SENATE BILL No. 418(ts)

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 4-10-18-10; IC 4-33-13-5; IC 5-2-1-9; IC 5-10-13-2; IC 6-1.1-12.1-1; IC 6-3; IC 8-23-20-25.6; IC 16-19-3-27.5; IC 16-41-25-1; IC 20-28-9-1.5; IC 20-30-2-4; IC 25-22.5-1-1.1; IC 32-22-3-4; IC 33-24-6-3; IC 33-34-8-1; IC 34-18-3; IC 34-26-5-10; IC 34-30.

Synopsis: Conflict resolution and technical corrections. Resolves conflicts occurring in the following: (1) SEA 37-2022 and HEA 1075-2022. (2) SEA 37-2022 and SEA 382-2022. (3) SEA 294-2022 and HEA 1296-2022. (4) HEA 1174-2022 and HEA 1314-2022. (5) SEA 119-2022 and HEA 1260-2022. (6) SEA 382-2022 and HEA 1251-2022. (7) SEA 382-2022 and HEA 1002-2022. (8) HEA 1169-2022 and HEA 1245-2022. (9) SEA 37-2022 and HEA 1245-2022. (10) SEA 356-2022 and HEA 1251-2022. (11) SEA 290-2022 and HEA 1093-2022. (12) SEA 80-2022 and HEA 1300-2022. (13) SEA 149-2022 and HEA 1260-2022. Makes technical corrections in various enrolled acts as follows: (1) Removes extraneous provisions inadvertently left in HEA 1262-2022 and HEA 1137-2022. (2) Corrects the name of the International Chiropractors Association in a provision added by SEA 239-2022. (3) Inserts a phrase inadvertently omitted from SEA 388-2022. (4) Corrects cross references in HEA 1003-2022. Specifies the general assembly's intent regarding IC 34-30-2 and conflicts occurring in SEA 5-2022, SEA 80-2022, and HEA 1260-2022.

Effective: March 13, 2020 (retroactive); March 18, 2022 (retroactive); April 1, 2022 (retroactive); July 1, 2022; January 1, 2023; July 1, 2023.

Messmer, Rogers

Rules Suspended, May 24, 2022, read first time.



Second Regular Technical Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)(ts)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 418(ts)

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning general provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 4-10-18-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022,
SECTION 7, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2022, SECTION 5, IS
CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 10. (a) The state board of finance
may lend money from the fund to entities listed in subsections (e)
through (k) for the purposes specified in those subsections.

- (b) An entity must apply for the loan before May 1, 1989, in a form approved by the state board of finance. As part of the application, the entity shall submit a plan for its use of the loan proceeds and for the repayment of the loan. Within sixty (60) days after receipt of each application, the board shall meet to consider the application and to review its accuracy and completeness and to determine the need for the loan. The board shall authorize a loan to an entity that makes an application if the board approves its accuracy and completeness and determines that there is a need for the loan and an adequate method of repayment.
 - (c) The state board of finance shall determine the terms of each



2022(ts) IN 418—LS 7237/DI 92

1	loan, which must include the following:
2	(1) The duration of the loan, which must not exceed twelve (12)
3	years.
4	(2) The repayment schedule of the loan, which must provide that
5	no payments are due during the first two (2) years of the loan.
6	(3) A variable rate of interest to be determined by the board and
7	adjusted annually. The interest rate must be the greater of:
8	(A) five percent (5%); or
9	(B) two-thirds (2/3) of the interest rate for fifty-two (52) week
0	United States Treasury bills on the anniversary date of the
1	loan, but not to exceed ten percent (10%).
2	(4) The amount of the loan or loans, which may not exceed the
3	maximum amounts established for the entity by this section.
4	(5) Any other conditions specified by the board.
5	(d) An entity may borrow money under this section by adoption of
6	an ordinance or a resolution and, as set forth in IC 5-1-14, may use any
7	source of revenue to repay a loan under this section. This section
8	constitutes complete authority for the entity to borrow from the fund.
9	If an entity described in subsection (i) fails to make any repayments of
0	a loan, the amount payable shall be withheld by the auditor of state
1	from any other money payable to the consolidated city. If any other
2	entity described in this section fails to make any repayments of a loan,
3	the amount payable shall be withheld by the auditor of state from any
4	other money payable to the entity. The amount withheld shall be
5	transferred to the fund to the credit of the entity.
6	(e) A loan under this section may be made to a city located in a
7	county having a population of more than twenty-five thousand (25,000)
8	but less than twenty-five thousand eight hundred (25,800) twenty-six
9	thousand four hundred seventy (26,470) and less than twenty-seven
0	thousand (27,000) for the city's waterworks facility. The amount of the
1	loan may not exceed one million six hundred thousand dollars
2	(\$1,600,000).
3	(f) As used in this subsection, "corridor" means the strip of land in
4	Indiana abutting Lake Michigan and the tributaries of Lake Michigan.
5	A loan under this section may be made to a city the territory of which
6	is included in part within the Lake Michigan corridor (as defined in
7	IC 14-13-3-2, before its repeal) for a marina development project. As
8	a part of its application under subsection (b), the city must include the
9	following:
0	(1) Written approval by the Lake Michigan marina development
1	commission of the project to be funded by the loan proceeds.
2	(2) A written determination by the commission of the amount



needed by the city, for the project and of the amount of the maximum loan amount under this subsection that should be lent to the city.

The maximum amount of loans available for all cities that are eligible for a loan under this subsection is eight million six hundred thousand dollars (\$8,600,000).

- (g) A loan under this section may be made to a county having a population of more than one hundred seventy-five thousand (175,000) but less than one hundred eighty-five thousand (185,000) one hundred eighty thousand (180,000) and less than one hundred eighty-five thousand (185,000) for use by the airport authority in the county for the construction of runways. The amount of the loan may not exceed seven million dollars (\$7,000,000). The county may lend the proceeds of its loan to an airport authority for the public purpose of fostering economic growth in the county.
- (h) A loan under this section may be made to a city having a population of more than sixty thousand (60,000) but less than sixty-five thousand (65,000) fifty-eight thousand (58,000) and less than fifty-nine thousand (59,000) for the construction of parking facilities. The amount of the loan may not exceed three million dollars (\$3,000,000).
- (i) A loan or loans under this section may be made to a consolidated city, a local public improvement bond bank, or any board, authority, or commission of the consolidated city to fund economic development projects under IC 36-7-15.2-5 or to refund obligations issued to fund economic development projects. The amount of the loan may not exceed thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000).
- (j) A loan under this section may be made to a county having a population of more than thirteen thousand (13,000) but less than fourteen thousand (14,000) twelve thousand five hundred (12,500) and less than thirteen thousand (13,000) for extension of airport runways. The amount of the loan may not exceed three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000).
- (k) A loan under this section may be made to Covington Community School Corporation to refund the amount due on a tax anticipation warrant loan. The amount of the loan may not exceed two million seven hundred thousand dollars (\$2,700,000), to be paid back from any source of money that is legally available to the school corporation. Notwithstanding subsection (b), the school corporation must apply for the loan before June 30, 2010. Notwithstanding subsection (c), repayment of the loan shall be made in equal installments over five (5) years with the first installment due not more than six (6) months after the date loan proceeds are received by the school corporation.



1	(1) IC 6-1.1-20 does not apply to a loan made by an entity under this
2	section.
3	(m) As used in this section, "entity" means a governmental entity
4	authorized to obtain a loan under subsections (e) through (k).
5	SECTION 2. IC 4-33-13-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2022
6	SECTION 7, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022, SECTION 9, IS
7	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 5. (a) This
9	subsection does not apply to tax revenue remitted by an operating agent
10	operating a riverboat in a historic hotel district. After funds are
11	appropriated under section 4 of this chapter, each month the auditor of
12	state shall distribute the tax revenue deposited in the state gaming fund
13	under this chapter to the following:
14	(1) An amount equal to the following shall be set aside for
15	revenue sharing under subsection (d):
16	(A) Before July 1, 2021, the first thirty-three million dollars
17	(\$33,000,000) of tax revenues collected under this chapter
18	shall be set aside for revenue sharing under subsection (d).
19	(B) After June 30, 2021, if the total adjusted gross receipts
20	received by licensees from gambling games authorized under
21	this article during the preceding state fiscal year is equal to or
22	greater than the total adjusted gross receipts received by
23	licensees from gambling games authorized under this article
24	during the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the firs
25	thirty-three million dollars (\$33,000,000) of tax revenues
26	collected under this chapter shall be set aside for revenue
27	sharing under subsection (d).
28	(C) After June 30, 2021, if the total adjusted gross receipts
29	received by licensees from gambling games authorized under
30	this article during the preceding state fiscal year is less than
31	the total adjusted gross receipts received by licensees from
32	gambling games authorized under this article during the state
33	year ending June 30, 2020, an amount equal to the first
34	thirty-three million dollars (\$33,000,000) of tax revenues
35	collected under this chapter multiplied by the result of:
36	(i) the total adjusted gross receipts received by licensees
37	from gambling games authorized under this article during
38	the preceding state fiscal year; divided by
39	(ii) the total adjusted gross receipts received by licensees
40	from gambling games authorized under this article during
41	the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2020;
42	shall be set aside for revenue sharing under subsection (d).



1 2	(2) Subject to subsection (c), twenty-five percent (25%) of the
3	remaining tax revenue remitted by each licensed owner shall be paid:
4	(A) to the city in which the riverboat is located or that is
5	designated as the home dock of the riverboat from which the
6	tax revenue was collected, in the case of:
7	(i) a city described in IC 4-33-12-6(b)(1)(A);
8	(ii) a city located in a county having a population of more
9	than four hundred thousand (400,000) and less than seven
0	hundred thousand (700,000); Lake County; or
1	(iii) Terre Haute; or
2	(B) to the county that is designated as the home dock of the
3	riverboat from which the tax revenue was collected, in the case
4	of a riverboat that is not located in a city described in clause
5	(A) or whose home dock is not in a city described in clause
6	(A).
7	(3) The remainder of the tax revenue remitted by each licensed
8	owner shall be paid to the state general fund. In each state fiscal
9	year, the auditor of state shall make the transfer required by this
0.	subdivision not later than the last business day of the month in
1	which the tax revenue is remitted to the state on or before the
22	fifteenth day of the month based on revenue received during the
23	preceding month for deposit in the state gaming fund. However,
4	if tax revenue is received by the state on the last business day in
25	a month, Specifically, the auditor of state may transfer the tax
26	revenue received by the state in a month to the state general fund
27	in the immediately following month according to this subdivision.
8.	(b) This subsection applies only to tax revenue remitted by an
9	operating agent operating a riverboat in a historic hotel district after
0	June 30, 2019. After funds are appropriated under section 4 of this
1	chapter, each month the auditor of state shall distribute the tax revenue
2	remitted by the operating agent under this chapter as follows:
3	(1) For state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2019, but
4	ending before July 1, 2021, fifty-six and five-tenths percent
5	(56.5%) shall be paid to the state general fund.
6	(2) For state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2021, fifty-six
7	and five-tenths percent (56.5%) shall be paid as follows:
8	(A) Sixty-six and four-tenths percent (66.4%) shall be paid to
9	the state general fund. (P) Thirty three and six tenths percent (23.6%) shall be paid
-0 -1	(B) Thirty-three and six-tenths percent (33.6%) shall be paid
2	to the West Baden Springs historic hotel preservation and
-2	maintenance fund established by IC 36-7-11.5-11(b).



1	However, if:
2	(i) at any time the balance in that fund exceeds twenty-five
3	million dollars (\$25,000,000); or
4	(ii) in any part of a state fiscal year in which the operating
5	agent has received at least one hundred million dollars
6	(\$100,000,000) of adjusted gross receipts;
7	the amount described in this clause shall be paid to the state
8	general fund for the remainder of the state fiscal year.
9	(3) Forty-three and five-tenths percent (43.5%) shall be paid as
10	follows:
11	(A) Twenty-two and four-tenths percent (22.4%) shall be paid
12	as follows:
13	(i) Fifty percent (50%) to the fiscal officer of the town of
14	French Lick.
15	(ii) Fifty percent (50%) to the fiscal officer of the town of
16	West Baden Springs.
17	(B) Fourteen and eight-tenths percent (14.8%) shall be paid to
18	the county treasurer of Orange County for distribution among
19	the school corporations in the county. The governing bodies
20	for the school corporations in the county shall provide a
21	formula for the distribution of the money received under this
22	clause among the school corporations by joint resolution
23	adopted by the governing body of each of the school
24	corporations in the county. Money received by a school
25	corporation under this clause must be used to improve the
26	educational attainment of students enrolled in the school
27	corporation receiving the money. Not later than the first
28	regular meeting in the school year of a governing body of a
29	school corporation receiving a distribution under this clause,
30	the superintendent of the school corporation shall submit to
31	the governing body a report describing the purposes for which
32	the receipts under this clause were used and the improvements
33	in educational attainment realized through the use of the
34	money. The report is a public record.
35	(C) Thirteen and one-tenth percent (13.1%) shall be paid to the
36	county treasurer of Orange County.
37	(D) Five and three-tenths percent (5.3%) shall be distributed
38	quarterly to the county treasurer of Dubois County for
39	appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a
40	recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal
41	body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution



2022(ts)

of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more

1	taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under
2	a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving
3	a recommendation from the county executive.
4	(E) Five and three-tenths percent (5.3%) shall be distributed
5	quarterly to the county treasurer of Crawford County for
6	appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a
7	recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal
8	body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution
9	of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more
10	taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under
11	a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving
12	a recommendation from the county executive.
13	(F) Six and thirty-five hundredths percent (6.35%) shall be
14	paid to the fiscal officer of the town of Paoli.
15	(G) Six and thirty-five hundredths percent (6.35%) shall be
16	paid to the fiscal officer of the town of Orleans.
17	(H) Twenty-six and four-tenths percent (26.4%) shall be paid
18	to the Indiana economic development corporation established
19	by IC 5-28-3-1 for transfer as follows:
20	(i) Beginning after December 31, 2017, ten percent (10%)
21	of the amount transferred under this clause in each calendar
22	year shall be transferred to the South Central Indiana
23	Regional Economic Development Corporation or a
24	successor entity or partnership for economic development
25	for the purpose of recruiting new business to Orange County
26	as well as promoting the retention and expansion of existing
27	businesses in Orange County.
28	(ii) The remainder of the amount transferred under this
29	clause in each calendar year shall be transferred to Radius
30	Indiana or a successor regional entity or partnership for the
31	development and implementation of a regional economic
32	development strategy to assist the residents of Orange
33	County and the counties contiguous to Orange County in
34	improving their quality of life and to help promote
35	successful and sustainable communities.
36	To the extent possible, the Indiana economic development
37	corporation shall provide for the transfer under item (i) to be
38	made in four (4) equal installments. However, an amount
39	sufficient to meet current obligations to retire or refinance
40	indebtedness or leases for which tax revenues under this
41	section were pledged before January 1, 2015, by the Orange



2022(ts)

County development commission shall be paid to the Orange

	8
	County development commission before making distributions to the South Central Indiana Regional Economic Development Corporation and Radius Indiana or their successor entities or partnerships. The amount paid to the Orange County development commission shall proportionally reduce the amount payable to the South Central Indiana Regional Economic Development Corporation and Radius Indiana or their successor entities or partnerships. (c) This subsection does not apply to tax revenue remitted by an
iı	nland casino operating in Vigo County. For each city and county
r d c is c c c	eceiving money under subsection (a)(2), the auditor of state shall letermine the total amount of money paid by the auditor of state to the city or county during the state fiscal year 2002. The amount determined is the base year revenue for the city or county. The auditor of state shall vertify the base year revenue determined under this subsection to the city or county. The total amount of money distributed to a city or county under this section during a state fiscal year may not exceed the contity's base year revenue. For each state fiscal year, the auditor of state hall pay that part of the riverboat wagering taxes that:
5	(1) exceeds a particular city's or county's base year revenue; and (2) would otherwise be due to the city or county under this section;
o	o the state general fund instead of to the city or county. (d) Except as provided in subsections (k) and (l), before August 15 of each year, the auditor of state shall distribute the wagering taxes set side for revenue sharing under subsection (a)(1) to the county

- ring taxes set the county treasurer of each county that does not have a riverboat according to the ratio that the county's population bears to the total population of the counties that do not have a riverboat. Except as provided in subsection (g), the county auditor shall distribute the money received by the
- county under this subsection as follows: (1) To each city located in the county according to the ratio the
 - city's population bears to the total population of the county. (2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio the
 - town's population bears to the total population of the county. (3) After the distributions required in subdivisions (1) and (2) are made, the remainder shall be retained by the county.
- (e) Money received by a city, town, or county under subsection (d) or (g) may be used for any of the following purposes:
 - (1) To reduce the property tax levy of the city, town, or county for a particular year (a property tax reduction under this subdivision does not reduce the maximum levy of the city, town, or county



2022(ts)

1	under IC 6-1.1-18.5).
2	(2) For deposit in a special fund or allocation fund created under
3	IC 8-22-3.5, IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-14.5, IC 36-7-15.1, and
4	IC 36-7-30 to provide funding for debt repayment.
5	(3) To fund sewer and water projects, including storm water
6	management projects.
7	(4) For police and fire pensions.
8	(5) To carry out any governmental purpose for which the money
9	is appropriated by the fiscal body of the city, town, or county.
10	Money used under this subdivision does not reduce the property
11	tax levy of the city, town, or county for a particular year or reduce
12	the maximum levy of the city, town, or county under
13	IC 6-1.1-18.5.
14	(f) This subsection does not apply to an inland casino operating in
15	Vigo County. Before July 15 of each year, the auditor of state shall
16	determine the total amount of money distributed to an entity under
17	IC 4-33-12-6 or IC 4-33-12-8 during the preceding state fiscal year. If
18	the auditor of state determines that the total amount of money
19	distributed to an entity under IC 4-33-12-6 or IC 4-33-12-8 during the
20	preceding state fiscal year was less than the entity's base year revenue
21	(as determined under IC 4-33-12-9), the auditor of state shall make a
22	supplemental distribution to the entity from taxes collected under this
23	chapter and deposited into the state general fund. Except as provided
24	in subsection (h), the amount of an entity's supplemental distribution
25	is equal to:
26	(1) the entity's base year revenue (as determined under
27	IC 4-33-12-9); minus
28	(2) the sum of:
29	(A) the total amount of money distributed to the entity and
30	constructively received by the entity during the preceding state
31	fiscal year under IC 4-33-12-6 or IC 4-33-12-8; plus
32	(B) the amount of any admissions taxes deducted under
33	IC 6-3.1-20-7.
34	
35	(g) This subsection applies only to a county containing a
	consolidated city. Marion County. The county auditor shall distribute
36	the money received by the county under subsection (d) as follows:
37	(1) To each city, other than $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$ the consolidated city, located in the
38	county according to the ratio that the city's population bears to the
39	total population of the county.
40	(2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio that
41	the town's population bears to the total population of the county.
42	(3) After the distributions required in subdivisions (1) and (2) are



1	made, the remainder shall be paid in equal amounts to the
2	consolidated city and the county.
3	(h) This subsection does not apply to an inland casino operating in
4	Vigo County. This subsection applies to a supplemental distribution
5	made after June 30, 2017. The maximum amount of money that may be
6	distributed under subsection (f) in a state fiscal year is equal to the
7	following:
8	(1) Before July 1, 2021, forty-eight million dollars (\$48,000,000).
9	(2) After June 30, 2021, if the total adjusted gross receipts
10	received by licensees from gambling games authorized under this
11	article during the preceding state fiscal year is equal to or greater
12	than the total adjusted gross receipts received by licensees from
13	gambling games authorized under this article during the state
14	fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the maximum amount is
15	forty-eight million dollars (\$48,000,000).
16	(3) After June 30, 2021, if the total adjusted gross receipts
17	received by licensees from gambling games authorized under this
18	article during the preceding state fiscal year is less than the total
19	adjusted gross receipts received by licensees from gambling
20	games authorized under this article during the state fiscal year
21	ending June 30, 2020, the maximum amount is equal to the result
22	of:
23	(A) forty-eight million dollars (\$48,000,000); multiplied by
24	(B) the result of:
25	(i) the total adjusted gross receipts received by licensees
26	from gambling games authorized under this article during
27	the preceding state fiscal year; divided by
28	(ii) the total adjusted gross receipts received by licensees
29	from gambling games authorized under this article during
30	the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.
31	If the total amount determined under subsection (f) exceeds the
32	maximum amount determined under this subsection, the amount
33	distributed to an entity under subsection (f) must be reduced according
34	to the ratio that the amount distributed to the entity under IC 4-33-12-6
35	or IC 4-33-12-8 bears to the total amount distributed under
36	IC 4-33-12-6 and IC 4-33-12-8 to all entities receiving a supplemental
37	distribution.
38	(i) This subsection applies to a supplemental distribution, if any,
39	payable to Lake County, Hammond, Gary, or East Chicago under

subsections (f) and (h). Beginning in July 2016, the auditor of state

shall, after making any deductions from the supplemental distribution

required by IC 6-3.1-20-7, deduct from the remainder of the



40

41

42

1	supplemental distribution otherwise payable to the unit under this
2	section the lesser of:
3	(1) the remaining amount of the supplemental distribution; or
4	(2) the difference, if any, between:
5	(A) three million five hundred thousand dollars (\$3,500,000);
6	minus
7	(B) the amount of admissions taxes constructively received by
8	the unit in the previous state fiscal year.
9	The auditor of state shall distribute the amounts deducted under this
10	subsection to the northwest Indiana redevelopment authority
11	established under IC 36-7.5-2-1 for deposit in the development
12	authority revenue fund established under IC 36-7.5-4-1.
13	(j) Money distributed to a political subdivision under subsection (b):
14	(1) must be paid to the fiscal officer of the political subdivision
15	and may be deposited in the political subdivision's general fund
16	(in the case of a school corporation, the school corporation may
17	deposit the money into either the education fund (IC 20-40-2) or
18	the operations fund (IC 20-40-18)) or riverboat fund established
19	under IC 36-1-8-9, or both;
20	(2) may not be used to reduce the maximum levy under
21	IC 6-1.1-18.5 of a county, city, or town or the maximum tax rate
22	of a school corporation, but, except as provided in subsection
23 24	(b)(3)(B), may be used at the discretion of the political
24	subdivision to reduce the property tax levy of the county, city, or
25	town for a particular year;
26	(3) except as provided in subsection (b)(3)(B), may be used for
27	any legal or corporate purpose of the political subdivision,
28	including the pledge of money to bonds, leases, or other
29	obligations under IC 5-1-14-4; and
30	(4) is considered miscellaneous revenue.
31	Money distributed under subsection (b)(3)(B) must be used for the
32	purposes specified in subsection (b)(3)(B).
33	(k) After June 30, 2020, the amount of wagering taxes that would
34	otherwise be distributed to South Bend under subsection (d) shall be
35	deposited as being received from all riverboats whose supplemental
36	wagering tax, as calculated under IC 4-33-12-1.5(b), is over three and
37	five-tenths percent (3.5%). The amount deposited under this
38	subsection, in each riverboat's account, is proportionate to the
39	supplemental wagering tax received from that riverboat under
10	IC 4-33-12-1.5 in the month of July. The amount deposited under this

subsection must be distributed in the same manner as the supplemental

wagering tax collected under IC 4-33-12-1.5. This subsection expires



40 41

42

1	June 30, 2021.
2	(1) After June 30, 2021, the amount of wagering taxes that would
3	otherwise be distributed to South Bend under subsection (d) shall be
4	withheld and deposited in the state general fund.
5	SECTION 3. IC 5-2-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.21-2022,
6	SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.175-2022, SECTION 1, IS
7	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 9. (a) The board shall adopt in
9	accordance with IC 4-22-2 all necessary rules to carry out the
10	provisions of this chapter. The rules, which shall be adopted only after
11	necessary and proper investigation and inquiry by the board, shall
12	include the establishment of the following:
13	(1) A consistent and uniform statewide deadly force policy and
14	training program, that is consistent with state and federal law.
15	Upon adoption by the law enforcement training board, the policy
16	and training program must be implemented, without modification,
17	by all Indiana law enforcement agencies, offices, or departments.
18	(2) A consistent and uniform statewide defensive tactics policy
19	and training program, that is consistent with state and federal
20	law. Upon adoption by the law enforcement training board, the
21	policy and training program must be implemented, without
22	modification, by all Indiana law enforcement agencies, offices, or
23	departments.
24	(3) A uniform statewide minimum standard for vehicle pursuits
25	consistent with state and federal law.
26	(1) (4) Minimum standards of physical, educational, mental, and
27	moral fitness which shall govern the acceptance of any person for
28	training by any law enforcement training school or academy
29	meeting or exceeding the minimum standards established
30	pursuant to this chapter.
31	(2) (5) Minimum standards for law enforcement training schools
32	administered by towns, cities, counties, law enforcement training
33	centers, agencies, or departments of the state.
34	(3) (6) Minimum standards for courses of study, attendance
35	requirements, equipment, and facilities for approved town, city,
36	county, and state law enforcement officer, police reserve officer,
37	and conservation reserve officer training schools.
38	(4) (7) Minimum standards for a course of study on cultural
39	diversity awareness, including training on the U nonimmigrant
40	visa created through the federal Victims of Trafficking and

Violence Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386) that must be

required for each person accepted for training at a law



41

42

1	enforcement training school or academy. Cultural diversity
2	awareness study must include an understanding of cultural issues
3	related to race, religion, gender, age, domestic violence, national
4	origin, and physical and mental disabilities.
5	(5) (8) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved law
6	enforcement training schools.
7	(6) (9) Minimum basic training requirements which law
8	enforcement officers appointed to probationary terms shall
9	complete before being eligible for continued or permanent
10	employment.
11	(7) (10) Minimum basic training requirements which law
12	enforcement officers appointed on other than a permanent basis
13	shall complete in order to be eligible for continued employment
14	or permanent appointment.
15	(8) (11) Minimum basic training requirements which law
16	enforcement officers appointed on a permanent basis shall
17	complete in order to be eligible for continued employment.
18	(9) (12) Minimum basic training requirements for each person
19	accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or
20	academy that include six (6) hours of training in interacting with:
21	(A) persons with autism, mental illness, addictive disorders,
22	intellectual disabilities, and developmental disabilities;
23	(B) missing endangered adults (as defined in IC 12-7-2-131.3);
24	and
25	(C) persons with Alzheimer's disease or related senile
26	dementia;
27	to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and
28	social services and the board. The training must include an
29	overview of the crisis intervention teams.
30	(10) (13) Minimum standards for a course of study on human and
31	sexual trafficking that must be required for each person accepted
32	for training at a law enforcement training school or academy and
33	for inservice training programs for law enforcement officers. The
34	course must cover the following topics:
35	(A) Examination of the human and sexual trafficking laws (IC
36	35-42-3.5).
37	(B) Identification of human and sexual trafficking.
38	(C) Communicating with traumatized persons.
39	(D) Therapeutically appropriate investigative techniques.
40	(E) Collaboration with federal law enforcement officials.
41	(F) Rights of and protections afforded to victims.
12	(G) Providing documentation that satisfies the Declaration of



1	Law Emorcement Officer for Victim of Trafficking in Persons
2	(Form I-914, Supplement B) requirements established under
3	federal law.
4	(H) The availability of community resources to assist human
5	and sexual trafficking victims.
6	(11) (14) Minimum standards for ongoing specialized, intensive,
7	and integrative training for persons responsible for investigating
8	sexual assault cases involving adult victims. This training must
9	include instruction on:
10	(A) the neurobiology of trauma;
11	(B) trauma informed interviewing; and
12	(C) investigative techniques.
13	(12) (15) Minimum standards for de-escalation training.
14	De-escalation training shall be taught as a part of existing
15	use-of-force training and not as a separate topic.
16	(16) Minimum standards regarding best practices for crowd
17	control, protests, and First Amendment activities.
18	All statewide policies and minimum standards shall be documented in
19	writing and published on the ILEA website. Any policy, standard, or
20	training program implemented, adopted, or promulgated by a vote of
21	the board may only subsequently be modified or rescinded by a
22	two-thirds (2/3) majority vote of the board.
23	(b) A law enforcement officer appointed after July 5, 1972, and
24	before July 1, 1993, may not enforce the laws or ordinances of the state
25	or any political subdivision unless the officer has, within one (1) year
26	from the date of appointment, successfully completed the minimum
27	basic training requirements established under this chapter by the board.
28	If a person fails to successfully complete the basic training
29	requirements within one (1) year from the date of employment, the
30	officer may not perform any of the duties of a law enforcement officer
31	involving control or direction of members of the public or exercising
32	the power of arrest until the officer has successfully completed the
33	training requirements. This subsection does not apply to any law
34	enforcement officer appointed before July 6, 1972, or after June 30,
35	1993.
36	(c) Military leave or other authorized leave of absence from law
37	enforcement duty during the first year of employment after July 6,
38	1972, shall toll the running of the first year, which shall be calculated
39	by the aggregate of the time before and after the leave, for the purposes
40	of this chapter.

(d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (m), (t), and (u), a law

enforcement officer appointed to a law enforcement department or



41

42

1	agency after June 30, 1993, may not:
2	(1) make an arrest;
3	(2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or
4	(3) carry a firearm;
5	unless the law enforcement officer successfully completes, at a board
6	certified law enforcement academy or at a law enforcement training
7	center under section 10.5 or 15.2 of this chapter, the basic training
8	requirements established by the board under this chapter.
9	(e) This subsection does not apply to:
10	(1) a gaming agent employed as a law enforcement officer by the
11	Indiana gaming commission; or
12	(2) an:
13	(A) attorney; or
14	(B) investigator;
15	designated by the securities commissioner as a police officer of
16	the state under IC 23-19-6-1(k).
17	Before a law enforcement officer appointed after June 30, 1993,
18	completes the basic training requirements, the law enforcement officer
19	may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if the
20	officer successfully completes the pre-basic course established in
21	subsection (f). Successful completion of the pre-basic course authorizes
22	a law enforcement officer to exercise the police powers described in
23	subsection (d) for one (1) year after the date the law enforcement
24	officer is appointed.
25	(f) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
26	pre-basic course for the purpose of training:
27	(1) law enforcement officers;
28	(2) police reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20); and
29	(3) conservation reserve officers (as described in IC 14-9-8-27);
30	regarding the subjects of arrest, search and seizure, the lawful use of
31	force, de-escalation training, interacting with individuals with autism,
32	and the operation of an emergency vehicle. The pre-basic course must
33	be offered on a periodic basis throughout the year at regional sites
34	statewide. The pre-basic course must consist of at least forty (40) hours
35	of course work. The board may prepare the classroom part of the
36	pre-basic course using available technology in conjunction with live
37	instruction. The board shall provide the course material, the instructors,
38	and the facilities at the regional sites throughout the state that are used
39	for the pre-basic course. In addition, the board may certify pre-basic
40	courses that may be conducted by other public or private training

entities, including postsecondary educational institutions.

(g) Subject to subsection (h), the board shall adopt rules under



41

42

IC 4-22-2 to establish a mandatory inservice training program for police officers and police reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20). After June 30, 1993, a law enforcement officer who has satisfactorily completed basic training and has been appointed to a law enforcement department or agency on either a full-time or part-time basis is not eligible for continued employment unless the officer satisfactorily completes the mandatory inservice training requirements established by rules adopted by the board. Inservice training must include de-escalation training. Inservice training must also include training in interacting with persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, intellectual disabilities, autism, developmental disabilities, and Alzheimer's disease or related senile dementia, to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and social services and the board, and training concerning human and sexual trafficking and high risk missing persons (as defined in IC 5-2-17-1). The board may approve courses offered by other public or private training entities, including postsecondary educational institutions, as necessary in order to ensure the availability of an adequate number of inservice training programs. The board may waive an officer's inservice training requirements if the board determines that the officer's reason for lacking the required amount of inservice training hours is due to either an emergency situation or the unavailability of courses.

- (h) This subsection applies only to a mandatory inservice training program under subsection (g). Notwithstanding subsection (g), the board may, without adopting rules under IC 4-22-2, modify the course work of a training subject matter, modify the number of hours of training required within a particular subject matter, or add a new subject matter, if the board satisfies the following requirements:
 - (1) The board must conduct at least two (2) public meetings on the proposed modification or addition.
 - (2) After approving the modification or addition at a public meeting, the board must post notice of the modification or addition on the Indiana law enforcement academy's Internet web site at least thirty (30) days before the modification or addition takes effect.

If the board does not satisfy the requirements of this subsection, the modification or addition is void. This subsection does not authorize the board to eliminate any inservice training subject matter required under subsection (g).

- (i) The board shall also adopt rules establishing a town marshal basic training program, subject to the following:
 - (1) The program must require fewer hours of instruction and class



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

1	attendance and fewer courses of study than are required for the
2	mandated basic training program.
3	(2) Certain parts of the course materials may be studied by a
4	candidate at the candidate's home in order to fulfill requirements
5	of the program.
6	(3) Law enforcement officers successfully completing the
7	requirements of the program are eligible for appointment only in
8	towns employing the town marshal system (IC 36-5-7) and having
9	not more than one (1) marshal and two (2) deputies.
10	(4) The limitation imposed by subdivision (3) does not apply to an
11	officer who has successfully completed the mandated basic
12	training program.
13	(5) The time limitations imposed by subsections (b) and (c) for
14	completing the training are also applicable to the town marshal
15	basic training program.
16	(6) The program must require training in interacting with
17	individuals with autism.
18	(j) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish an
19	executive training program. The executive training program must
20	include training in the following areas:
21	(1) Liability.
22	(2) Media relations.
23	(3) Accounting and administration.
24	(4) Discipline.
25	(5) Department policy making.
26	(6) Lawful use of force and de-escalation training.
27	(7) Department programs.
28	(8) Emergency vehicle operation.
29	(9) Cultural diversity.
30	(k) A police chief shall apply for admission to the executive training
31	program within two (2) months of the date the police chief initially
32	takes office. A police chief must successfully complete the executive
33	training program within six (6) months of the date the police chief
34	initially takes office. However, if space in the executive training
35	program is not available at a time that will allow completion of the
36	executive training program within six (6) months of the date the police
37	chief initially takes office, the police chief must successfully complete
38	the next available executive training program that is offered after the
39	police chief initially takes office.
40	(l) A police chief who fails to comply with subsection (k) may not
41	continue to serve as the police chief until completion of the executive

training program. For the purposes of this subsection and subsection



42

1	(k), "police chief" refers to:
2	(1) the police chief of any city;
3	(2) the police chief of any town having a metropolitan police
4	department; and
5	(3) the chief of a consolidated law enforcement departmen
6	established under IC 36-3-1-5.1.
7	A town marshal is not considered to be a police chief for these
8	purposes, but a town marshal may enroll in the executive training
9	program.
10	(m) A fire investigator in the department of homeland security
11	appointed after December 31, 1993, is required to comply with the
12	basic training standards established under this chapter.
13	(n) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
14	program to certify handgun safety courses, including courses offered
15	in the private sector, that meet standards approved by the board for
16	training probation officers in handgun safety as required by
17	IC 11-13-1-3.5(3). IC 11-13-1-3.5(2).
18	(o) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
19	refresher course for an officer who:
20	(1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency
21	as a law enforcement officer;
22	(2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for:
23 24	(A) at least two (2) years; and
24	(B) less than six (6) years before the officer is hired under
25	subdivision (1); and
25 26	(3) completed at any time a basic training course certified or
27	recognized by the board before the officer is hired under
28	subdivision (1).
29	(p) An officer to whom subsection (o) applies must successfully
30	complete the refresher course described in subsection (o) not later than
31	six (6) months after the officer's date of hire, or the officer loses the
32	officer's powers of:
33	(1) arrest;
34	(2) search; and
35	(3) seizure.
36	(q) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
37	refresher course for an officer who:
38	(1) is appointed by an Indiana law enforcement department of
39	agency as a reserve police officer; and
10	(2) has not worked as a reserve police officer for at least two (2)
1 1	years after:
12	(A) completing the pre-basic course; or



1	(B) leaving the individual's last appointment as a reserve
2	police officer.
3	An officer to whom this subsection applies must successfully complete
4	the refresher course established by the board in order to work as
5	reserve police officer.
6	(r) This subsection applies to an individual who, at the time the
7	individual completes a board certified or recognized basic training
8	course, has not been appointed as a law enforcement officer by an
9	Indiana law enforcement department or agency. If the individual is no
10	employed as a law enforcement officer for at least two (2) years afte
11	completing the basic training course, the individual must successfully
12	retake and complete the basic training course as set forth in subsection
13	(d).
14	(s) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
15	refresher course for an individual who:
16	(1) is appointed as a board certified instructor of law enforcemen
17	training; and
18	(2) has not provided law enforcement training instruction fo
19	more than one (1) year after the date the individual's instructo
20	certification expired.
21	An individual to whom this subsection applies must successfully
22	complete the refresher course established by the board in order to
23	renew the individual's instructor certification.
24	(t) This subsection applies only to a gaming agent employed as
25	law enforcement officer by the Indiana gaming commission. A gaming
26	agent appointed after June 30, 2005, may exercise the police power
27	described in subsection (d) if:
28	(1) the agent successfully completes the pre-basic course
29	established in subsection (f); and
30	(2) the agent successfully completes any other training course
31	established by the Indiana gaming commission in conjunction
32	with the board.
33	(u) This subsection applies only to a securities enforcement office
34	designated as a law enforcement officer by the securities
35	commissioner. A securities enforcement officer may exercise the police
36	powers described in subsection (d) if:
37	(1) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes the
38	pre-basic course established in subsection (f); and
39	(2) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes any
40	other training courses established by the securities commissione
41	in conjunction with the board.
42	(v) As used in this section, "upper level policymaking position



refers to the following: (1) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is not more than ten (10) members, the term refers to the position held by the police chief or town marshal. (2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board. (x) This subsection applies only to the sexual assault training
system is not more than ten (10) members, the term refers to the position held by the police chief or town marshal. (2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
position held by the police chief or town marshal. (2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
(2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
(A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
13 system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: 14 (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and 15 (B) each position held by the members of the police 16 department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks 17 and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town 18 marshal. 19 (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer 20 employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer 21 may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: 22 (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course 23 described in subsection (f); and 24 (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses 25 established by the department of correction in conjunction with 26 the board.
system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to: (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
(A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and (B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
(B) each position held by the members of the police department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
marshal. (w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
(w) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if: (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
22 (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course described in subsection (f); and 24 (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
described in subsection (f); and (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
24 (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
established by the department of correction in conjunction with the board.
the board.
27 (x) This subsection applies only to the sexual assault training
() II J
described in subsection $\frac{(a)(11)}{(a)(14)}$. The board shall:
29 (1) consult with experts on the neurobiology of trauma, trauma
informed interviewing, and investigative techniques in developing
31 the sexual assault training; and
32 (2) develop the sexual assault training and begin offering the
training not later than July 1, 2022.
34 (y) After July 1, 2023, a law enforcement officer who regularly
investigates sexual assaults involving adult victims must complete the
training requirements described in subsection $\frac{1}{(a)(11)}$ (a)(14) within
one (1) year of being assigned to regularly investigate sexual assaults
38 involving adult victims.
39 (z) A law enforcement officer who regularly investigates sexual
40 assaults involving adult victims may complete the training
requirements described in subsection $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(11)$ (a)(14) by attending a:
42 (1) statewide or national training; or



1	(2) department hosted local training.
2	(aa) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the board
3	is authorized to establish certain required standards of training and
4	procedure.
5	SECTION 4. IC 5-10-13-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.170-2022
6	SECTION 1, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2022, SECTION 5, IS
7	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2023]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter,
9	"employee" means an individual who:
10	(1) is employed full time by the state or a political subdivision of
11	the state as:
12	(A) a member of a fire department (as defined in IC 36-8-1-8);
13	(B) an emergency medical services provider (as defined in
14	IC 16-41-10-1);
15	(C) a member of a police department (as defined in
16	IC 36-8-1-9);
17	(D) a correctional officer (as defined in IC 5-10-10-1.5);
18	(E) a state police officer;
19	(F) a county police officer;
20	(G) a county sheriff;
21	(H) an excise police officer;
22 23 24	(I) a conservation enforcement officer;
23	(J) a town marshal;
24	(K) a deputy town marshal;
25	(L) a department of homeland security fire investigator; or
26	(L) (M) a member of a consolidated law enforcement
27	department established under IC 36-3-1-5.1;
28	(M) (N) a county coroner; or
29	$\frac{N}{N}$ (O) a deputy county coroner;
30	(2) in the course of the individual's employment is at high risk for
31	occupational exposure to an exposure risk disease; and
32	(3) is not employed elsewhere in a similar capacity.
33	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-12.1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.8-2022
34	SECTION 2, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022, SECTION 26
35	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. For purposes of this chapter:
37	(1) "Economic revitalization area" means an area which is within
38	the corporate limits of a city, town, or county which has become
39	undesirable for, or impossible of, normal development and
40	occupancy because of a lack of development, cessation of growth,
41	deterioration of improvements or character of occupancy, age
42	obsolescence, substandard buildings, or other factors which have



1	
1	impaired values or prevent a normal development of property o
2	use of property. The term "economic revitalization area" also
3	includes:
4	(A) any area where a facility or a group of facilities that are
5	technologically, economically, or energy obsolete are located
6	and where the obsolescence may lead to a decline in
7	employment and tax revenues; and
8	(B) a residentially distressed area, except as otherwise
9	provided in this chapter; and
10	(C) an area of land classified as agricultural land for propert
11	tax purposes that, as a condition of being designated as
12	economic revitalization area, will be predominately used for
13	agricultural purposes for a period specified by the designating
14	body.
15	(2) "City" means any city in this state, and "town" means any town
16	incorporated under IC 36-5-1.
17	(3) "New manufacturing equipment" means tangible persona
18	property that a deduction applicant:
19	(A) installs on or before the approval deadline determined
20	under section 9 of this chapter, in an area that is declared a
21	economic revitalization area in which a deduction for tangible
22	personal property is allowed;
23	(B) uses in the direct production, manufacture, fabrication
24	assembly, extraction, mining, processing, refining, or finishing
25	of other tangible personal property, including but not limited
26	to use to dispose of solid waste or hazardous waste by
27	converting the solid waste or hazardous waste into energy o
28	other useful products;
29	(C) acquires for use as described in clause (B):
30	(i) in an arms length transaction from an entity that is not as
31	affiliate of the deduction applicant, if the tangible persona
32	**
33	property has been previously used in Indiana before the
	installation described in clause (A); or
34	(ii) in any manner, if the tangible personal property ha
35	never been previously used in Indiana before the installation
36	described in clause (A); and
37	(D) has never used for any purpose in Indiana before the
38	installation described in clause (A).
39	(4) "Property" means a building or structure, but does not include
40	land.
41	(5) "Redevelopment" means the construction of new structures
42	in economic revitalization areas, either:



1	(A) on unimproved real estate; or
2	(B) on real estate upon which a prior existing structure is
3	demolished to allow for a new construction.
4	(6) "Rehabilitation" means the remodeling, repair, or betterment
5	of property in any manner or any enlargement or extension of
6	property.
7	(7) "Designating body" means the following:
8	(A) For a county that does not contain a consolidated city, the
9	fiscal body of the county, city, or town.
10	(B) For a county containing a consolidated city, the
11	metropolitan development commission. The jurisdiction of the
12	designating body includes a rehabilitation or redevelopment
13	project under this chapter that falls within the boundaries of
14	an excluded city, as defined in IC 36-3-1-7.
15	(8) "Deduction application" means:
16	(A) the application filed in accordance with section 5 of this
17	chapter by a property owner who desires to obtain the
18	deduction provided by section 3 of this chapter;
19	(B) the application filed in accordance with section 5.4 of this
20	chapter by a person who desires to obtain the deduction
21	provided by section 4.5 of this chapter; or
22	(C) the application filed in accordance with section 5.3 of this
23	chapter by a property owner that desires to obtain the
24	deduction provided by section 4.8 of this chapter.
25	(9) "Designation application" means an application that is filed
26	with a designating body to assist that body in making a
27	determination about whether a particular area should be
28	designated as an economic revitalization area.
29	(10) "Hazardous waste" has the meaning set forth in
30	IC 13-11-2-99(a). The term includes waste determined to be a
31	hazardous waste under IC 13-22-2-3(b).
32	(11) "Solid waste" has the meaning set forth in IC 13-11-2-205(a).
33	However, the term does not include dead animals or any animal
34	solid or semisolid wastes.
35	(12) "New research and development equipment" means tangible
36	personal property that:
37	(A) a deduction applicant installs on or before the approval
38	deadline determined under section 9 of this chapter, in an
39	economic revitalization area in which a deduction for tangible
40	personal property is allowed;
41	(B) consists of:
42	(i) laboratory equipment;



1	(11) research and development equipment;
2	(iii) computers and computer software;
3	(iv) telecommunications equipment; or
4	(v) testing equipment;
5	(C) the deduction applicant uses in research and developmen
6	activities devoted directly and exclusively to experimental or
7	laboratory research and development for new products, new
8	uses of existing products, or improving or testing existing
9	products;
10	(D) the deduction applicant acquires for purposes described in
11	this subdivision:
12	(i) in an arms length transaction from an entity that is not ar
13	affiliate of the deduction applicant, if the tangible persona
14	property has been previously used in Indiana before the
15	installation described in clause (A); or
16	(ii) in any manner, if the tangible personal property has
17	never been previously used in Indiana before the installation
18	described in clause (A); and
19	(E) the deduction applicant has never used for any purpose ir
20	Indiana before the installation described in clause (A).
21	The term does not include equipment installed in facilities used
22	for or in connection with efficiency surveys, management studies
23	consumer surveys, economic surveys, advertising or promotion
24	or research in connection with literacy, history, or similar
25	projects.
26	(13) "New logistical distribution equipment" means tangible
27	personal property that:
28	(A) a deduction applicant installs on or before the approva
29	deadline determined under section 9 of this chapter, in ar
30	economic revitalization area in which a deduction for tangible
31	personal property is allowed;
32	(B) consists of:
33	(i) racking equipment;
34	(ii) scanning or coding equipment;
35	(iii) separators;
36	(iv) conveyors;
37	(v) fork lifts or lifting equipment (including "walk
38	behinds");
39	(vi) transitional moving equipment;
40	(vii) packaging equipment;
41	(viii) sorting and picking equipment; or
42.	(ix) software for technology used in logistical distribution:



1	(C) the deduction applicant acquires for the storage or
2	distribution of goods, services, or information:
2 3	(i) in an arms length transaction from an entity that is not an
4	affiliate of the deduction applicant, if the tangible personal
5	property has been previously used in Indiana before the
6	installation described in clause (A); and
7	(ii) in any manner, if the tangible personal property has
8	never been previously used in Indiana before the installation
9	described in clause (A); and
10	(D) the deduction applicant has never used for any purpose in
11	Indiana before the installation described in clause (A).
12	(14) "New farm equipment" means tangible personal property
13	that:
14	(A) a deduction applicant installs after June 30, 2022, and on
15	or before the approval deadline determined under section 9 of
16	this chapter, in an area that will be predominately used for
17	agricultural purposes for a period specified by the designating
18	body as a condition of being declared an economic
19	revitalization area;
20	(B) is used in the direct production, extraction, harvesting, or
21	processing of agricultural commodities for sale on land
22	classified as agricultural land for property tax purposes;
23	(C) was acquired for use as described in clause (B) in an arms
24	length transaction from an entity that is not an affiliate of the
25	deduction applicant; and
26	(D) the deduction applicant never used for any purpose in
27	Indiana before the installation described in clause (A).
28	(15) "New agricultural improvement" means any improvement
29	made to land classified as agricultural land for tax purposes that
30	is placed in service after December 31, 2022, and that will be
31	predominately used for agricultural purposes for a period
32	specified by the designating body as a condition of being
33	declared an economic revitalization area. The term includes a
34	barn, grain bin, or silo.
35	(14) (16) "New information technology equipment" means
36	tangible personal property that:
37	(A) a deduction applicant installs on or before the approval
38	deadline determined under section 9 of this chapter, in an
39	economic revitalization area in which a deduction for tangible
40	personal property is allowed;
41	(B) consists of equipment, including software, used in the
42	fields of:



1	(i) information processing;
2	(ii) office automation;
3	(iii) telecommunication facilities and networks;
4	(iv) informatics;
5	(v) network administration;
6	(vi) software development; and
7	(vii) fiber optics;
8	(C) the deduction applicant acquires in an arms length
9	transaction from an entity that is not an affiliate of the
10	deduction applicant; and
11	(D) the deduction applicant never used for any purpose in
12	Indiana before the installation described in clause (A).
13	(15) (17) "Deduction applicant" means an owner of tangible
14	personal property who makes a deduction application.
15	(16) (18) "Affiliate" means an entity that effectively controls or is
16	controlled by a deduction applicant or is associated with a
17	deduction applicant under common ownership or control, whether
18	by shareholdings or other means.
19	(17) (19) "Eligible vacant building" means a building that:
20	(A) is zoned for commercial or industrial purposes; and
21	(B) is unoccupied for at least one (1) year before the owner of
22	the building or a tenant of the owner occupies the building, as
23	evidenced by a valid certificate of occupancy, paid utility
24	receipts, executed lease agreements, or any other evidence of
24 25	occupation that the department of local government finance
26	requires.
27	SECTION 6. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2022
28	SECTION 33, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2022, SECTION 1,
29	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE MARCH 18, 2022 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3.5. When
31	used in this article, the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the
32	following:
33	(a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as
34	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as
35	follows:
36	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
37	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
38	(2) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
39	any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
40	Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
41	measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
42	the United States.



1	(3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a
2	joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse
3	one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
4	(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:
5	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the
6	Internal Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017);
7	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of
8	the Internal Revenue Code; and
9	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by
10	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which
11	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income
12	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.
13	(5) Subtract:
14	(A) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the
15	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal
16	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004);
17	(B) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each
18	exemption allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal
19	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2017) for an individual:
20	(i) who is less than nineteen (19) years of age or is a
21	full-time student who is less than twenty-four (24) years of
22	age;
23	(ii) for whom the taxpayer is the legal guardian; and
24	(iii) for whom the taxpayer does not claim an exemption
25	under clause (A); and
26	(C) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount
27	· · ·
28	
29	
30	
31	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· ·
	• •
	<i>;</i>
41	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue C if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint retrist is less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). In the case married individual filing a separate return, the qualify income amount in this clause is equal to twenty thous dollars (\$20,000). This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted unsubdivision (4). (6) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted grincome under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code a recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction adjusted gross income. (7) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted grincome under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts we income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts we

received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement



42

1	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
2	subdivision (1).
3	(8) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
4	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
5	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
6	(9) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
7	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
8	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
9	to subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) shall be reduced to an amount
10	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
11	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
12	(10) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
13	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
14	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
15	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
16	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
17	local income taxes.
18	(11) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
19	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
20	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
21	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums
22	paid during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long
23	term care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer
24	or the taxpayer's spouse if the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse
25	file a joint income tax return or the taxpayer is otherwise entitled
26	to a deduction under this subdivision for the taxpayer's spouse, or
27	both.
28	(13) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
29	(A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), or one
30	thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) in the case of a
31	married individual filing a separate return; or
32	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
33	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
34	principal place of residence.
35	(14) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
36	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's
37	federal adjusted gross income.
38	(15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
39	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
40	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
41	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income

that would have been computed had an election not been made



42

1	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
2	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
3	service.
4	(16) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under
5	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net
6	operating losses).
7	(17) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
8	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
9	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
10	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
11	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
12	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
13	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
14	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
15	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
16	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
17	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
18	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
19	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
20	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
21	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
21 22 23 24 25	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
23	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
24	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
26	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
27	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
28	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
29	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
30	into service.
31	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
32	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
33	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
34	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
35	(18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's
36	qualified military income that was not excluded from the
37	taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under
38	Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.
39	(19) Subtract income that is:
40	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
41	derived from patents); and
42	(B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income



1	under the Internal Revenue Code.
2	(20) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
3	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
4	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
5	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
6	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
7	Revenue Code. Subtract the amount necessary from the adjusted
8	gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted
9	gross income in a previous year to offset the amount included in
10	federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising
11	from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
12	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
13	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
14	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
15	(21) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
16	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
17	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
18	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
19	December 31, 2011.
20	(22) Subtract an amount as described in Section 1341(a)(2) of the
21	Internal Revenue Code to the extent, if any, that the amount was
22	previously included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a
23	prior taxable year.
24	(23) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
25	amount equal to the deduction for deferred foreign income that
26	was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section
27	965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
28	(24) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
29	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
30	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
31	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
32	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
33	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
34	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
35	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
36	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
37	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
38	(25) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
39	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
40	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
41	22, 2017.
42	(26) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and



1	before January 1, 2021, add an amount of the deduction claimed
2	under Section 62(a)(22) of the Internal Revenue Code.
3	(27) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, for
4	payments made by an employer under an education assistance
5	program after March 27, 2020:
6	(A) add the amount of payments by an employer that are
7	excluded from the taxpayer's federal gross income under
8	Section 127(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
9	(B) deduct the interest allowable under Section 221 of the
10	Internal Revenue Code, if the disallowance under Section
11	221(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not apply to the
12	payments described in clause (A). For purposes of applying
13	Section 221(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to the amount
14	allowable under this clause, the amount under clause (A) shal
15	not be added to adjusted gross income.
16	(28) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
17	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
18	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
19	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
20	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
21	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
22	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
23	(29) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and
24	before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the excess
25	business loss of the taxpayer as defined in Section 461(1)(3) of the
26	Internal Revenue Code. In addition:
27	(A) If a taxpayer has an excess business loss under this
28	subdivision and also has modifications under subdivisions (15)
29	and (17) for property placed in service during the taxable year
30	the taxpayer shall treat a portion of the taxable year
31	modifications for that property as occurring in the taxable year
32	the property is placed in service and a portion of the
33	modifications as occurring in the immediately following
34	taxable year.
35	(B) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (15)
36	and (17) for property placed in service during the taxable year
37	treated as occurring in the taxable year in which the property
38	is placed in service equals:
39	(i) the modification for the property otherwise determined
40	* * *
40	under this section; minus
42	(ii) the excess business loss disallowed under this
4 ∠	subdivision;



1	but not less than zero (0).
2	(C) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (15)
3	and (17) for property placed in service during the taxable year
4	treated as occurring in the taxable year immediately following
5	the taxable year in which the property is placed in service
6	equals the modification for the property otherwise determined
7	under this section minus the amount in clause (B).
8	(D) Any reallocation of modifications between taxable years
9	under clauses (B) and (C) shall be first allocated to the
10	modification under subdivision (15), then to the modification
11	under subdivision (17).
12	(30) Add an amount equal to the amount excluded from federal
13	gross income under Section 108(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue
14	Code. For purposes of this subdivision:
15	(A) if an amount excluded under Section 108(f)(5) of the
16	Internal Revenue Code would be excludible under Section
17	108(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, the exclusion
18	under Section 108(a)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code shall
19	take precedence; and
20	(B) if an amount would have been excludible under Section
21	108(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on January
22	1, 2020, the amount is not required to be added back under
23	this subdivision.
24	(31) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
25 26	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
26	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136),
27	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
28	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
29	116-260); and
30	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
31	(32) Subtract the amount of an annual grant amount distributed to
32	a taxpayer's Indiana education scholarship account under
33	IC 20-51.4-4-2 that is used for a qualified expense (as defined in
34	IC 20-51.4-2-9) or to an Indiana enrichment scholarship account
35	under IC 20-52 that is used for qualified expenses (as defined in
36	IC 20-52-2-6), to the extent the distribution used for the qualified
37	expense is included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross
38	income under the Internal Revenue Code.
39	(33) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
10	before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the amount of
1 1	unemployment compensation excluded from federal gross income
12	under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.



1	(34) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
2	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
3	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
4	(34) (35) Subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is entitled to
5	deduct under IC 6-3-2.
6	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
7	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
8	follows:
9	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
10	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
11	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
12	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
13	Code (concerning charitable contributions).
14	(3) Except as provided in subsection (c), add an amount equal to
15	any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to
16	Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or
17	measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of
18	the United States.
19	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
20	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
21	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
22	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
23	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
24	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
25	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
26	that would have been computed had an election not been made
27	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
28	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
29	service.
30	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
31	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
32	losses).
33	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
34	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
35	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
36	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
37	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
38	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
39	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
40	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal

Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:

(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent



41

42

1	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
2	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
3	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
4	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
5	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
6	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
7	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
8	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
9	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
0	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
1	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
2	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
3	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
4	into service.
5	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
6	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
7	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
8	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
9	(8) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20:
0.0	(A) the amount of intangible expenses (as defined in
1	IC 6-3-2-20) for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's
	taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal
22 23 24 25 26	Revenue Code) for federal income tax purposes; and
4	(B) any directly related interest expenses (as defined in
25	IC 6-3-2-20) that reduced the corporation's adjusted gross
6	income (determined without regard to this subdivision). For
27	purposes of this clause, any directly related interest expense
8.	that constitutes business interest within the meaning of Section
9	163(j) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be considered to
0	have reduced the taxpayer's federal taxable income only in the
1	first taxable year in which the deduction otherwise would have
2	been allowable under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
3	Code if the limitation under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal
4	Revenue Code did not exist.
5	(9) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as
6	defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to
7	shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined
8	in section 34.5 of this chapter).
9	(10) Subtract income that is:
-0	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
-1	derived from patents); and
-2	(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the



1	Internal Revenue Code.
2	(11) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
3	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
4	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
5	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
6	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
7	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
8	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
9	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
10	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
11	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
12	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
13	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
14	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
15	(12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
16	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
17	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
18	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
19	December 31, 2011.
20	(13) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016:
21	(A) for a corporation other than a real estate investment trust,
22	add:
23	(i) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer
24	on IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
25	(ii) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
26	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
27	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
28	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal
29	Revenue Code; and
30	(B) for a real estate investment trust, add an amount equal to
31	the deduction for deferred foreign income that was claimed by
32	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 965(c) of the
33	Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that the taxpayer
34	included income pursuant to Section 965 of the Internal
35	Revenue Code in its taxable income for federal income tax
36	purposes or is required to add back dividends paid under
37	subdivision (9).
38	(14) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
39	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
40	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
41	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the

amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the



42

1	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
2	Internal Revenue Code.
3	(15) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
4	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
5	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
6	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
7	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
8	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
9	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
10	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
11	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
12	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
13	(16) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
14	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
15	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
16	22, 2017.
17	(17) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
18	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
19	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
20	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
21	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
22	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
23	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
24	(18) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
25	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
26	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136),
27	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
28	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
29	116-260); and
30	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
31	(19) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
32	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
33	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
34	(19) (20) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
35	(A) required to add or subtract; or
36	(B) entitled to deduct;
37	under IC 6-3-2.
38	(c) The following apply to taxable years beginning after December
39	31, 2018, for purposes of the add back of any deduction allowed on the
40	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes, as provided in
41	subsection (a)(2) if the taxpayer is an individual or subsection (b)(3) if
42	the taxpayer is a corporation:



1	(1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and
2	before January 1, 2020, a taxpayer is required to add back under
3	this section eighty-seven and five-tenths percent (87.5%) of any
4	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
5	wagering taxes.
6	(2) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and
7	before January 1, 2021, a taxpayer is required to add back under
8	this section seventy-five percent (75%) of any deduction allowed
9	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
10	(3) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and
11	before January 1, 2022, a taxpayer is required to add back under
12	this section sixty-two and five-tenths percent (62.5%) of any
13	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
14	wagering taxes.
15	(4) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and
16	before January 1, 2023, a taxpayer is required to add back under
17	this section fifty percent (50%) of any deduction allowed on the
18	taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
19	(5) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, and
20	before January 1, 2024, a taxpayer is required to add back under
21	this section thirty-seven and five-tenths percent (37.5%) of any
22	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
	wagering taxes.
24	(6) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023, and
23 24 25	before January 1, 2025, a taxpayer is required to add back under
26	this section twenty-five percent (25%) of any deduction allowed
27	on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for wagering taxes.
28	(7) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2024, and
29	before January 1, 2026, a taxpayer is required to add back under
30	this section twelve and five-tenths percent (12.5%) of any
31	deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
32	wagering taxes.
33	(8) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025, a
34	taxpayer is not required to add back under this section any amount
35	of a deduction allowed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
36	for wagering taxes.
37	(d) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section
38	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana
39	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined
10	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
11	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
12	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.



1	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
2	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
3	charitable contributions).
4	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
5	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
6	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
7	level by any state.
8	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
9	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Interna
10	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
1	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
12	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
13	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in ar
14	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
15	that would have been computed had an election not been made
16	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
17	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
18	service.
19	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
20	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
21	losses).
22	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
23	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
23 24 25	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
25	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
26	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have beer
27	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no
28	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
29	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Interna
30	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
31	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the exten
32	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
33	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
34	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
35	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
36	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:
37	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
38	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
39	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
10	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
11	loss under Section 1021 of the Internal Devenue Code: and



2022(ts)

(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under

1	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
2	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
3	into service.
4	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
5	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
6	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
7	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
8	(8) Subtract income that is:
9	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
10	derived from patents); and
1	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
12	the Internal Revenue Code.
13	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
14	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
15	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
16	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
17	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
18	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
19	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
20	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
21	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
22	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
23 24	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
24	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
25	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
26	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under
27	Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
28	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
29	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
30	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
31	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
32	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
33	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
34	December 31, 2011.
35	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:
36	(A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on
37	IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
38	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
39	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
10	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
11	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
12	Code.



1	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
2	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
3	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
4	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
5	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
6	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
7	Internal Revenue Code.
8	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
9	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
10	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
11	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
12	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
13	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
14	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
15	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
16	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
17	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
18	(15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
19	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
20	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
21	22, 2017.
21 22 23	(16) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
23	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
24	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
25	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
26	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
27	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
28	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
29	(17) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
30	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
31	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136).
32	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
33	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
34	116-260); and
35	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
36	(18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
37	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
38	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
39	(18) (19) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
40	(A) required to add or subtract; or
41	(B) entitled to deduct;
42	under IC 6-3-2



1	(e) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section
2	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the
3	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Interna
4	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
5	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
6	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
7	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
8	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning
9	charitable contributions).
10	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
11	under Section 805 or Section 832(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
12	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
13	level by any state.
14	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
15	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Interna
16	Revenue Code (concerning foreign tax credits).
17	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
18	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
19	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in ar
20	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
21	that would have been computed had an election not been made
22	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
23	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
24	service.
25	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
26	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
27	losses).
28	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
29	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
30	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
31	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
32	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have beer
33	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no
34	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
35	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Interna
36	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
37	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the exten
38	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
39	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
40	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
41	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
42	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:



1	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
2	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
3	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
4	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
5	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
6	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
7	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
8	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
9	into service.
10	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
11	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
12	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
13	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
14	(8) Subtract income that is:
15	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
16	derived from patents); and
17	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
18	the Internal Revenue Code.
19	(9) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
20	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
21	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
22	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
23	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
24	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
25	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
26	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
27	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
28	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
29	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
30	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
31	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
32	(10) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income under
33	Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
34	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
35	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
36	(11) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
37	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
38	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
39	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
40	December 31, 2011.
41	(12) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add:
42	(A) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayer on
74	(11) an amount equal to the amount reported by the taxpayor on



1	IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement, line 1; or
2	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
3	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's
4	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
5	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
6	Code.
7	(13) Add an amount equal to the deduction that was claimed by
8	the taxpayer for the taxable year under Section 250(a)(1)(B) of the
9	Internal Revenue Code (attributable to global intangible
10	low-taxed income). The taxpayer shall separately specify the
11	amount of the reduction under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the
12	Internal Revenue Code and under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(ii) of the
13	Internal Revenue Code.
14	(14) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
15	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
16	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
17	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
18	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
19	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
20	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
21	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
22 23 24 25	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
23	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
24	(15) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
26	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
27	22, 2017.
28	(16) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
29	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
30	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
31	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
32	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
33	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
34	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
35	(17) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
36	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
37	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136),
38	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
39	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
40	116-260); and
41	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
42	(18) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,



1	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
2	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
3	(18) (19) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
4	(A) required to add or subtract; or
5	(B) entitled to deduct;
6	under IC 6-3-2.
7	(f) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for
8	trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)
9	adjusted as follows:
10	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
11	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
12	(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
13	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal
14	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September
15	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim
16	of the September 11 terrorist attack.
17	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
18	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
19	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
20	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
21	that would have been computed had an election not been made
22	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
23	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
22 23 24 25 26 27	service.
25	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
26	172 of the Internal Revenue Code (concerning net operating
27	losses).
28	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
29	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
30	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
31	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
32	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
33	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
34	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
35	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
36	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding the sum of:
37	(A) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to the extent
38	deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code
39	were not elected as provided in clause (B); and
40	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
41	deductions elected under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
12	Code on property acquired in an exchange if:



1	(i) the exchange would have been eligible for
2	nonrecognition of gain or loss under Section 1031 of the
3	Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017;
4	(ii) the exchange is not eligible for nonrecognition of gain or
5	loss under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
6	(iii) the taxpayer made an election to take deductions under
7	Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code with regard to the
8	acquired property in the year that the property was placed
9	into service.
10	The amount of deductions allowable for an item of property
11	under this clause may not exceed the amount of adjusted gross
12	income realized on the property that would have been deferred
13	under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January 1, 2017.
14	(6) Subtract income that is:
15	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7 (certain income
16	derived from patents); and
17	(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the
18	Internal Revenue Code.
19	(7) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
20	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
21	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
22	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
23	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
24	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
25	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
26	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
27	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
28	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
29	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
30	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
31	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
32	(8) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under
33	Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on
34	an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political
35	subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after
36	December 31, 2011.
37	(9) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, add an
38	amount equal to:
39	(A) the amount reported by the taxpayer on IRC 965
40	Transition Tax Statement, line 1;
41	(B) if the taxpayer deducted an amount under Section 965(c)
42	of the Internal Revenue Code in determining the taxpayer's



1 2	taxable income for purposes of the federal income tax, the
3	amount deducted under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue
4	Code; and
	(C) with regard to any amounts of income under Section 965
5	of the Internal Revenue Code distributed by the taxpayer, the
6	deduction under Section 965(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
7	attributable to such distributed amounts and not reported to the
8	beneficiary.
9	For purposes of this article, the amount required to be added back
10	under clause (B) is not considered to be distributed or
11	distributable to a beneficiary of the estate or trust for purposes of
12	Sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.
13	(10) Subtract any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
14	taxable year but not deducted as a result of the limitation imposed
15	under Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. Add any
16	interest expense paid or accrued in a previous taxable year but
17	allowed as a deduction under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
18	Code in the current taxable year. For purposes of this subdivision,
19	an interest expense is considered paid or accrued only in the first
20	taxable year the deduction would have been allowable under
21	Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code if the limitation under
	Section 163(j)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code did not exist.
23	(11) Add an amount equal to the deduction for qualified business
24	income that was claimed by the taxpayer for the taxable year
22 23 24 25 26	under Section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code.
26	(12) Subtract the amount that would have been excluded from
27	gross income but for the enactment of Section 118(b)(2) of the
28	Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after December
29	22, 2017.
30	(13) Add an amount equal to the remainder of:
31	(A) the amount allowable as a deduction under Section 274(n)
32	of the Internal Revenue Code; minus
33	(B) the amount otherwise allowable as a deduction under
34	Section 274(n) of the Internal Revenue Code, if Section
35	274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code was not in effect
36	for amounts paid or incurred after December 31, 2020.
37	(14) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, and
38	before January 1, 2021, add an amount equal to the excess
39	business loss of the taxpayer as defined in Section 461(1)(3) of the
10	Internal Revenue Code. In addition:
11 11	(A) If a taxpayer has an excess business loss under this
12	subdivision and also has modifications under subdivisions (3)
ı <u>~</u>	savary isloit and also has invaling anons under subdivisions (3)



1	and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable year,
2	the taxpayer shall treat a portion of the taxable year
3	modifications for that property as occurring in the taxable year
4	the property is placed in service and a portion of the
5	modifications as occurring in the immediately following
6	taxable year.
7	(B) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (3)
8	and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable year
9	treated as occurring in the taxable year in which the property
10	is placed in service equals:
l 1	(i) the modification for the property otherwise determined
12	under this section; minus
13	(ii) the excess business loss disallowed under this
14	subdivision;
15	but not less than zero (0).
16	(C) The portion of the modifications under subdivisions (3)
17	and (5) for property placed in service during the taxable year
18	treated as occurring in the taxable year immediately following
19	the taxable year in which the property is placed in service
20	equals the modification for the property otherwise determined
21	under this section minus the amount in clause (B).
22	(D) Any reallocation of modifications between taxable years
23 24 25	under clauses (B) and (C) shall be first allocated to the
24	modification under subdivision (3), then to the modification
25	under subdivision (5).
26	(15) For taxable years ending after March 12, 2020, subtract an
27	amount equal to the deduction disallowed pursuant to:
28	(A) Section 2301(e) of the CARES Act (Public Law 116-136),
29	as modified by Sections 206 and 207 of the Taxpayer Certainty
30	and Disaster Relief Tax Act (Division EE of Public Law
31	116-260); and
32	(B) Section 3134(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.
33	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022,
34	subtract an amount equal to the deduction disallowed under
35	Section 280C(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.
36	(16) (17) Add or subtract any other amounts the taxpayer is:
37	(A) required to add or subtract; or
38	(B) entitled to deduct;
39	under IC 6-3-2.
10	(g) Subsections (a)(34), (b)(19), (d)(18), (e)(18), or (f)(16) (a)(35),
11	(b)(20), (d)(19), (e)(19), or (f)(17) may not be construed to require an
12	add back or allow a deduction or exemption more than once for a



1	particular add back, deduction, or exemption.
2	(h) For taxable years beginning after December 25, 2016, if:
3	(1) a taxpayer is a shareholder, either directly or indirectly, in a
4	corporation that is an E&P deficit foreign corporation as defined
5	in Section 965(b)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the
6	earnings and profit deficit, or a portion of the earnings and profit
7	deficit, of the E&P deficit foreign corporation is permitted to
8	
9	reduce the federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable
10	income of the taxpayer, the deficit, or the portion of the deficit,
	shall also reduce the amount taxable under this section to the
11	extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code, however, in no
12	case shall this permit a reduction in the amount taxable under
13	Section 965 of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of this
14	section to be less than zero (0); and
15	(2) the Internal Revenue Service issues guidance that such an
16	income or deduction is not reported directly on a federal tax
17	return or is to be reported in a manner different than specified in
18	this section, this section shall be construed as if federal adjusted
19	gross income or federal taxable income included the income or
20	deduction.
21	(i) If a partner is required to include an item of income, a deduction,
22	or another tax attribute in the partner's adjusted gross income tax return
23	pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5, such item shall be considered to be includible
24	in the partner's federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable
25	income, regardless of whether such item is actually required to be
26	reported by the partner for federal income tax purposes. For purposes
27	of this subsection:
28	(1) items for which a valid election is made under IC 6-3-4.5-6,
29	IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9 shall not be required to be included
30	in the partner's adjusted gross income or taxable income; and
31	(2) items for which the partnership did not make an election under
32	IC 6-3-4.5-6, IC 6-3-4.5-8, or IC 6-3-4.5-9, but for which the
33	partnership is required to remit tax pursuant to IC 6-3-4.5-18,
34	shall be included in the partner's adjusted gross income or taxable
35	income.
36	SECTION 7. IC 6-3-4.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2022,
37	SECTION 41, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.138-2022, SECTION 6,
38	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. The following definitions apply



41

42

throughout this chapter:

2022(ts)

(1) "Adjustment year" means the partnership taxable year described in Section 6225(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1	(2) "Administrative adjustment request" means an administrative
2	adjustment request filed by a partnership under Section 6227 of
3	the Internal Revenue Code.
4	(3) "Affected year" means any taxable year for a taxpayer that is
5	affected by an adjustment under this chapter, regardless of
6	whether the partnership has received an adjustment for that
7	taxable year.
8	(4) "Audited partnership" means a partnership subject to a
9	partnership level audit resulting in a federal adjustment.
10	(5) "Corporate partner" means a partner that is subject to the state
11	adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3-2-1(b) IC 6-3-2-1(c) or
12	the financial institutions tax under IC 6-5.5-2-1. In the case of a
13	partner that is a corporation described in IC 6-3-2-2.8(2) that also
14	is subject to tax under $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{6-3-2-1}{b}$, $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{6-3-2-1}{c}$, the
15	corporation is a corporate partner only to the extent that its
16	income is subject to tax under IC 6-3-2-1(b). IC 6-3-2-1(c).
17	(6) "Direct partner" means a partner that holds an interest directly
18	in a partnership or pass through entity.
19	(7) "Exempt partner" means a partner that is exempt from the
20	adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(1) or the financial
21	institutions tax under IC 6-5.5-2-7(4), except to the extent of
22	unrelated business taxable income.
23	(8) "Federal adjustment" means a change to an item or amount
24	determined under the Internal Revenue Code or a change to any
25	other tax attribute that is used by a taxpayer to compute state
26	adjusted gross income taxes or financial institutions tax owed,
27	whether that change results from action by the Internal Revenue
28	Service, including a partnership level audit, or the filing of an
29	amended federal return, a federal refund claim, or an
30	administrative adjustment request by the taxpayer. A federal
31	adjustment is positive to the extent that it increases state adjusted
32	gross income as determined under IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5 and is
33	negative to the extent that it decreases state adjusted gross income
34	as determined under IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5.
35	(9) "Federal adjustment reports" includes methods or forms
36	required by the department for use by a taxpayer to report final
37	federal adjustments for purposes of this chapter, including an
38	amended Indiana tax return, information return, or uniform
39	multistate report.

(10) "Federal partnership representative" means a person the

partnership designates for the taxable year as the partnership's

representative, or the person the Internal Revenue Service has



40

41

42

1	appointed to act as the federal partnership representative,
2	pursuant to Section 6223(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
3	(11) "Final determination date" means the following:
4	(A) Except as provided in clause (B) or (C), if the federal
5	adjustment arises from an Internal Revenue Service audit or
6	other action by the Internal Revenue Service, the final
7	determination date is the date on which the federal adjustment
8	is a final determination under IC 6-3-4-6(d).
9	(B) For federal adjustments arising from an Internal Revenue
10	Service audit or other action by the Internal Revenue Service,
11	if the taxpayer filed as a member of a consolidated tax return
12	filed under IC 6-3-4-14, a combined return filed under
13	IC 6-3-2-2 or IC 6-5.5-5-1, or a return combined by the
14	department under IC 6-3-2-2(p), the final determination date
15	means the first date on which no related federal adjustments
16	arising from that audit remain to be finally determined, as
17	described in clause (A), for the entire group.
18	(C) If the federal adjustment results from filing an amended
19	federal return, a federal refund claim, or an administrative
20	adjustment request, the final determination date means the day
21	on which the amended return, refund claim, administrative
	adjustment request, or other similar report was filed.
23	(12) "Final federal adjustment" means a federal adjustment after
24	the final determination date for that federal adjustment has
22 23 24 25 26	passed.
26	(13) "Indirect partner" means a partner in a partnership or pass
27	through entity that itself holds an interest directly, or through
28	another indirect partner, in a partnership or pass through entity.
29	(14) "Internal Revenue Code" has the meaning set forth in
30	IC 6-3-1-11.
31	(15) "Nonresident partner" has the meaning provided in
32	IC 6-3-4-12(n).
33	(16) "Partner" means a person or entity that holds an interest
34	directly or indirectly in a partnership or other pass through entity.
35	(17) "Partner level adjustments report" means a report provided
36	by a partnership to its partners as a result of a department action
37	with regard to the partnership. A partner level adjustments report
38	does not include an amended statement provided by a partnership
39	or other entity as a result of an adjustment reported by the
10	partnership.
1 1	(18) "Partnership" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-19.
12	(19) "Partnership level audit" means an examination by the



1	Internal Revenue Service at the partnership level under Sections
2	6221 through 6241 of the Internal Revenue Code, as enacted by
3	the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015, Public Law 114-74, which
4	results in federal adjustments.
5	(20) "Partnership return" means a return required to be filed by a
6	partnership pursuant to IC 6-3-4-10. In the case of a partnership
7	that is required to withhold tax or file a composite return pursuant
8	to IC 6-3-4-12 or IC 6-5.5-2-8, the term also includes the returns
9	or schedules required for tax withholding or composite filing.
10	(21) "Pass through entity" means an entity defined in IC 6-3-1-35,
11	other than a partnership, that is not subject to tax under IC 6-3.
12	(22) "Reallocation adjustment" means a federal adjustment
13	resulting from a partnership level audit or an administrative
14	adjustment request that changes the shares of one (1) or more
15	items of partnership income, gain, loss, expense, or credit
16	allocated to direct partners. A positive reallocation adjustment
17	means the portion of a reallocation adjustment that would
18	increase federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable income
19	for one (1) or more direct partners, and a negative reallocation
20	adjustment means the portion of a reallocation adjustment that
21	would decrease federal adjusted gross income or federal taxable
22	income for one (1) or more direct partners, according to Section
23	6225 of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations under that
24	section.
25	(23) "Resident partner" means a partner that is not a nonresident
26	partner.
27	(24) "Review year" means the taxable year of a partnership that
28	is subject to a partnership level audit, an administrative
29	adjustment request, or an amended federal return that results in
30	federal adjustments, regardless of whether any federal tax
31	determined to be due is the responsibility of the partnership or
32	partners.
33	(25) "Statement" means a form or schedule prescribed by the
34	department through which a partnership or pass through entity
35	reports tax attributes to its owners or beneficiaries.
36	(26) "Tax attribute" means any item of income, deduction, credit,
37	receipts for apportionment, or other amount or status that
38	determines a partner's liability under IC 6-3, IC 6-3.6, or IC 6-5.5.
39	(27) "Taxable year" means, in the case of a partnership, the year
40	or partial year for which a partnership files a return for state and
41	federal purposes and, in the case of a partner, the taxable year in

which the partner reports tax attributes from the partnership.



42

1	(28) "Taxpayer" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-15 (in the
2	case of the adjusted gross income tax) and IC 6-5.5-1-17 (in the
3	case of the financial institutions tax) and, unless the context
4	clearly indicates otherwise, includes a partnership subject to a
5	partnership level audit or a partnership that has made an
6	administrative adjustment request, as well as a tiered partner of
7	that partnership.
8	(29) "Tiered partner" means any partner that is a partnership or
9	pass through entity.
0	(30) "Unrelated business taxable income" has the meaning set
1	forth in Section 512 of the Internal Revenue Code.
2	SECTION 8. IC 6-3-4.5-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2022,
3	SECTION 46, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.138-2022, SECTION 7,
4	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 9. (a) Partnerships and partners
6	shall report final federal adjustments arising from a partnership level
7	audit or an administrative adjustment request and make payments as
8	required under this section.
9	(b) Final federal adjustments subject to the requirements of this
0.0	section, except those subject to a properly made election under
1	subsection (c), shall be reported as follows:
22	(1) Not later than the applicable deadline, the partnership shall:
23 24	(A) file an amended partnership return for the review year and
	any other taxable year affected by the final federal adjustments
25 26	with the department as provided in section 8 of this chapter
26	and provide any other information required by the department;
27	(B) notify each of its direct partners of their distributive share
8.	of the final federal adjustments as provided in section 8 of this
9	chapter for all affected taxable years for which the partnership
0	filed an amended partnership return by an amended statement
1	or a report in the form and manner prescribed by the
2	department; and
3	(C) file an amended composite return for direct partners and
4	an amended withholding return for direct partners for the
5	review year and any affected taxable years as otherwise
6	required by IC 6-3-4-12 or IC 6-5.5-2-8 and pay any tax due
7	for the taxable years.
8	(2) Each direct partner that is subject to tax under IC 6-3,
9	IC 6-3.6, or IC 6-5.5 shall, on or before the applicable deadline:
0	(A) file an amended return as provided in section 8 of this
-1	chapter reporting their distributive share of the adjustments
-2	reported to them under subdivision (1)(B) for the taxable year



the direct partner as provided in section 8 of this chapter; and
(B) pay any additional amount of tax due as if final federal
partnership adjustments had been properly reported, less any
credit for related amounts paid or withheld and remitted on
behalf of the direct partner.
(3) Each tiered partner shall treat any final federal partnership
adjustments under this section in a manner consistent with the
treatment of tiered partners under section 8 of this chapter.
(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), an audited partnership
making an election under this subsection shall:
(1) not later than the applicable deadline, file an amended
partnership return for the review year and for any other affected
taxable year elected by the audited partnership, including
information as required by the department, and notify the
department that it is making the election under this subsection;
and
(2) not later than ninety (90) days after the applicable deadline,
pay an amount, determined as follows, in lieu of taxes owed by its
direct or indirect partners:
(A) Exclude from final federal adjustments the distributive
share of these adjustments reported to a direct exempt partner
that is not unrelated business income.
(B) For the total distributive shares of the remaining final
federal adjustments reported to direct corporate partners and
to direct exempt partners, apportion and allocate such
adjustments as provided under IC 6-3-2-2 or IC 6-3-2-2.2 (in
the case of the adjusted gross income tax) or IC 6-5.5-4 (in the
case of the financial institutions tax), and multiply the
resulting amount by the tax rate for the taxable year under
<i>IC</i> 6-3-2-1(b), <i>IC</i> 6-3-2-1(c), <i>IC</i> 6-3-2-1.5, or <i>IC</i> 6-5.5-2-1, as
applicable.
(C) For the total distributive shares of the remaining final
federal adjustments reported to nonresident direct partners
other than tiered partners or corporate partners, determine the
amount of such adjustments which is Indiana source income
under IC 6-3-2-2 or IC 6-3-2-2.2, and multiply the resulting
amount by the tax rate under $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{$
if applicable IC 6-3.6. If a partnership is unable to determine
whether a nonresident is subject to tax under IC 6-3.6, or to
determine in what county the nonresident is subject to tax
under IC 6-3.6, tax shall also be imposed at the highest rate for



2	which a county imposes a tax under IC 6-3.6 for the taxable
2	year.
3	(D) For the total distributive shares of the remaining final
4	federal adjustments reported to tiered partners:
5	(i) determine the amount of any adjustment that is of a type
6	that it would be subject to sourcing in Indiana under
7	IC 6-3-2-2, IC 6-3-2-2.2, or IC 6-5.5-4, as applicable, and
8	determine the portion of this amount that would be sourced
9	to Indiana;
10	(ii) determine the amount of any adjustment that is of a type
11	that it would not be subject to sourcing to Indiana by a
12	nonresident partner under IC 6-3-2-2, IC 6-3-2-2.2, or
13	IC 6-5.5-4, as applicable;
14	(iii) determine the portion of the amount determined under
15	item (ii) that can be established, as prescribed by the
16	department by rule under IC 4-22-2, to be properly allocable
17	to nonresident indirect partners or other partners not subject
18	to tax on the adjustments; and
19	(iv) multiply the sum of the amounts determined in items (i)
20	and (ii) reduced by the amount determined in item (iii) by
21	the highest combined rate for the <i>review taxable</i> year under
22	IC 6-3-2-1(a) IC 6-3-2-1(b) and IC 6-3.6 for any county, the
22 23 24	rate under $\frac{1}{1}$ C $\frac{6-3-2-1}{b}$, $\frac{1}{1}$ C $\frac{6-3-2-1}{c}$, or the rate under
	6-5.5-2-1 for the taxable year, whichever is highest.
25	(E) For the total distributive shares of the remaining final
26	federal adjustments reported to resident individual, estate, or
27	trust direct partners, multiply that amount by the tax rate under
28	IC 6-3-2-1(a) IC 6-3-2-1(b) and IC 6-3.6. If a partnership does
29	not reasonably ascertain the county of residence for an
30	individual direct partner, the rate under IC 6-3.6 for that
31	partner shall be treated as the highest rate imposed in any
32	county under IC 6-3.6 for the taxable year.
33	(F) Add an amount equal to any credit reduction under
34	IC 6-3-3, IC 6-3.1, and IC 6-5.5 attributable as a result of
35	final federal adjustments.
36	(F) (G) Add the amounts determined in clauses (B), (C),
37	(D)(iv), and (E), and (F). For purposes of determining interest
38	and penalties, the due date of payment shall be the due date of
39	the partnership's return under IC 6-3-4-10 for the taxable year,
40	determined without regard to any extensions.
41	If a partnership has made an election under this chapter to report and
42	remit all tax otherwise due at the partnership level for a taxable year,



	55
1	the partnership shall be considered to have made a timely election
2	under this subsection with regard to any changes arising from an
3	amended return under this section for that taxable year.
4	(d) Final federal adjustments subject to an election under subsection
5	(c) shall not include:
6	(1) the distributive share of final federal adjustments that would
7	constitute income derived from a partnership to any direct or
8	indirect partner that is a corporation taxable under IC 6-3-2-1(b),
9	IC 6-3-2-1(c), IC 6-3-2-1.5, or IC 6-5.5-2-1 and is considered
10	unitary to the partnership:

- (2) any final federal adjustments resulting from an administrative adjustment request; or
- (3) any other circumstances that the department determines would result in avoidance or evasion of any tax otherwise due from one
- (1) or more partners under IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5.
- (e) Notwithstanding IC 6-3-4-11, an audited partnership not otherwise subject to any reporting or payment obligations to Indiana that makes an election under subsection (c) consents to be subject to Indiana law related to reporting, assessment, payment, and collection of Indiana tax calculated under the election.

SECTION 9. IC 6-3-4.5-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2022, SECTION 50, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.138-2022, SECTION 8, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 18. (a) If a partnership or tiered partner is required to issue a report, issue an amended statement, or issue other information to a partner, owner, or beneficiary under this chapter, and does not issue such report, statement, or information within the period such issuance is required under this chapter, the partnership or tiered partner shall be liable for any tax that otherwise may be due from the partner, owner, or beneficiary, notwithstanding any other provision in IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5. The tax rate under this section shall be computed at the highest rate for the taxable year under:

- (1) IC 6-3-2-1(a), IC 6-3-2-1(b), plus the highest rate imposed in any county under IC 6-3.6;
- (2) IC 6-3-2-1(b); IC 6-3-2-1(c); or
- (3) IC 6-5.5-2-1;

unless the partnership or tiered partner can establish that a lower rate should apply, the partnership or tiered partner has made an election to be subject to tax under sections 6, 8, or 9 of this chapter, or to the extent the partnership, tiered partner, or the department can determine that the tax was otherwise properly reported and remitted. Such tax shall be considered to be due on the due date of the partnership's or



11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

1	tiered partner's return for the taxable year, determined without regard
2	to extensions.
3	(b) If a partnership or tiered partner issues the report, amended
4	statement, or other information:
5	(1) to an address that the partnership or tiered partner knows or
6	reasonably should know is incorrect; or
7	(2) if the report, amended statement, or other information not
8	described in subdivision (1) is returned and the partnership or
9	tiered partner:
10	(A) fails to take reasonable steps to determine a proper address
11	for reissuance within thirty (30) days after the report, amended
12	statement, or other information is returned; or
13	(B) takes such steps and fails to reissue the report, amended
14	statement, or other information to a proper address within
15	thirty (30) days after the report, amended statement, or other
16	information is returned;
17	such report, amended statement, or other information shall be
18	considered to have not been issued for purposes of this section.
19	(c) The department may issue a proposed assessment under this
20	section not later than three (3) years after the department receives a
21	return or amended return from the partnership or tiered partner for
22	which the partnership or tiered partner fails to issue reports, amended
23	statements, or other information, or from the date a partnership is
24	required to issue partner level adjustments reports to its partners.
25	(d) If:
26	(1) a direct or indirect partner files and remits the tax otherwise
27	due under this section, the assessment to the partnership or tiered
28	partner under this section shall be reduced by the portion of the
29	tax attributable to the direct or indirect partner; and
30	(2) a partnership or tiered partner files and remits the tax under
31	this section, such tax shall be treated as payment of tax to the
32	direct or indirect partners. However, in no event shall the direct
33	or indirect partners be permitted a refund of tax paid by a
34	partnership or tiered partner under this section unless otherwise
35	permitted under this chapter or IC 6-8.1-9-1.
36	(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve a partnership
37	or tiered partner from any duty to issue a report, amended statement, or
38	other information otherwise required under this chapter or under any
39	other provision of IC 6-3 or IC 6-5.5. If a partnership or tiered partner
40	issues a report, amended statement, or other information provided
41	under this chapter after the date otherwise required for issuance, the
42	department may grant relief to any tiered partner, direct partner, or



indirect partner affected by the late issuance, including extension of applicable deadlines.

SECTION 10. IC 8-23-20-25.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.97-2022, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 25.6. (a) As used in this section, "market area" means a point within the same county as the prior location of an outdoor advertising sign.

- (b) This section applies only to an outdoor advertising sign located along the interstate and primary system, as defined in 23 U.S.C. 131(t) on June 1, 1991, or any other highway where control of outdoor advertising signs is required under 23 U.S.C. 131.
- (c) If an outdoor advertising sign is no longer visible or becomes obstructed, or must be moved or removed, due to a noise abatement or safety measure, grade changes, construction, directional sign, highway widening, or aesthetic improvement made by any agency of the state along the interstate and primary system or any other highway, the owner or operator of the outdoor advertising sign, to the extent allowed by federal or state law, may:
 - (1) elevate a conforming outdoor advertising sign; or
 - (2) relocate a conforming or nonconforming outdoor advertising sign to a point within the market area, if the new location of the outdoor advertising sign complies with the applicable spacing requirements and is located in land zoned for commercial or industrial purposes or unzoned areas used for commercial or industrial purposes.
- (d) If within one (1) year of an action being filed under IC 32-24, an owner can demonstrate that the owner has made good faith efforts to relocate a conforming or nonconforming outdoor advertising sign to a conforming location within the market area, but the owner has not obtained a new conforming location, the outdoor advertising sign will be treated as if it cannot be relocated within the market area. Notwithstanding subsection (e) and IC 8-23-20.5, if an outdoor advertising sign cannot be elevated or relocated to a conforming location and elevation within the market area, the removal or relocation of the outdoor advertising sign constitutes a taking of a property interest and the owner must be compensated under section 27 of this chapter. Notwithstanding subsections (d) and (g), if a conforming outdoor advertising sign cannot be elevated or relocated within the market area, the removal or relocation of the conforming outdoor advertising sign constitutes a total taking of a real property interest, including the sign structure, and the owner must be compensated under section 27 of this chapter.



1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
4 5 6 7 8 9
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
1)
20
20 21
20 21 22
20 21 22 23
20 21 22 23 24
20 21 22 23 24 25
20 21 22 23 24 25 26
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38

- (e) The county or municipality, under IC 36-7-4, may, if necessary, provide for the elevation or relocation by ordinance for a special exception to the zoning ordinance of the county or municipality.
- (f) The elevated outdoor advertising sign or outdoor advertising sign to be relocated, to the extent allowed by federal or state law, may be modified:
 - (1) to elevate the sign to make the entire advertising content of the sign visible;
 - (2) to an angle to make the entire advertising content of the sign visible; and
 - (3) in size or material type, at the expense of:
 - (A) the owner, if the modification in size or material type of the outdoor advertising sign is by choice of the owner; or
 - (B) the department, if the modification in size or material type of the outdoor advertising sign is required for the outdoor advertising sign to comply with IC 22-13.
- (g) This section does not exempt an owner or operator of a sign from submitting to the department any application or fee required by law.
- (h) At least twelve (12) months before the filing of an eminent domain action to acquire an outdoor advertising sign under IC 32-24, the department must provide written notice to the representative of the sign owner identified on the outdoor advertising sign permit that is on file with the Indiana department of transportation that a project has been planned that may impact the outdoor advertising sign.
- (i) If the agency fails to provide notice required by subsection (h) within twelve (12) months of an action being filed against an owner under IC 32-24, the owner may receive reasonable compensation for losses associated with the failure to receive timely notice. However, failure to send notice required by subsection (h) is not a basis of an objection to a proceeding under IC 32-24-1-8.

SECTION 11. IC 16-19-3-27.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.143-2022, SECTION 27, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2022, SECTION 4, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 27.5. (a) As used in this section, "technology new to Indiana" (referred to in this section as "TNI") means sewage treatment or disposal methods, processes, or equipment that are not described in the administrative rules of the state department or the executive board concerning residential onsite sewage systems (410 IAC 6-8.3) or commercial onsite sewage systems (410 IAC 6-10.1).

(b) The state department shall establish and maintain a technical review panel consisting of individuals with technical or scientific



39

40

41

42

1	knowledge relating to offsite sewage systems. The technical review
	panel shall:
3	(1) decide under subsection (f) whether to approve:
4	(A) proprietary residential wastewater treatment devices; and
5	(B) proprietary commercial wastewater treatment devices;
6	for general use in Indiana;
7	(2) biannually review the performance of residential septic
8	systems and commercial onsite sewage systems;
9	(3) assist the state department in developing standards and
10	guidelines for proprietary residential wastewater treatment
11	devices and proprietary commercial wastewater treatment
12	devices; and
13	(4) assist the executive board and the state department in updating
14	rules adopted under sections section 4 and 5 of this chapter
15	concerning residential septic systems and commercial onsite
16	sewage systems.
17	(c) The technical review panel shall include the following:
18	(1) A member of the staff of the state department, who shall serve
19	as the chair.
20	(2) A local health department environmental health specialist
21	appointed by the governor.
22	(3) An Indiana professional engineer registered under IC 25-31-1
23	representing the American Council of Engineering Companies.
24	(4) A representative of the Indiana Builders Association.
25	(5) An Indiana registered professional soil scientist (as defined in
26	IC 25-31.5-1-6) representing the Indiana Registry of Soil
27	Scientists.
28	(6) A representative of an Indiana college or university with a
29	specialty in engineering, soil science, environmental health, or
30	biology appointed by the governor.
31	(7) A representative of the Indiana Onsite Wastewater
32	Professionals Association.
33	(8) An Indiana onsite sewage system contractor appointed by the
34	governor.
35	(9) A representative of the Indiana State Building and
36	Construction Trades Council.
37	All members of the technical review panel are voting members.
38	(d) In the case of a tie vote of the technical review panel, the
39	technical review panel shall, not more than seven (7) days after the day
40	of the tie vote:
41	(1) contact the applicant by phone call and by mail; and
42	(2) request more information or provide an explanation of how the



1	applicant can modify the application to make it more complete.
2	The technical review panel shall review any new information provided
3	by the applicant and vote again on the application not more than thirty
4	(30) days after receiving the information.
5	(e) The technical review panel shall do the following:
6	(1) Receive applications for the approval of TNI for general use
7	in:
8	(A) residential septic systems under sections 4 and 5 of this
9	chapter, section 27 of this chapter and IC 16-41-25; and
10	(B) commercial onsite sewage systems under sections 4 and $\frac{5}{2}$
11	of this chapter, section 27 of this chapter and IC 16-19-3.5.
12	(2) Meet at least four (4) times per year to review applications
13	described in subdivision (1).
14	(3) Notify each person who submits an application described in
15	subdivision (1):
16	(A) that the person's application has been received by the
17	technical review panel; and
18	(B) of whether the application is complete;
19	not later than thirty (30) days after the technical review panel
20	receives the application.
21	(4) Inform each person who submits an application described in
22 23 24 25	subdivision (1) of:
23	(A) a tentative decision of the technical review panel; or
24	(B) the technical review panel's final decision under
	subsection (f);
26	concerning the application not more than ninety (90) days after
27	the technical review panel notifies the person under subdivision
28	(3) that the panel has received the person's application.
29	(f) In response to each application described in subsection (e)(1),
30	the technical review panel shall make, and inform the applicant of, one
31	(1) of the following final decisions:
32	(1) That the TNI to which the application relates is approved for
33	general use in Indiana.
34	(2) That the TNI to which the application relates is approved for
35	use in Indiana with certain conditions, which may include:
36	(A) a requirement that the TNI be used initially only in a pilot
37	project;
38	(B) restrictions on the number or type of installations of the
39	TNI;
10	(C) sampling and analysis requirements for TNI involving or
1 1	comprising a secondary treatment system;
12.	(D) requirements relating to training concerning the TNI:



1	(E) requirements concerning the operation and maintenance of
2	the TNI; or
3	(F) other requirements.
4	(3) That the TNI to which the application relates is approved on
5	a project-by-project basis.
6	(4) That the TNI is not approved for use in Indiana, which must
7	be accompanied by a statement of the reason for the decision.
8	(g) If the technical review panel makes a decision under subsection
9	(f)(4) that the TNI is not approved for use in Indiana, the applicant
10	may:
l 1	(1) submit a new application to the technical review panel under
12	this section; or
13	(2) file a petition for review of the technical review panel's
14	decision under IC 4-21.5-3.
15	(h) If the technical review panel fails to notify a person who submits
16	an application of the technical review panel's tentative decision or final
17	recommendation within ninety (90) days after receiving the application
18	as required by subsection (e)(4), the person who submitted the
19	application may use the TNI to which the application relates in a single
20	residential septic system or commercial onsite sewage system, as if the
21	TNI had been approved only for use in a pilot project.
22	(i) The technical review panel shall decide that the TNI to which an
23	application relates is approved for general use in Indiana if:
24	(1) the TNI has been certified as meeting the NSF/ANSI 40
24 25	Standard;
26	(2) a proposed Indiana design and installation manual for the TNI
27	is submitted with the permit application; and
28	(3) the technical review panel certifies that the proposed Indiana
29	design and installation manual meets the vertical and horizontal
30	separation, sizing, and soil loading criteria of the state
31	department.
32	(j) Subsection (k) applies if:
33	(1) a particular TNI meets the requirements of NSF/ANSI 40,
34	NSF/ANSI 245, or NSF/ANSI 350;
35	(2) the proposed Indiana design and installation manual for the
36	TNI meets the vertical and horizontal separation, sizing, and soil
37	loading criteria of the state department; and
38	(3) an Indiana professional engineer registered under IC 25-31-1
39	prepares site specific plans for the use of the TNI for a residential
10	or commercial application.
11	(k) In a case described in subsection (j):
12	(1) if the TNI is to be used in a residential application, the site



1	specific plans prepared under subsection (j)(3), after being
2	submitted to the local health department of the county, city, or
3	multiple county unit in which the TNI would be installed, may be
4	approved by the local health department within the period set
5	forth in IC 16-41-25-1(a); and
6	(2) if the TNI is to be used in a commercial application, the site
7	specific plans prepared under subsection (j)(3) shall be approved
8	by the state department upon submission of the site specific plans.
9	(l) A local health department may not refuse an application for a
0	permit for the construction or installation of a residential onsite
1	sewage system (as defined in IC 16-41-25-0.4) solely because the
2	residential onsite sewage system has not been used previously in the
3	jurisdiction of the local health department or is unfamiliar to the local
4	health department, if either of the following apply:
5	(1) The residential onsite sewage system has been approved by
6	the technical review panel under this section for general use in
7	Indiana.
8	(2) The residential onsite sewage system:
9	(A) is based on one (1) or more sewage treatment or disposal
20	methods or processes; or
21	(B) incorporates equipment;
22	approved by the technical review panel under this section for
23	general use in Indiana.
.3 .4	SECTION 12. IC 16-41-25-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2022,
2.5	SECTION 119, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2022, SECTION 7,
26	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) The state department shall
28	adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that provide for a reasonable period not
.9	exceeding thirty (30) days in which a plan review and permit for a
0	residential <i>septic systems</i> onsite sewage system must be approved or
1	disapproved.
2	(b) This subsection applies to a county with a population of more
3	than eighty thousand (80,000) and less than eighty thousand four
4	hundred (80,400). As used in this subsection, "fill soil" means soil
5	transported and deposited by humans or soil recently transported and
6	deposited by natural erosion forces. A rule that the state department
7	adopts concerning the installation of residential <i>septic</i> onsite sewage
8	systems in fill soil may not prohibit the installation of a residential
9	septic onsite sewage system in fill soil on a plat if:
0	(1) before the effective date of the rule, the plat of the affected lot
1	was recorded:

(2) there is not an available sewer line within seven hundred fifty



42

1	(750) feet of the property line of the affected lot; and
2	(3) the local health department determines that the soil, although
3	fill soil, is suitable for the installation of a residential septic onsite
4	sewage system.
5	SECTION 13. IC 20-28-9-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.134-2022,
6	SECTION 2, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2022, SECTION 15,
7	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1.5. (a) This subsection governs
9	salary increases for a teacher employed by a school corporation.
10	Compensation attributable to additional degrees or graduate credits
11	earned before the effective date of a local compensation plan created
12	under this chapter before July 1, 2015, shall continue for school years
13	beginning after June 30, 2015. Compensation attributable to additional
14	degrees for which a teacher has started course work before July 1,
15	2011, and completed course work before September 2, 2014, shall also
16	continue for school years beginning after June 30, 2015. For school
17	years beginning after June 30, 2015, 2022, a school corporation may
18	provide a supplemental payment to a teacher in excess of the salary
19	specified in the school corporation's compensation plan. under any of
20	the following circumstances:
21	(1) The teacher:
22	(A) teaches an advanced placement course or a Cambridge
23	International course; or
24	(B) has earned a master's degree from an accredited
25	postsecondary educational institution in a content area
26	directly related to the subject matter of:
27	(i) a dual credit course; or
28	(ii) another course;
29	taught by the teacher.
30	(2) Beginning after June 30, 2018, the teacher:
31	(A) is a special education professional; or
32	(B) teaches in the areas of science, technology, engineering,
33	or mathematics.
34	(3) Beginning after June 30, 2019, the teacher teaches a career
35	or technical education course.
36	In addition, a supplemental payment may be made to an elementary
37	school teacher who earns a master's degree in math, reading, or
38	literacy. A supplement provided under this subsection is not subject to
39	collective bargaining but a discussion of the supplement must be held.
40	Such a supplement is in addition to any increase permitted under
41	subsection (b).
42	(b) Increases or increments in a local salary range must be based



1	upon a combination of the following factors:
2	(1) A combination of the following factors taken together may
3	account for not more than fifty percent (50%) of the calculation
4	used to determine a teacher's increase or increment:
5	(A) The number of years of a teacher's experience.
6	(B) The possession of either:
7	(i) additional content area degrees beyond the requirements
8	for employment; or
9	(ii) additional content area degrees and credit hours beyond
10	the requirements for employment, if required under an
1	agreement bargained under IC 20-29.
12	(2) The results of an evaluation conducted under IC 20-28-11.5.
13	(3) The assignment of instructional leadership roles, including the
14	responsibility for conducting evaluations under IC 20-28-11.5.
15	(4) The academic needs of students in the school corporation.
16	(c) To provide greater flexibility and options, a school corporation
17	may differentiate the amount of salary increases or increments
18	determined for teachers. A school corporation shall base a
19	differentiated amount under this subsection on reasons the school
20	corporation determines are appropriate, which may include the:
21	(1) subject or subjects including the subjects described in
22	subsection (a)(2), taught by a given teacher;
23 24 25 26	(2) importance of retaining a given teacher at the school
24	corporation; and
25	(3) need to attract an individual with specific qualifications to fill
26	a teaching vacancy; and
27	(4) offering of a new program or class.
28	(d) A school corporation may provide differentiated increases or
29	increments under subsection (b), and in excess of the percentage
30	specified in subsection (b)(1), in order to:
31	(1) reduce the gap between the school corporation's minimum
32	teacher salary and the average of the school corporation's
33	minimum and maximum teacher salaries; or
34	(2) allow teachers currently employed by the school corporation
35	to receive a salary adjusted in comparison to starting base salaries
36	of new teachers.
37	(e) Except as provided in subsection (f), a teacher rated ineffective
38	or improvement necessary under IC 20-28-11.5 may not receive any
39	raise or increment for the following year if the teacher's employment
10	contract is continued. The amount that would otherwise have been
11	allocated for the salary increase of teachers rated ineffective or
12	improvement necessary shall be allocated for compensation of all



teachers rated effective and highly effective based on the criteria in subsection (b).

- (f) Subsection (e) does not apply to a teacher in the first two (2) full school years that the teacher provides instruction to students in elementary school or high school. If a teacher provides instruction to students in elementary school or high school in another state, any full school year, or its equivalent in the other state, that the teacher provides instruction counts toward the two (2) full school years under this subsection.
- (g) A teacher who does not receive a raise or increment under subsection (e) may file a request with the superintendent or superintendent's designee not later than five (5) days after receiving notice that the teacher received a rating of ineffective. The teacher is entitled to a private conference with the superintendent or superintendent's designee.
- (h) The Indiana education employment relations board established in IC 20-29-3-1 shall publish a model compensation plan with a model salary range that a school corporation may adopt.
- (i) Each school corporation shall submit its local compensation plan to the Indiana education employment relations board. For a school year beginning after June 30, 2015, a local compensation plan must specify the range for teacher salaries. The Indiana education employment relations board shall publish the local compensation plans on the Indiana education employment relations board's Internet web site.
- (j) The Indiana education employment relations board shall review a compensation plan for compliance with this section as part of its review under IC 20-29-6-6.1. The Indiana education employment relations board has jurisdiction to determine compliance of a compensation plan submitted under this section.
- (k) This chapter may not be construed to require or allow a school corporation to decrease the salary of any teacher below the salary the teacher was earning on or before July 1, 2015, if that decrease would be made solely to conform to the new compensation plan.
- (l) After June 30, 2011, all rights, duties, or obligations established under IC 20-28-9-1 before its repeal are considered rights, duties, or obligations under this section.
- (m) An employment agreement described in IC 20-28-6-7.3 between an adjunct teacher and a school corporation is not subject to this section.
- SECTION 14. IC 20-30-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2022, SECTION 3, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.139-2022, SECTION 14, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EEEECTIVE II II V 1 2022], Co. A (a) C. Li - 44 14i - 1/2 (a)
1 2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) Subject to subsection (b), (c), if a school corporation fails to conduct the minimum number of student
3	instructional days during a school year as required under section 3 of
4	this chapter, the department shall reduce the August tuition support
5	distribution to that school corporation for a school year by an amount
6	distribution to that school corporation for a school year by an amount determined as follows:
7	STEP ONE: Determine the remainder of:
8	(A) the amount of the total tuition support allocated to the
9	school corporation for the particular school year; minus
10	(B) that part of the total tuition support allocated to the school
11	corporation for that school year with respect to student
12	instructional days one hundred seventy-six (176) through one
13	hundred eighty (180).
14	STEP TWO: Subtract the number of student instructional days
15	that the school corporation conducted from one hundred eighty
16	(180).
17	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of five (5) or the remainder
18	determined under STEP TWO.
19	STEP FOUR: Divide the amount subtracted under STEP ONE (B)
20	by five (5).
21	STEP FIVE: Multiply the quotient determined under STEP FOUR
22	by the number determined under STEP THREE.
23	STEP SIX: Subtract the number determined under STEP THREE
24	from the remainder determined under STEP TWO.
25	STEP SEVEN: Divide the remainder determined under STEP
26	ONE by one hundred seventy-five (175).
27	STEP EIGHT: Multiply the quotient determined under STEP
28	SEVEN by the remainder determined under STEP SIX.
29	STEP NINE: Add the product determined under STEP FIVE to
30	the product determined under STEP EIGHT.
31	(b) If the total amount of state tuition support that a school
32	corporation receives or will receive during a school year decreases
33	under this section by an amount that is equal to or more than two
34	hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) from the amount the school
35	corporation would otherwise be eligible to receive during the school
36	year as determined under IC 20-43, the budget committee shall review
37	the amount of and the reason for the decrease before implementation
38	of the decrease.
39	(b) (c) If fewer than all of the schools in a school corporation fail
40	to conduct the minimum number of student instructional days during

a school year as required under section 3 of this chapter, the reduction

in August tuition support required by this section shall take into



41

42

1	account only the schools in the school corporation that failed to
2	conduct the minimum number of student instructional days and only
3	the grades for which the required number of student instructional days
4	was not conducted.
5	SECTION 15. IC 25-22.5-1-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2022
6	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1.1. As used in this article:
8	(a) "Practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine" means any one
9	(1) or a combination of the following:
10	(1) Holding oneself out to the public as being engaged in:
11	(A) the diagnosis, treatment, correction, or prevention of any
12	disease, ailment, defect, injury, infirmity, deformity, pain, or
13	other condition of human beings;
14	(B) the suggestion, recommendation, or prescription of
15	administration of any form of treatment, without limitation;
16	(C) the performing of any kind of surgical operation upon a
17	human being, including tattooing (except for providing a tattoo
18	as defined in IC 35-45-21-4(a)), in which human tissue is cut
19	burned, or vaporized by the use of any mechanical means
20	laser, or ionizing radiation, or the penetration of the skin or
21	body orifice by any means, for the intended palliation, relief
22	or cure; or
23	(D) the prevention of any physical, mental, or functiona
24	ailment or defect of any person.
25	(2) The maintenance of an office or a place of business for the
26	reception, examination, or treatment of persons suffering from
27	disease, ailment, defect, injury, infirmity, deformity, pain, or other
28	conditions of body or mind.
29	(3) Attaching to a name, either alone or in connection with other
30	words, the designation or term:
31	(A) "doctor of medicine";
32	(B) "M.D.";
33	(C) "doctor of osteopathy";
34	(D) "D.O.";
35	(E) "physician";
36	(F) "osteopath";
37	(G) "osteopathic medical physician";
38	(H) "surgeon";
39	(I) "physician and surgeon";
40	(J) "anesthesiologist";
41	(K) "cardiologist";
42	(L) "dermatologist";



1	(M) endocrinologist;
2 3	(N) "gastroenterologist";
	(O) "gynecologist";
4	(P) "hematologist";
5	(Q) "internist";
6	(R) "laryngologist";
7	(S) "nephrologist";
8	(T) "neurologist";
9	(U) "obstetrician";
10	(V) "oncologist";
11	(W) "ophthalmologist";
12	(X) "orthopedic surgeon";
13	(Y) "orthopedist";
14	(Z) "otologist";
15	(AA) "otolaryngologist";
16	(BB) "otorhinolaryngologist";
17	(CC) "pathologist";
18	(DD) "pediatrician";
19	(EE) "primary care physician";
20	(FF) "proctologist";
21	(GG) "psychiatrist";
22	(HH) "radiologist";
23	(II) "rheumatologist";
24	(JJ) "rhinologist";
25	(KK) "urologist";
26	(LL) "medical doctor";
27	(MM) "family practice physician"; or
28	(NN) "physiatrist".
29	This subdivision does not apply to a practitioner if the practitione
30	has a special area of practice and the practitioner uses the
31	following format: "[The name or title of the practitioner's
32	profession] specializing in [name of specialty]".
33	(4) Nothing in subdivision (3) prevents the following:
34	(A) A practitioner from using the name or title of the
35	practitioner's profession that is allowed under the practitioner's
36	practice act or under a law in the Indiana Code.
37	(B) A practitioner who is a chiropractor (as defined in
38	IC 25-10-1-1) and who has attained diplomate status in a
39	chiropractic specialty area recognized by the American
40	Chiropractic Association, International Chiropractic
41	Chiropractors Association, or International Academy o
42	Clinical Neurology before July 1, 2025, from using



1	designation or term included in subdivision (3) in conjunction
2	with the name or title of the practitioner's profession.
3	(C) A practitioner who is a dentist licensed under IC 25-14-
4	and who has completed a dental anesthesiology residence
5	recognized by the American Dental Board of Anesthesiolog
6	before July 1, 2025, from using a designation or term included
7	in subdivision (3) in conjunction with the name or title of the
8	practitioner's profession.
9	(5) Providing diagnostic or treatment services to a person in
0	Indiana when the diagnostic or treatment services:
1	(A) are transmitted through electronic communications; and
2	(B) are on a regular, routine, and nonepisodic basis or unde
3	an oral or written agreement to regularly provide medica
4	services.
5	In addition to the exceptions described in section 2 of this chapter
6	a nonresident physician who is located outside Indiana does no
7	practice medicine or osteopathy in Indiana by providing a second
8	opinion to a licensee or diagnostic or treatment services to a
9	patient in Indiana following medical care originally provided to
0.	the patient while outside Indiana.
1	(b) "Board" refers to the medical licensing board of Indiana.
	(c) "Diagnose or diagnosis" means to examine a patient, parts of
23	patient's body, substances taken or removed from a patient's body, o
22 23 24	materials produced by a patient's body to determine the source o
25	nature of a disease or other physical or mental condition, or to hold
26	oneself out or represent that a person is a physician and is so examining
27	a patient. It is not necessary that the examination be made in the
28	presence of the patient; it may be made on information supplied eithe
9	directly or indirectly by the patient.
0	(d) "Drug or medicine" means any medicine, compound, o
1	chemical or biological preparation intended for internal or external use
2	of humans, and all substances intended to be used for the diagnosis
3	cure, mitigation, or prevention of diseases or abnormalities of humans
4	which are recognized in the latest editions published of the United
5	States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary, or otherwise established
6	as a drug or medicine.
7	(e) "Licensee" means any individual holding a valid unlimited
8	license issued by the board under this article.
9	(f) "Prescribe or prescription" means to direct, order, or designate
0	the use of or manner of using a drug, medicine, or treatment, by spoker
-1	or written words or other means and in accordance with IC 25-1-9.3.
2	(a) "Physician" means any person who holds the degree of doctor of



	d who holds a
2 valid unlimited license to practice medicine or osteopath	nic medicine in
3 Indiana.	
4 (h) "Medical school" means a nationally accredit	_
5 medicine or of osteopathic medicine approved by the b	oard.
6 (i) "Physician assistant" means an individual who:	
7 (1) has a collaborative agreement with a physician	
8 (2) graduated from an approved physician assi	stant program
9 described in IC 25-27.5-2-2;	
0 (3) passed the examination administered by	
1 Commission on Certification of Physician Assista	ants (NCCPA)
and maintains certification; and	
3 (4) has been licensed by the physician assistant co	mmittee under
4 IC 25-27.5.	
5 (j) "Agency" refers to the Indiana professional lic	ensing agency
6 under IC 25-1-5.	
7 (k) "INSPECT program" means the Indiana schedule	ed prescription
8 electronic collection and tracking program established by	y IC 25-1-13-4.
9 SECTION 16. IC 32-22-3-4, AS ADDED BY	P.L.156-2022,
SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	[EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in sect	tion 0.5 of this
chapter, after June 30, 2022, a foreign business entity m	nay not acquire
by grant, purchase, devise, descent, or otherwise any ag located within Indiana for the purposes of crop farm	gricultural land
located within Indiana for the purposes of crop farm	ning or timber
5 production.	
(b) Except as provided in section 0.5 of this chap	pter, a foreign
business entity that acquired agricultural land located	within Indiana
for the purposes of crop farming or timber production	before July 1,
29 2022, may not grant, sell, or otherwise transfer the agric	cultural land to
any other foreign business entity for the purposes of cr	rop farming or
timber production after June 30, 2022.	
2 SECTION 17. IC 33-24-6-3, AS AMENDED BY	P.L.105-2022,
SECTION 43, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.147-2022	2, SECTION 4,
4 IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ A	S FOLLOWS
5 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 3. (a) The offi	ce of judicial
6 administration shall do the following:	
(1) Examine the administrative and business metho	ds and systems
8 employed in the offices of the clerks of court and	d other offices
9 related to and serving the courts and make recomm	
necessary improvement.	
(2) Collect and compile statistical data and other i	information on
(2) Concet and compile statistical data and other h	



1	supreme court, judges of the court of appeals, judges of all trial
2	courts, and any city or town courts, whether having general or
3	special jurisdiction, court clerks, court reporters, and other
4	officers and employees of the courts shall, upon notice by the
5	chief administrative officer and in compliance with procedures
6	prescribed by the chief administrative officer, furnish the chief
7	administrative officer the information as is requested concerning
8	the nature and volume of judicial business. The information must
9	include the following:
10	(A) The volume, condition, and type of business conducted by
11	the courts.
12	(B) The methods of procedure in the courts.
13	(C) The work accomplished by the courts.
14	(D) The receipt and expenditure of public money by and for
15	the operation of the courts.
16	(E) The methods of disposition or termination of cases.
17	(3) Prepare and publish reports, not less than one (1) or more than
18	two (2) times per year, on the nature and volume of judicial work
19	performed by the courts as determined by the information
20	required in subdivision (2).
21	(4) Serve the judicial nominating commission and the judicial
22	qualifications commission in the performance by the commissions
22 23	of their statutory and constitutional functions.
24	(5) Administer the civil legal aid fund as required by IC 33-24-12.
25	(6) Administer the court technology fund established by section
26	12 of this chapter.
27	(7) By December 31, 2013, develop and implement a standard
28	protocol for sending and receiving court data:
29	(A) between the protective order registry, established by
30	IC 5-2-9-5.5, and county court case management systems;
31	(B) at the option of the county prosecuting attorney, for:
32	(i) a prosecuting attorney's case management system;
33	(ii) a county court case management system; and
34	(iii) a county court case management system developed and
35	operated by the office of judicial administration;
36	to interface with the electronic traffic tickets, as defined by
37	IC 9-30-3-2.5; and
38	(C) between county court case management systems and the
39	case management system developed and operated by the office
40	of judicial administration.
40 41	The standard protocol developed and implemented under this
42	subdivision shall permit private sector vendors, including vendors
τ∠	subdivision shan permit private sector vehicles, including vehicles



1	providing service to a local system and vendors accessing the
2	system for information, to send and receive court information on
2 3	an equitable basis and at an equitable cost, and for a case
4	management system developed and operated by the office of
5	judicial administration, must include a searchable field for the
6	name and bail agent license number, if applicable, of the bail
7	agent or a person authorized by the surety that pays bail for an
8	individual as described in IC 35-33-8-3.2.
9	(8) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving
10	information that relates to certain individuals who may be
11	prohibited from possessing a firearm for the purpose of:
12	(A) transmitting this information to the Federal Bureau of
13	Investigation for inclusion in the NICS; and
14	(B) beginning July 1, 2021, compiling and publishing certain
15	statistics related to the confiscation and retention of firearms
16	as described under section 14 of this chapter.
17	(9) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving
18	drug related felony conviction information from courts. The office
19	of judicial administration shall notify NPLEx of each drug related
20	felony entered after June 30, 2012, and do the following:
21	(A) Provide NPLEx with the following information:
22	(i) The convicted individual's full name.
23	(ii) The convicted individual's date of birth.
24	(iii) The convicted individual's driver's license number, state
25	personal identification number, or other unique number, if
26	available.
27	(iv) The date the individual was convicted of the felony.
28	Upon receipt of the information from the office of judicial
29	administration, a stop sale alert must be generated through
30	NPLEx for each individual reported under this clause.
31	(B) Notify NPLEx if the felony of an individual reported under
32	clause (A) has been:
33	(i) set aside;
34	(ii) reversed;
35	(iii) expunged; or
36	(iv) vacated.
37	Upon receipt of information under this clause, NPLEx shall
38	
39	remove the stop sale alert issued under clause (A) for the individual.
40	
40	(10) After July 1, 2018, establish and administer an electronic
	system for receiving from courts felony or misdemeanor
42	conviction information for each felony or misdemeanor described



1	in IC 20-28-5-8(c). The office of judicial administration shall
2	notify the department of education at least one (1) time each week
3	of each felony or misdemeanor described in IC 20-28-5-8(c)
4	entered after July 1, 2018, and do the following:
5	(A) Provide the department of education with the following
6	information:
7	(i) The convicted individual's full name.
8	(ii) The convicted individual's date of birth.
9	(iii) The convicted individual's driver's license number, state
10	personal identification number, or other unique number, if
11	available.
12	(iv) The date the individual was convicted of the felony or
13	misdemeanor.
14	(B) Notify the department of education if the felony or
15	misdemeanor of an individual reported under clause (A) has
16	been:
17	(i) set aside;
18	(ii) reversed; or
19	(iii) vacated.
20	(11) Perform legal and administrative duties for the justices as
21	determined by the justices.
22	(12) Provide staff support for the judicial conference of Indiana
23	established in IC 33-38-9.
24	(13) Work with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs
25	to identify and address the needs of veterans in the court system.
26	(14) If necessary for purposes of IC 35-47-16-1, issue a retired
27	judicial officer an identification card identifying the retired
28	judicial officer as a retired judicial officer.
29	(15) Establish and administer the statewide juvenile justice data
30	aggregation plan established under section 12.5 of this chapter.
31	(b) All forms to be used in gathering data must be approved by the
32	supreme court and shall be distributed to all judges and clerks before
33	the start of each period for which reports are required.
34	(c) The office of judicial administration may adopt rules to
35	implement this section.
36	SECTION 18. IC 33-34-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2022,
37	SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022, SECTION 59,
38	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 1. (a) The following fees and costs
40	apply to cases in the small claims court:
41	(1) A township docket fee of five dollars (\$5) plus forty-five

percent (45%) of the infraction or ordinance violation costs fee



42

1	under IC 33-37-4-2.
2	(2) The bailiff's service of process by registered or certified mail
3	fee of fifteen dollars (\$15) for each service.
4	(3) The cost for the personal service of process by the bailiff or
5	other process server of fifteen dollars (\$15) for each service.
6	(4) Witness fees, if any, in the amount provided by IC 33-37-10-3
7	to be taxed and charged in the circuit court.
8	(5) A redocketing fee, if any, of five dollars (\$5).
9	(6) A document storage fee under IC 33-37-5-20.
10	(7) An automated record keeping fee under IC 33-37-5-21.
11	(8) A late fee, if any, under IC 33-37-5-22.
12	(9) A public defense administration fee under IC 33-37-5-21.2.
13	(10) A judicial insurance adjustment fee under IC 33-37-5-25.
14	(11) A judicial salaries fee under IC 33-37-5-26.
15	(12) A court administration fee under IC 33-37-5-27.
16	(13) Before July 1, 2022, 2025, a pro bono legal services fee
17	under IC 33-37-5-31.
18	(14) A sheriff's service of process fee under IC 33-37-5-15 for
19	each service of process performed outside Marion County.
20	The docket fee and the cost for the initial service of process shall be
21	paid at the institution of a case. The cost of service after the initial
22 23 24	service shall be assessed and paid after service has been made. The
23	cost of witness fees shall be paid before the witnesses are called.
24	(b) If the amount of the township docket fee computed under
25	subsection (a)(1) is not equal to a whole number, the amount shall be
26 27	rounded to the next highest whole number.
	SECTION 19. IC 34-18-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.69-2022,
28	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	MARCH 13, 2020 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided
30	in subsection (b), for a health care provider to be qualified under this
31	article, the health care provider or the health care provider's insurance
32	carrier shall:
33	(1) cause to be filed with the commissioner proof of financial
34	responsibility established under IC 34-18-4; and
35	(2) pay the surcharge assessed on all health care providers under
36	IC 34-18-5.
37	(b) A health care provider who has a temporary license under
38	IC 25-1-21 IC 25-1-5.7 is qualified under this article while the
39	temporary license is in effect.
40	SECTION 20. IC 34-18-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.69-2022,
41	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	MARCH 13, 2020 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided



1	in subsection (b), the officers, agents, and employees of a health care
2	provider, while acting in the course and scope of their employment,
3	may be qualified under this chapter if the following conditions are met:
4	(1) The officers, agents, and employees are individually named or
5	are members of a named class in the proof of financial
6	responsibility filed by the health care provider under IC 34-18-4.
7	(2) The surcharge assessed under IC 34-18-5 is paid.
8	(b) An officer, agent, or employee of a health care provider who has
9	a temporary license under IC 25-1-21 IC 25-1-5.7 is qualified under
10	this article while the temporary license is in effect.
11	SECTION 21. IC 34-26-5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.159-2022,
12	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), If a
14	court issues:
15	(1) an order for protection ex parte effective for a period
16	described under section 9(f) of this chapter; or
17	(2) a modification of an order for protection ex parte effective for
18	a period described under section 9(f) of this chapter;
19	and provides relief under section 9(c) of this chapter, upon a request by
20	either party at any time after service of the order or modification, the
21	court shall set a date for a hearing on the petition. Except as provided
22	in subsection (c), the hearing must be held not more than thirty (30)
23	days after the request for a hearing is filed unless continued by the
24	court for good cause shown. The court shall notify both parties by first
25	class mail of the date and time of the hearing. A party may only request
26	one (1) hearing on a petition under this subsection.
27	(b) If a court issues:
28	(1) an order for protection ex parte effective for a period
29	described under section 9(g) of this chapter; or
30	(2) a modification of an order for protection ex parte effective for
31	a period described under section 9(g) of this chapter;
32	and provides relief under section 9(c) of this chapter, upon a request by
33	either party not more than thirty (30) days after service of the order or
34	modification, the court shall set a date for a hearing on the petition.
35	Except as provided in subsection (c), the hearing must be held not more
36	than thirty (30) days after the request for a hearing is filed unless
37	continued by the court for good cause shown. The court shall notify
38	both parties by first class mail of the date and time of the hearing. A
39	party may only request one (1) hearing on a petition under this

(c) A court shall set a date for a hearing on the petition not more than thirty (30) days after the filing of the petition if a court issues an



40

41

42

subsection.

1	order for protection ex parte or a modification of an order of protection
2	ex parte and:
3	(1) a petitioner requests or the court provides relief under section
4	9(c)(3), $9(c)(5)$, $9(c)(6)$, $9(c)(7)$, or $9(c)(8)$ of this chapter; or
5	(2) a petitioner requests relief under section 9(d)(2), 9(d)(3), or
6	9(d)(4) of this chapter.
7	The hearing must be given precedence over all matters pending in the
8	court except older matters of the same character.
9	(d) In a hearing under this section:
10	(1) relief under section 9 of this chapter is available; and
11	(2) if a respondent seeks relief concerning an issue not raised by
12	a petitioner, the court may continue the hearing at the petitioner's
13	request.
14	SECTION 22. IC 34-30-2-101.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.149-2022,
15	SECTION 20, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]. Sec.
16	101.7. IC 25-35.6-5-8 (Concerning members, officers, executive
17	director, employees, and representatives of the audiology and
18	speech-language pathology compact commission).
19	SECTION 23. IC 34-30-2.1-53, AS ADDED BY P.L.105-2022,
20	SECTION 12, IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2023]. Sec.
21	53. IC 6-1.1-12-2 (Concerning a closing agent for failure to perform
22	certain tasks for purposes of obtaining a property tax deduction for the
23	property).
24	SECTION 24. IC 34-30-2.1-386.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
25	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022]: Sec. 386.5. IC 25-35.6-5-8 (Concerning
27	members, officers, executive director, employees, and
28	representatives of the audiology and speech-language pathology
29	compact commission).
30	SECTION 25. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2022] (a) The general
31	assembly recognizes that SEA 80-2022 (P.L.105-2022):
32	(1) repeals IC 34-30-2; and
33	(2) relocates the contents of IC 34-30-2 to IC 34-30-2.1;
34	effective July 1, 2022.
35	(b) The general assembly also recognizes that several acts
36	enacted in the 2022 legislative session added new sections to
37	IC 34-30-2 or amended sections within IC 34-30-2. The general
38	assembly intends to repeal IC 34-30-2 effective July 1, 2022. Except
39	as set forth in subsections (c) and (d), conflict resolution between
40	those acts and SEA 80-2022 (P.L.105-2022) was enacted in SEA

(c) SEA 5-2022 (P.L.149-2022) adds IC 34-30-2-101.7 effective



41

42

80-2022 (P.L.105-2022).

1	July 1, 2022. This act:
2	(1) repeals IC 34-30-2-101.7, as added by SEA 5-2022
3	(P.L.149-2022); and
4	(2) relocates the text of that section to a new
5	IC 34-30-2.1-386.5;
6	effective July 1, 2022.
7	(d) HEA 1260-2022 (P.L.174-2022) amends IC 34-30-2-16.6
8	effective January 1, 2023. IC 34-30-2-16.6 was relocated by SEA
9	80-2022 (P.L.105-2022) to IC 34-30-2.1-53 effective July 1, 2022.
10	This bill repeals IC 34-30-2-16.6 effective January 1, 2023, to
11	effectuate the amendment of IC 34-30-2-16.6 intended by HEA
12	1260-2022.
13	(e) This SECTION expires December 31, 2022.
14	SECTION 26. An emergency is declared for this act.

