SB23-169

SENATE FLOOR AMENDMENT

Second Reading

BY SENATOR Mullica

Amend printed bill, strike everything below the enacting clause and substitute:

3 "SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-12-101, add 4 (1)(b.7) and (1)(c.5) as follows:

18-12-101. Peace officer affirmative defense - definitions. (1) As used in this article 12, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (b.7) "FIREARM" MEANS ANY WEAPON, INCLUDING A STARTER GUN, THAT CAN, IS DESIGNED TO, OR MAY READILY BE CONVERTED TO EXPEL A PROJECTILE BY THE ACTION OF AN EXPLOSIVE; THE FRAME OR RECEIVER OF A FIREARM; A FIREARM SILENCER; OR A DESTRUCTIVE DEVICE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-9-101. "FIREARM" DOES NOT INCLUDE AN ANTIQUE FIREARM, AS DEFINED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 921 (a)(16). IN THE CASE OF A LICENSED COLLECTOR, "FIREARM" MEANS ONLY CURIOS AND RELICS. "FIREARM" INCLUDES A WEAPONS PARTS KIT THAT IS DESIGNED TO OR MAY READILY BE COMPLETED, ASSEMBLED, RESTORED, OR OTHERWISE CONVERTED TO EXPEL A PROJECTILE BY THE ACTION OF AN EXPLOSIVE. "FIREARM" DOES NOT INCLUDE A WEAPON, INCLUDING A WEAPONS PARTS KIT, IN WHICH THE FRAME OR RECEIVER OF THE FIREARM, AS DEFINED IN SUBSECTION (1)(c.5) OF THIS SECTION, OR THE WEAPON, IS DESTROYED.
- (c.5) "Frame or receiver of a firearm" means a part of a firearm that, when the complete firearm is assembled, is visible from the exterior and provides housing or a structure designed to hold or integrate one or more fire control components, even if pins or other attachments are required to connect the fire control components. Any part of a firearm imprinted with a serial number is presumed to be a frame or receiver of a firearm, unless the federal bureau of alcohol, tobacco, firearms, and explosives makes an official determination otherwise or there is other reliable evidence to the contrary.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 18-12-108.5 as follows:

- 18-12-108.5. Possession of firearms by persons less than twenty-one years of age prohibited exceptions penalty. (1) (a) Except as provided in this section, it is unlawful for any person who has not attained the age of eighteen years IS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE TO knowingly to have any handgun FIREARM in such person's possession.
- (b) Any person possessing any handgun FIREARM in violation of paragraph (a) of this subsection (1) SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION

commits the offense of illegal possession of a handgun firearm by a juvenile Person less than twenty-one years of age.

- (c) (I) Illegal possession of a handgun by a juvenile FIREARM BY A PERSON LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE is a class 2 misdemeanor.
- (II) For any second or subsequent offense, illegal possession of a handgun by a juvenile FIREARM BY A PERSON LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE is a class 5 felony.
- (d) A person under the age of LESS THAN eighteen years OF AGE who is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer for an offense pursuant to this section must be taken into temporary custody in the manner described in section 19-2.5-305.
 - (2) This section shall DOES not apply to:
- (a) Any A person under the age of eighteen WHO IS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE years OF AGE who is TEMPORARILY POSSESSING A FIREARM FOR THE PURPOSE OF:
- (I) In attendance at Attending a hunter's safety EDUCATION course or a firearms safety course; or
- (II) Engaging in practice in the use of a firearm or target shooting at an established range authorized by the governing body of the jurisdiction in which such range is located or any other area where the discharge of a firearm is not prohibited; or
- (III) Engaging in an organized competition involving the use of a firearm or participating in or practicing for a performance by an organized group under 501 (c)(3) as determined by the federal internal revenue service which THAT uses firearms as a part of such THE performance; or
- (IV) Hunting or trapping pursuant to a valid license issued to such THE person pursuant to article 4 of title 33; C.R.S.; or
- (IV.3) PARTICIPATING IN A BONA FIDE SHOOTING CLASS, TRAINING, OR SANCTIONED EVENT, UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A CERTIFIED PEACE OFFICER OR A PERSON WHO IS TWENTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER AND WHO IS A CERTIFIED HUNTER EDUCATION INSTRUCTOR OR FIREARMS TRAINING INSTRUCTOR; OR
- (IV.5) HUNTING WITH A VALID HUNTING LICENSE AND ACCOMPANIED BY A MENTOR, AS DEFINED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION, WHO HAS A VERIFIED HUNTER EDUCATION CARD, AS REQUIRED BY ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 33 OR RULES PROMULGATED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION; OR
- (IV.6) PARTICIPATING IN AN ACCREDITED GUNSMITHING COURSE IN A STATE-AUTHORIZED INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION; OR
- (V) Traveling with any handgun FIREARM in such THE person's possession being unloaded to or from any activity described in

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- subparagraph (I), (II), (III), or (IV) of this paragraph (a); SUBSECTION (2)(a)(I), (2)(a)(II), (2)(a)(III), (2)(a)(IV), (2)(a)(IV.3), (2)(a)(IV.5), OR (2)(a)(IV.6) OF THIS SECTION; OR
- (b) Any A person under the age of eighteen WHO IS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE years OF AGE who is on real property under the control of such THE person's parent, legal guardian, or grandparent and who has the permission of such THE person's parent or legal guardian to possess a handgun THE FIREARM; OR
- (c) Any person under the age of eighteen years who is at such person's residence and who, with the permission of such THE person's parent or legal guardian, A PERSON WHO possesses a handgun FIREARM for the purpose of exercising the rights contained in section 18-1-704 or section 18-1-704.5 OR FOR THE DEFENSE OF LIVESTOCK; OR
- (d) A PERSON WHO IS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE WHO HAS BEEN ISSUED A HUNTER EDUCATION CARD BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION AS REQUIRED BY TITLE 33 OR RULES PROMULGATED BY THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION; OR
- (e) A PERSON WHO IS AN ACTIVE MEMBER OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES WHILE ON DUTY AND SERVING IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES; OR
- (f) A PERSON WHO IS A PEACE OFFICER, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-2.5-101, WHILE ON DUTY AND SERVING IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE EMPLOYING AGENCY, AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 16-2.5-101AND SECTION 16-2.5-135; OR
- (g) An individual certified by the P.O.S.T. board pursuant to section 16-2.5-102.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2) of this section, a handgun FIREARM is "loaded" if:
- (a) There is a cartridge in the chamber of the handgun FIREARM; or
- (b) There is a cartridge in the cylinder of the handgun FIREARM, if the handgun FIREARM is a revolver; or
- (c) The handgun FIREARM, and the ammunition for such handgun THE FIREARM, is carried on the person of a person under the age of eighteen LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE years OF AGE or is in such close proximity to such person that such person could readily gain access to the handgun FIREARM and the ammunition and load the handgun FIREARM.
 - (4) Repealed.
- **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 18-12-108.7 as follows:
- 18-12-108.7. Unlawfully providing or permitting a juvenile to possess a firearm penalty. (1) (a) Any A person who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly provides a handgun FIREARM, with or without

remuneration, to any person under the age of LESS THAN eighteen years OF AGE in violation of section 18-12-108.5, or any person who knows of such juvenile's conduct which THAT violates section 18-12-108.5 and fails to make reasonable efforts to prevent such violation, commits the crime of unlawfully providing a handgun to a juvenile or permitting a juvenile to possess a handgun FIREARM.

- (b) Unlawfully providing a handgun A FIREARM to a juvenile or permitting a juvenile to possess a handgun FIREARM in violation of this subsection (1) is a class 4 felony.
- (2) (a) Any A person who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly provides a handgun to a juvenile A FIREARM TO A JUVENILE or permits a juvenile to possess a handgun FIREARM, even though such THE person is aware of a substantial risk that such THE juvenile will use a handgun THE FIREARM to commit a felony offense, or who, being aware of such substantial risk, fails to make reasonable efforts to prevent the commission of the offense, commits the crime of unlawfully providing or permitting a juvenile to possess a handgun FIREARM. A person shall be deemed to have violated this paragraph (a) if such VIOLATES THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) IF THE person provides a handgun to or permits the possession of a handgun FIREARM by any A juvenile who has been convicted of a crime of violence, as defined in section 18-1.3-406, or any A juvenile who has been adjudicated a juvenile delinquent for an offense which THAT would constitute a crime of violence, as defined in section 18-1.3-406, if such THE juvenile were an adult.
- (b) Unlawfully providing a handgun to a juvenile A FIREARM TO A JUVENILE or permitting a juvenile to possess a handgun FIREARM in violation of this subsection (2) is a class 4 felony.
- (3) With regard to firearms other than handguns, no person shall sell, rent, or transfer ownership or allow unsupervised possession of a firearm with or without remuneration to any juvenile without the consent of the juvenile's parent or legal guardian. Unlawfully providing a firearm other than a handgun to a juvenile in violation of this subsection (3) is a class 1 misdemeanor.
- (4) It shall IS not be an offense under PURSUANT TO this section if a person believes that a juvenile will physically harm the person if the person attempts to disarm the juvenile or prevent the juvenile from committing a violation of section 18-12-108.5.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-12-112, **add** (2)(e) and (2)(f) as follows:

18-12-112. Private firearms transfers - sale and purchase - background check required - penalty - definitions. (2) (e) A PERSON WHO IS NOT A LICENSED GUN DEALER SHALL NOT MAKE OR FACILITATE THE SALE OF A FIREARM TO A PERSON WHO IS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS

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OF AGE.

(f) It is unlawful for a person who is less than twenty-one years of age to purchase a firearm. This subsection (2)(f) does not apply if:

- (I) THE PERSON IS AN ACTIVE MEMBER OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES WHILE ON DUTY AND SERVING IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES; OR
- (II) The Person is a peace officer, as described in Section 16-2.5-101, while on duty and serving in Conformance with the Policies of the Employing Agency, as set forth in Section 16-2.5-101.

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-12-112.5, **amend** (1) as follows:

18-12-112.5. Firearms transfers by licensed dealers - sale and purchase - background check required - penalty - definitions. (1) (a) It is unlawful for a licensed gun dealer to transfer a firearm to a transferee until the dealer has obtained approval for the firearms transfer from the bureau after the bureau has completed any background check required by state or federal law.

- (a.3) A PERSON WHO IS A LICENSED GUN DEALER SHALL NOT MAKE OR FACILITATE THE SALE OF A FIREARM TO A PERSON WHO IS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE.
- (a.5) It is unlawful for a person who is less than twenty-one years of age to purchase a firearm. This subsection (1)(a.5) does not apply if:
- (I) THE PERSON IS AN ACTIVE MEMBER OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES WHILE ON DUTY AND SERVING IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES; OR
- (II) The Person is a peace officer, as described in Section 16-2.5-101, while on duty and serving in Conformance with the Policies of the Employing Agency, as set forth in Section 16-2.5-101 and Section 16-2.5-135; or
- (III) AN INDIVIDUAL CERTIFIED BY THE P.O.S.T. BOARD PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-2.5-102.
- (b) Transferring OR SELLING a firearm in violation of this subsection (1) is a class 1 misdemeanor.

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-12-108, **amend** (7) introductory portion and (7)(ww) as follows:

18-12-108. Possession of weapons by previous offenders. (7) In addition to a conviction for felony crime as defined in section 24-4.1-302 (1), a felony conviction or adjudication for one of the following felonies prohibits a person from possessing, using, or carrying upon his or her THE person a firearm as defined in section 18-1-901

(3)(h) or any other weapon that is subject to this article 12 pursuant to subsection (1) or (3) of this section:

(ww) Possession of a handgun by a juvenile FIREARM BY PERSONS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE in violation of section 18-12-108.5;

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-1-304, **amend** (5.5) as follows:

19-1-304. Juvenile delinquency records - division of youth services critical incident information - definitions. (5.5) Whenever a petition is filed in juvenile court alleging a class 1, class 2, class 3, or class 4 felony; a level 1, level 2, or level 3 drug felony; an offense involving unlawful sexual behavior as defined in section 16-22-102 (9); a crime of violence as described in section 18-1.3-406; a burglary offense as described in part 2 of article 4 of title 18; felony menacing, in violation of section 18-3-206; harassment, in violation of section 18-9-111; fourth degree arson, in violation of section 18-4-105; aggravated motor vehicle theft, in violation of section 18-4-409; hazing, in violation of section 18-9-124; or possession of a handgun by a juvenile FIREARM BY PERSONS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, in violation of section 18-12-108.5, or when a petition is filed in juvenile court in which the alleged victim of the crime is a student or staff person in the same school as the juvenile or in which it is alleged that the juvenile possessed a deadly weapon during the commission of the alleged crime, the prosecuting attorney, within three working days after the petition is filed, shall make good faith reasonable efforts to notify the principal of the school in which the juvenile is enrolled and shall provide such THE principal with the arrest and criminal records information, as defined in section 24-72-302 (1). In the event the prosecuting attorney, in good faith, is not able to either identify the school that the juvenile attends or contact the principal of the juvenile's school, then the prosecuting attorney shall contact the superintendent of the juvenile's school district.

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2.5-305, **amend** (3)(a)(V) introductory portion and (3)(a)(V)(C) as follows:

19-2.5-305. Detention and shelter - hearing - time limits - findings - review - confinement with adult offenders - restrictions. (3) (a) (V) A court shall not order further detention for a juvenile who is ten years of age and older but less than thirteen years of age unless the juvenile has been arrested or adjudicated for a felony or weapons charge pursuant to section 18-12-102, 18-12-105, 18-12-106, or 18-12-108.5, OR 18-12-108.7. The court shall receive any information having probative value regardless of its admissibility under the rules of evidence. In determining whether a juvenile requires detention, the court shall consider the results of the detention screening instrument. There is a

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rebuttable presumption that a juvenile poses a substantial risk of serious harm to others if:

(C) The juvenile is alleged to have committed possessing a dangerous or illegal weapon, as described in section 18-12-102; possession of a defaced firearm, as described in section 18-12-103; unlawfully carrying a concealed weapon, as described in section 18-12-105; unlawfully carrying a concealed weapon on school, college, or university grounds, as described in section 18-12-105.5; prohibited use of weapons, as described in section 18-12-106; illegal discharge of a firearm, as described in section 18-12-107.5; or illegal possession of a handgun by a juvenile FIREARM BY PERSONS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, as described in section 18-12-108.5.

SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2.5-502, **amend** (5)(a) introductory portion as follows:

19-2.5-502. Petition initiation - petition form and content. (5) (a) Pursuant to section 19-1-126, in those delinquency proceedings to which the federal "Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978", 25 U.S.C. sec. 1901 et seq., as amended, applies, including but not limited to status offenses such as the illegal possession or consumption of ethyl alcohol or marijuana by an underage person or illegal possession of marijuana paraphernalia by an underage person, as described in section 18-13-122, and possession of handguns by juveniles A FIREARM BY PERSONS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, as described in section 18-12-108.5, the petition must:

SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-2.5-1203, **amend** (5)(b)(VII) and (5)(b)(VIII) as follows:

19-2.5-1203. Juvenile parole - hearing panels - definition. (5) (b) Subsection (5)(a) of this section allowing for extension of the period of parole applies to juveniles committed to the department of human services due to an adjudication for one or more of the following offenses:

(VII) Felony illegal possession of a handgun by a juvenile FIREARM BY PERSONS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, as described in section 18-12-108.5, that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult;

(VIII) Misdemeanor illegal possession of a handgun by a juvenile FIREARM BY PERSONS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, as described in section 18-12-108.5, that would constitute a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, if the juvenile PERSON WHO IS LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE is contemporaneously committed to the department of human services for an offense that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult; or

SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-424,

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amend (3)(b.3)(IX) and (3)(b.3)(X); and repeal (3)(b.3)(XI) as follows:

24-33.5-424. National instant criminal background check system - state point of contact - fee - grounds for denial of firearm transfer - appeal - rule-making - unlawful acts - instant criminal background check cash fund - creation. (3) (b.3) In addition to the grounds for denial specified in subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b) of this section, the bureau shall deny a transfer of a firearm if the prospective transferee has been convicted of any of the following offenses committed on or after June 19, 2021, if the offense is classified as a misdemeanor, or if the prospective transferee has been convicted in another state or jurisdiction, including a military or federal jurisdiction, of an offense that, if committed in Colorado, would constitute any of the following offenses classified as a misdemeanor offense, within five years prior to the transfer:

- (IX) Cruelty to animals, as described in section 18-9-202 (1)(a) and (1.5); OR
- (X) Possession of an illegal weapon, as described in section 18-12-102 (4). or
- (XI) Unlawfully providing a firearm other than a handgun to a juvenile, as described in section 18-12-108.7 (3).

SECTION 11. Severability. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

SECTION 12. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.".

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