled by the developer until a certain number of units 17 have been sold. After the period of developer control, the 18 association may be controlled by property owners like yourself who are elected by homeowners to sit on an 19 20 executive board and other boards and committees formed by 21 the association. The association, and its executive board, are 22 responsible for assessing homeowners for the cost of 23 operating the association and the common elements of the condominium hotel. Because homeowners sitting on the 24 25 executive board and other boards and committees of the 26 association may not have the experience or professional background required to understand and carry out the 27 responsibilities of the association properly, the association 28 29 may hire professional condominium association managers to 30 carry out these responsibilities.

31 Homeowners' associations operate on democratic principles. 32 Some decisions require all homeowners to vote, some 33 decisions are made by the executive board or other boards or 34 committees established by the association or governing 35 documents. Although the actions of the association and its executive board are governed by state laws, the CC&Rs and 36 other documents that govern the condominium hotel, 37 decisions made by these persons will affect your use and 38 enjoyment of your property, your lifestyle and freedom of 39 choice, and your cost of living in the condominium hotel. 40 41 You may not agree with decisions made by the association or its governing bodies even though the decisions are ones 42 which the association is authorized to make. Decisions may 43 44 be made by a few persons on the executive board or 45 governing bodies that do not necessarily reflect the view of





1 the majority of residential unit in the condominium hotel. If 2 you do not agree with decisions made by the association, its 3 executive board or other governing bodies, your remedy is 4 typically to attempt to use the democratic processes of the 5 association to seek the election of members of the executive 6 board or other governing bodies that are more responsive to 7 your needs. If you have a dispute with the association, its 8 executive board or other governing bodies, you may be able 9 to resolve the dispute through the complaint, investigation 10 and intervention process administered by the Office of the Ombudsman for Owners in Common-Interest Communities 11 and Condominium Hotels, the Nevada Real Estate Division 12 13 and the Commission for Common-Interest Communities and 14 Condominium Hotels. However, to resolve some disputes, 15 you may have to mediate or arbitrate the dispute and, if 16 mediation or arbitration is unsuccessful, you may have to file 17 a lawsuit and ask a court to resolve the dispute. In addition to 18 your personal cost in mediation or arbitration, or to prosecute a lawsuit, you may be responsible for paying your share of 19 20the association's cost in defending against your claim.

6. YOU ARE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF YOUR PROPERTY WITH INFORMATION ABOUT LIVING IN YOUR CONDOMINIUM HOTEL?

25 The law requires you to provide a prospective purchaser of your property with a copy of the condominium hotel's 26 governing documents, including the CC&Rs, association 27 28 bylaws, and rules and regulations, as well as a copy of this 29 document. You are also required to provide a copy of the 30 association's current year-to-date financial statement. including, without limitation, the most recent audited or 31 reviewed financial statement, a copy of the association's 32 operating budget and information regarding the amount of the 33 monthly assessment for common expenses, including the 34 35 amount set aside as reserves for the repair, replacement and restoration of common elements. You are also required to 36 provide a copy of the current year-to-date statement of the 37 shared expenses charged to your unit by the declarant or hotel 38 unit owner, as applicable. You are also required to inform 39 prospective purchasers of any outstanding judgments or 40 41 lawsuits pending against the association of which you are aware. For more information regarding these requirements, 42 43 see NRS 116B.725 to 116B.795, inclusive.



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1	7. YOU HAVE CERTAIN RIGHTS REGARDING
2	OWNERSHIP IN A CONDOMINIUM HOTEL THAT ARE
3	GUARANTEED YOU BY THE STATE?
4	Pursuant to provisions of this chapter, you have the right:
5	(a) To be notified of all meetings of the association and
6	its executive board, except in cases of emergency.
7	(b) To attend and speak at all meetings of the association
8	and its executive board, except in some cases where the
9	executive board is authorized to meet in closed, executive
10	session.
11	(c) To request a special meeting of the association.
12	(d) To inspect, examine, photocopy and audit financial
13	and other records of the association.
14	(e) To be notified of all changes in the condominium
15	hotel's rules and regulations and other actions by the
16	association or board that affect you.
17	8. QUESTIONS?
18	Although they may be voluminous, you should take the time
19	to read and understand the documents that will control your
20	ownership of a property in a condominium hotel. You may
21	wish to ask your real estate professional, lawyer or other
22	person with experience to explain anything you do not
23	understand. You may also request assistance from the Office
24	of the Ombudsman for Owners in Common-Interest
25	Communities and Condominium Hotels, [Nevada Real Estate
26	Division,] Office of the Attorney General, at (telephone
27	number).
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29	Buyer or prospective buyer's initials:
30	Date:
31	Sec. 12. NRS 116B.800 is hereby amended to read as follows:
32	116B.800 [The] Except as otherwise provided in section 1 of
33	this act, the Commission for Common-Interest Communities and
34	Condominium Hotels created by NRS 116.600, the Division and the
35	Director of the Department of Business and Industry have
36	jurisdiction over the enforcement of this chapter as set forth herein.
37	Sec. 13. NRS 116B.805 is hereby amended to read as follows:
38	116B.805 1. [The] Except as otherwise provided in section 1
39	of this act, the provisions of this chapter must be administered by
40	the Division, subject to the administrative supervision of the
41	Director of the Department of Business and Industry.
42	2. The Commission and the Division may do all things
43	necessary and convenient to carry out the provisions of this chapter,
44	including, without limitation, prescribing such forms and adopting



1 such procedures as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this 2 chapter.

The Commission, or the Administrator with the approval of 3 3. 4 the Commission, may adopt such regulations as are necessary to 5 carry out the provisions of this chapter.

4. The Commission may by regulation delegate any authority 6 conferred upon it by the provisions of this chapter to the 7 Administrator to be exercised pursuant to the regulations adopted by 8 9 the Commission.

10 5. When regulations are proposed by the Administrator, in addition to other notices required by law, the Administrator shall 11 provide copies of the proposed regulations to the Commission not 12 13 later than 30 days before the next meeting of the Commission. The 14 Commission shall approve, amend or disapprove any proposed 15 regulations at that meeting.

16 6. All regulations adopted by the Commission, or adopted by 17 the Administrator with the approval of the Commission, must be 18 published by the Division, posted on its website and offered for sale 19 at a reasonable fee. 20

Sec. 14. NRS 116B.820 is hereby amended to read as follows:

116B.820 The Commission and its members, each hearing 21 22 panel and its members, the Administrator, the Office of the Ombudsman, the Division, and the experts, attorneys, investigators, 23 consultants and other personnel of the Commission, the Office of 24 25 the Ombudsman and the Division are immune from any civil liability for any decision or action taken in good faith and without 26 27 malicious intent in carrying out the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 15. NRS 116B.870 is hereby amended to read as follows:

29 116B.870 1. In carrying out the provisions of NRS 116B.870 30 to 116B.920, inclusive, the Division and the Office of the 31 Ombudsman have jurisdiction to investigate and the Commission and each hearing panel has jurisdiction to take appropriate action 32 33 against any person who commits a violation, including, without 34 limitation:

35 (a) Any association and any officer, employee or agent of an 36 association.

37 (b) Any member of an executive board.

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(c) Any declarant, affiliate of a declarant or hotel unit owner.

39 (d) Any unit's owner.

(e) Any tenant of a unit's owner if the tenant has entered into an 40 41 agreement with the unit's owner to abide by the governing documents of the association and the provisions of this chapter and 42 43 any regulations adopted pursuant thereto.





The jurisdiction set forth in subsection 1 applies to any 1 2. 2 officer, employee or agent of an association or any member of an 3 executive board who commits a violation and who:

4 (a) Currently holds his or her office, employment, agency or position or who held his or her office, employment, agency or 5 6 position at the commencement of proceedings against him or her. 7

(b) Resigns his or her office, employment, agency or position:

(1) After the commencement of proceedings against him or 8 9 her; or

10 (2) Within 1 year after the violation is discovered or reasonably should have been discovered. 11

12 Sec. 16. 1. Any claim or complaint submitted to or being 13 processed by the Office of the Ombudsman for Owners in Common-14 Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels within the Real 15 Estate Division of the Department of Business and Industry before 16 July 1, 2015, shall be deemed to be the responsibility of the Office 17 of the Ombudsman for Owners in Common-Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels within the Office of the Attorney General. 18

19 Any person who, on July 1, 2015, is serving as the 2. Ombudsman for Owners in Common-Interest Communities and 20 Condominium Hotels may, if he or she is otherwise qualified on that 21 22 date, continue to serve in that capacity until his or her successor is appointed pursuant to NRS 116.625, as amended by section 5 of this 23 24 act

This act becomes effective: 25 Sec. 17.

Upon passage and approval for the purposes of adopting any 26 1. 27 regulations and performing any preparatory administrative tasks 28 necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and

29 2. On July 1, 2015, for all other purposes.



